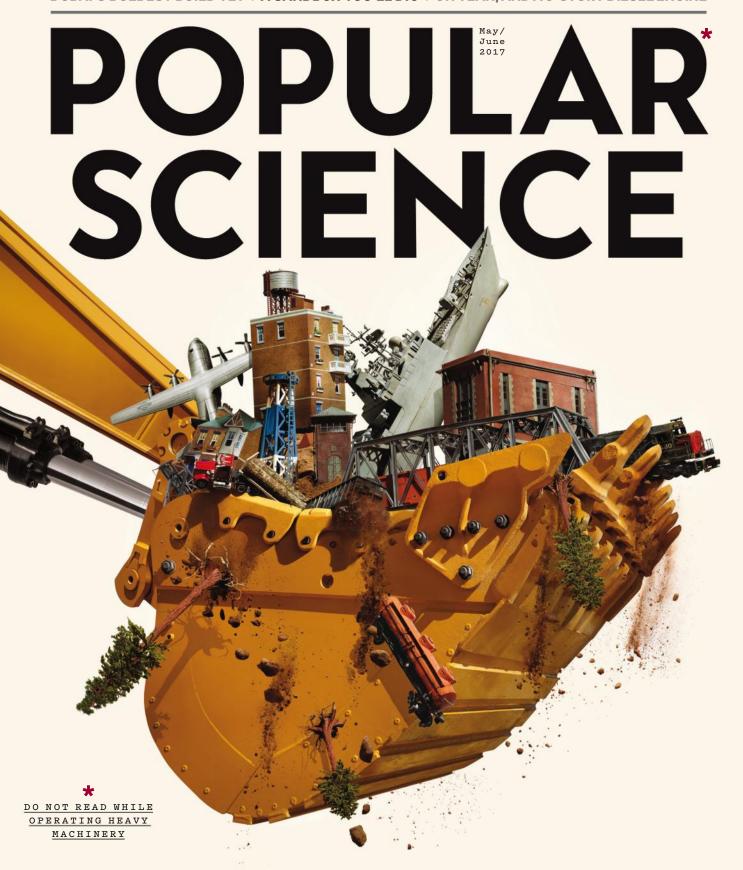
## WE BIG MACHINES

A BRIEF HISTORY OF PICKUP TRUCKS + TREBUCHETS FOR DAYS + WHERE WARSHIPS COME FROM DUBAI'S BOLDEST BUILD YET + A SANDBOX YOU'LL DIG + OH YEAH, AND A 5-STORY DIESEL ENGINE



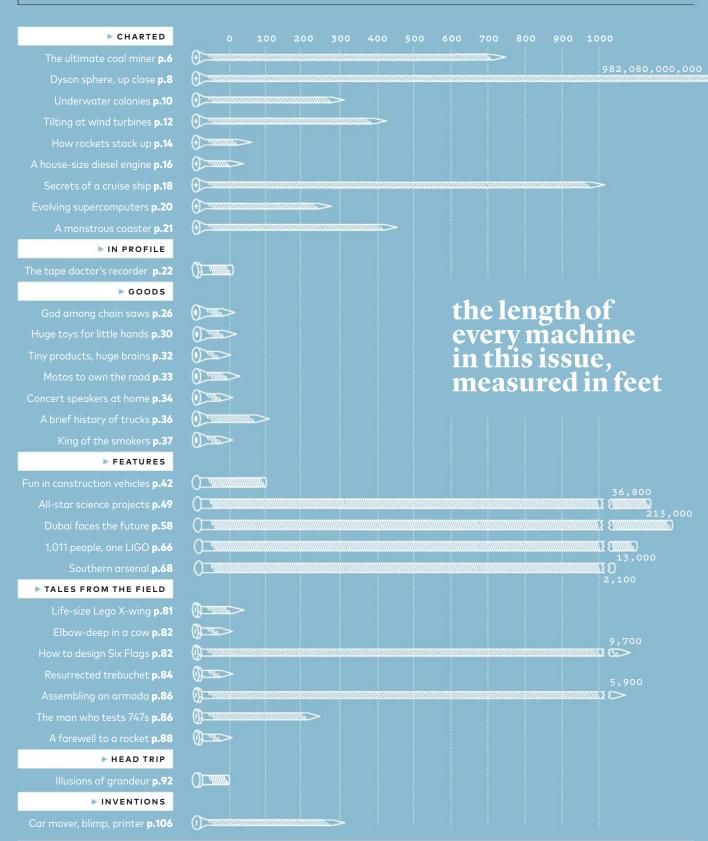


EXTREMELY CLOSE, EXTREMELY COMFORTABLE, ALWAYS FLEXIBLE.



Nailing it now

# COMUNIS



#### TONS OF FUN



#### FOR ME, IT STARTED WITH

trains. As a kid in Manhattan, the typical objects of childhood fixation were often scarce. I couldn't climb trees or skip stones—but I had 400 tons of urban-rail righteousness thundering beneath my apartment. I'd spend hours in the subway: riding lines to their ends, exploring abandoned stations, and racing through tunnels (sorry, Mom). My friend Nicky even figured out how to jimmy the doors to empty conductor compartments so we could hijack the PA system. (Not sorry.)

To this day, there are few sensations that center me like the repetitive rock of a rail car. I still ride the subway every day, and if I'm traveling anywhere near a train line, you'll find me on it seconds after my bag hits the hotel floor.

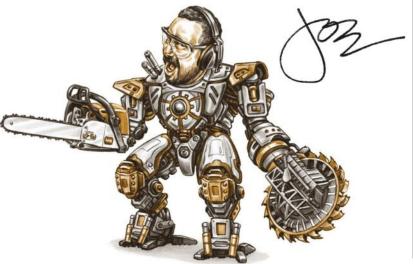
At stations around the world, I find silent solidarity with strangers, all of us wearing that same look of awe. Because TRAINS! I see it at airports, at work sites, at ports. Trains are a symptom, but

machines are the disease. And if that makes me sick, then I never want to be healthy.

What is it about big machines that speaks so loudly into our heart microphones? Maybe it's their eye-filling size. Or maybe it's the brilliance of their complexity: tons upon tons, every piece abiding a delicate choreography. Whatever the reason, fascination with mechanical masterwork is a common trait—unusually common, I'd hazard, among *PopSci* readers.

That's why we dedicated this entire issue to these giant wonders. You like to look at them; we like to show you them. You like to read about them; we like to write about them. What a match!

So turn the page and you'll find as many behemoths as we could fit (plus some that didn't). We've got rockets and boats and computers and chain saws and...well, it's enough to make you break out a plus-size bowl of ice cream and settle in. Which is exactly the idea.



#### MAY/JUNE 2017

Editor-in-Chief Joe Brown Executive Editor Kevin Gray Managing Editor Corinne lozzio Deputy Design Director Mike Schnaidt Associate Art Director Russ Smith

#### **EDITORIAL**

Online Director Amy Schellenbaum Features Editor Susan Murcko Science Editor Rachel Feltman Technology Editor Stan Horaczek Senior Editor Sophie Bushwick Associate Editor Sarah Fecht Assistant Editors Mary Beth Griqq

**Assistant Editors** Mary Beth Griggs, Claire Maldarelli, Rob Verger **Staff Writers** Kelsey D. Atherton, Kendra Pierre-Louis

Engagement Editor Mallory Johns

Senior Producer Tom McNamara
Associate Producer Jason Lederman
Commerce Editor Billy Cadden
Copy Chief Cindy Martin

Editorial Assistant Sara Chodosh

Researchers Ambrose Martos, Erika Villani

Interns Eleanor Cummins, Mark D. Kaufman, Cici Zhang

#### ART AND PHOTOGRAPHY

Photo Director Thomas Payne
Digital Associate Art Director Michael Moreno
Acting Associate Art Director Lisa Realmuto
Consulting Production Manager Glenn Orzepowski
Digital Design Fellow John Kuehn
Multimedia Fellow Francis Agyapong Jr.

#### **CONTRIBUTING EDITORS**

Kate Baggaley, Brooke Borel, Tom Clynes, Clay Dillow, Nicole Dyer, Daniel Engber, Tom Foster, William Gurstelle, Mike Haney, Joseph Hooper, Gregory Mone, Adam Piore, Jen Schwartz, P.W. Singer, Erik Sofge, Kalee Thompson, James Vlahos, Jacob Ward

**Group Editorial Director** Anthony Licata **Group Creative Director** Sean Johnston

#### **BONNIER LIFESTYLE GROUP**

Vice President, Publishing Director, New York Gregory D. Gatto Associate Publisher Jeff Timm Financial Director Tara Bisciello Northeast Advertising Office Matt Levy (Manager),

Frank McCaffrey, Chip Parham, Scott Stewart **Midwest Manager** Doug Leipprandt

Detroit Advertising Director Jeff Roberge Advertising Coordinator Nicky Nedd Digital Campaign Manager Justin Ziccardi

Executive Director, Integrated Marketing Brenda Oliveri

**Group Sales Development Director** Alex Garcia **Sales Development Directors** Amanda Gastelum, Charlotte Grima

**Executive Director, Brand Integration** Beth Hetrick

Associate Directors, Brand Integration
Eshonda Caraway-Evans, Lynsey White
Creative Services Director Ingrid M. Reslmaier
Creative Director Babe Ramirez
Digital Creative Manager Steve Gianaca
Consumer Marketing Director Bob Cohn
Public Pattylins Manager Multy Battyles

Public Relations Manager Molly Battles
Human Resources Director Kim Putman
Group Production Director Michelle Doster

#### **BONNIER**

Chairman Tomas Franzén

Head of Business Area, Magazines Lars Dahmén Chief Executive Officer Eric Zinczenko Chief Financial Officer Joachim Jaginder Chief Operating Officer David Ritchie Chief Marketing Officer Elizabeth Burnham Murphy Chief Digital Revenue Officer Sean Holzman Vice President, Integrated Sales John Graney Vice President, Consumer Marketing John Reese

Vice President, Digital Operations David Butler Vice President, Public Relations Perri Dorset General Counsel Jeremy Thompson





This product is from sustainably managed forests and controlled sources.



FOR CUSTOMER SERVICE AND SUBSCRIPTION QUESTIONS, such as renewals, address changes, email preferences, billing, and account status, go to popsai.com/cs. You can also call 800-289-9399 or 515-237-3697, or write to Popular Science, P.O. Box 6364, Harlan, IA 51593-1864.





With new ways to harness data, farmers collaborate in an effort to learn from every drop of rain. Evolutions in technology can help them make smarter decisions and use fewer natural resources, from sky to soil.

Learn how digital tools are used in farming at ModernAg.org

MODERN AGRICULTURE





#### mining monster

#### TALLER THAN THE STATUE OF LIBERTY AND HEAVIER THAN THE EIFFEL TOWER, THIS

German mining machine is one of the largest land vehicles on Earth. In HBO's futuristic *Westworld*, a bucket-wheel excavator like this claws out an entire city. In reality, these diggers work in openpit mines. The excavator pictured here, called Bagger 288, uses its revolving wheel of buckets as a shovel to continually shift 8.5 million cubic feet of dirt a day. Once it reaches a seam of brown coal, or lignite, it can harvest 265,000 tons of fuel a day. And the crew this behemoth requires? A mere three to four people.



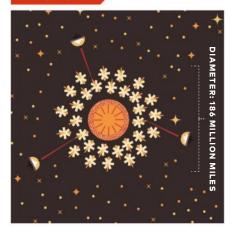
STAR POWER

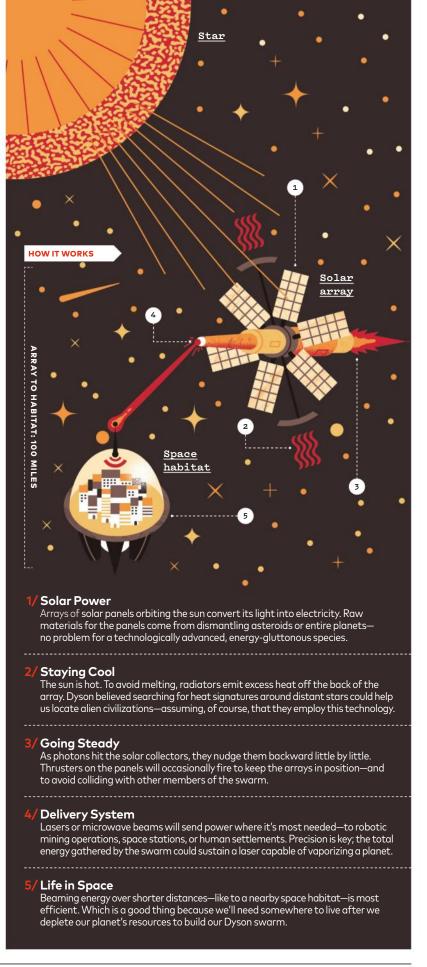
#### anatomy of a Dyson sphere

#### BY 3100 A.D., EARTH'S SKYROCKETING

population might require so much energy—to run our virtual-reality consoles, jetpacks, and Hyperloops—that our power plants won't be able to keep up. Physicist Freeman Dyson proposed a solution to just that sort of crisis in 1960: a machine that encircles a star in a shell of solar collectors to harness its energy output. In our solar system, such a sphere could surround the sun at 93 million miles to collect 400 septillion watts per second, trillions of times more energy than the world uses now. The catch is that there are no materials strong enough to craft a solid mega-structure that big. We could, however, deploy tens of thousands of solar panels—a Dyson swarm—to harvest that same energy. Here's how one might work.

#### THE DYSON SPHERE







# ACTUALLY, IT IS ROCKET SCIENCE.



INTRODUCING THE HYDROGEN-FUELED TOYOTA MIRAI.

CONSIDER IT ONE GIANT LEAP FOR MANKIND.



AVAILABLE NOW ON TOYOTA.COM/MIRAI

©2017 Toyota Motor Sales, U.S.A., Inc.



#### biomachines of the ocean

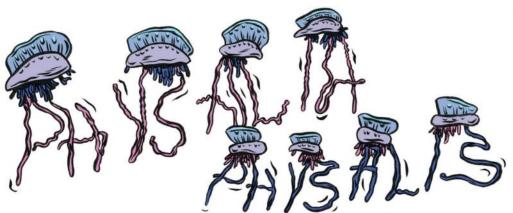
INSTEAD OF PULLEYS AND SPRINGS, LIVING CREATURES RELY ON CELLULAR

machinery to do the work of life. Perhaps none function as unconventionally as ocean-dwelling siphonophores. Born as single embryos, these animals grow not by elongating their limbs but by budding entirely new beings called zooids. These cloned bodies complete specialized tasks: Some help the siphonophore move, others find food, or reproduce—yet a single nervous system orchestrates their motion. Here's how three of these chandelier-like invertebrates thrive as multitudes.



#### Bathyphysa conifera

When BP oil workers spotted this entity during an ROV patrol of the ocean floor in 2015, they joked that it resembled the Internet-famous "Flying Spaghetti Monster"—a cartoon meme mass of spaghetti and meatballs with a pair of protrusive eyes. The resemblance is uncanny indeed. B. conifera's stem branches off into feeding nodes and stinging tentacles. Unlike some of its neighbors that must remain near the ocean floor, B. conifera can propel itself up and down by contracting and relaxing its body-thereby moving wherever it pleases. As spaghetti should.



#### Physalia physalis

Freshly stung swimmers often mistake Physalia physalis—aka the Portuguese man o' war—for a jellyfish. It's not. It's a siphonophore. The big, bulbous section—a gaseous sac known as its float—makes up the largest portion of this creature's body and keeps it bobbing at the ocean's surface. Other teammates drift into the deep sea like ornamental indigo streamers. But don't mistake them for decoration. They are feeding tentacles. Armed with barbed, venom-filled cells, they stun and kill small crustaceans and fish. They also don't feel so great when they touch human flesh.



#### Praya dubia

Maxing out at 130 feet, P. dubia holds the record for world's longest ocean animal. Its notable talent is jetting through the deep, dark ocean, a half-mile down, via blue bioluminescent zooids called nectophores. They propel the colony forward by contracting in a coordinated, timed fashion. Other offshoots that are designed to stun, eat, and reproduce lag behind the attached nectophore in a long train. The constant movement keeps this siphonophore's ever-budding figure aligned, positioning its feeding polyps to capture microscopic morsels.



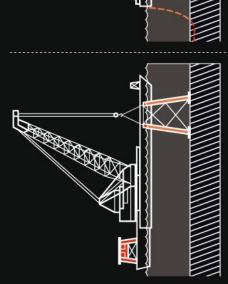
# ow to build a giant indmill—at sea

OUR SMALLEST STATE (RHODE ISLAND) NOW HARBORS A BIG RECORD: the nation's first air-powered offshore energy facility. The five-turbine, breezes are stronger and more consistent, which means the plants net more 30-megawatt Block Island Wind Farm, which opened in December, can for years, mostly in wide-open and gusty places like Texas, Oklahoma, and Kansas, generating around 4.4 percent of our national energy. Ocean power up to 17,000 homes. Such turbines have spun across the country electricity. Here's how these monstrous machines get assembled at sea.

Blade

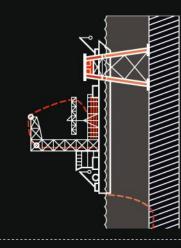
(approx. 330 feet above the surface)

Nacelle



# **Foundation Formation**

foundations to varying lengths. That way the placed upon the uneven seafloor. A barge brings these pieces to the site, where a crane -abricators in Louisiana cut 400-ton steel lifts and lowers them to the seabed. A pile turbines all reach the same height when driver affixes it all to the ocean floor.

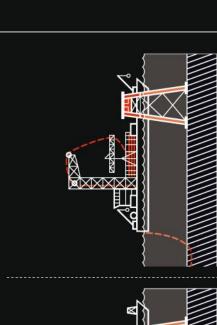


(approx. 270 feet long)

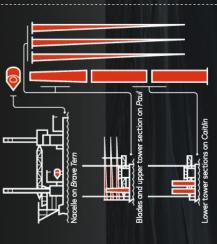
Томег

# **Premium Cable**

First, a water jet plows a trench 6 feet below the seabed. Then a machine called Big Max lays the 7-inch-thick cable (weighing mainland 17 miles away.

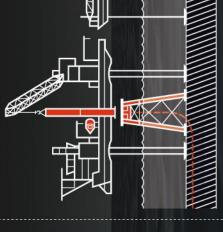


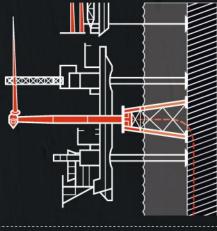
4.9 million pounds and able to transmit 34,500 volts), connecting the foundations to Block Island, 3.8 miles away, and to the



# **Special Delivery**

segments that make up the tower, and the 137-foot-long C*aitlin* carries the other two. equipment), the 140-foot-long *Paul* hauls three blades and one of three 95-foot hardware: The 433-foot-long *Brave Tern* carries nacelles (housing all generating Three ships haul and install the main





 $\mathbb{N}$ 

The crane operator hoists the school-bus-size nacelle atop the tower, where workers guide

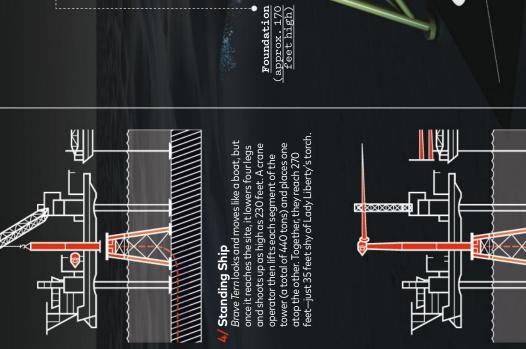
Nacelles in the Wind

it into place. The top of this 400-ton pod

**Blades of Glory** Each of the three fiberglass blades are nearly the length of a Boeing 747 and—though hollow—weigh 29 tons apiece. A yoke on *Brave Tern's* arane cables swings each sliver from *Paul* to the nacelle, where workers guide it onto bolts. A blade can withstand the ocean's heavy winds for 20 years.

too choppy for boats to travel, it could be used as a helicopter pad for delivering workers by air.

functions as a platform for workers to access the engine inside it. On days when the sea is



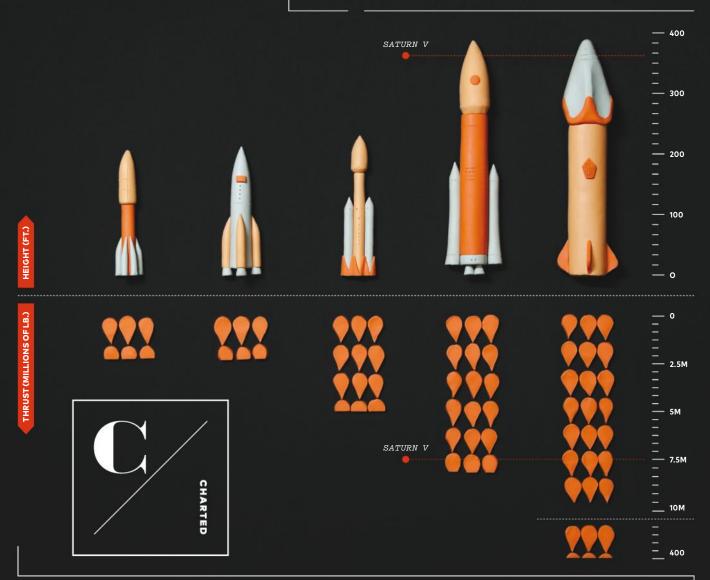
(approx. 80 feet long) Fin Whale

CHARIED

#### the titans of Mars-bound travel

LIKE EVERYTHING ELSE IN THE 1960S, NASA'S SATURN V ROCKET SET A mark for extreme. At 363 feet tall, with 7.5 million pounds of liftoff thrust, it lifted six moon-bound missions into space. Retired in 1973, it remains the tallest, heaviest, and most powerful rocket our species has ever built. With moon missions on hold, we haven't needed anything close to its capacity. Until now. As governments and private companies race to send astronauts to Mars, bigger is once again better—and

necessary. Whose heavy-lifter is the biggest and baddest? Here's how they stack up.



#### ULA

#### Atlas V

In 2011, United Launch Alliance's Atlas V lifted off with the largest thing that's ever landed on Mars—NASA's 1-ton Curiosity rover. In 2020, it'll carry Curiosity's cousin. Having safely launched to Earth orbit and beyond 71 times, Atlas V is ultrareliable.

MAX. MARS PAYLOAD: 11,000 POUNDS

COST TO LAUNCH: \$163 MILLION

#### CHINA

#### Long March 5

China has been slow to the space race, but it is catching up fast. Its most powerful rocket to date, Long March 5, will deliver a Chinese space station—plus astronaut inhabitants—into Earth orbit, and send the nation's first rover to Mars by 2020.

MAX. MARS PAYLOAD: 10,300 POUNDS

COST TO LAUNCH: UNKNOWN

#### SPACEX

#### Falcon Heavy

Falcon Heavy, debuting this year, can lift twice as much weight as any current rocket. It may launch a Mars capsule as soon as 2020, followed by crewed missions six years later. If that's the case, SpaceX might beat NASA to putting bootprints in red dust.

MAX. MARS PAYLOAD: 30,000 POUNDS

COST TO LAUNCH: \$90 MILLION

#### NASA

#### Space Launch System

The first rocket to surpass Saturn V's strength is slated for takeoff next year. SLS will carry astronauts into lunar orbit a few years later, then bring NASA's first crews to Mars in the 2030s. Or 2040s. It's rocket science, so who knows.

MAX. MARS PAYLOAD: 90,000 POUNDS

COST TO LAUNCH: \$500 MILLION

#### SPACEX

#### Interplanetary Transport System

If built, the ITS will be the largest rocket the world has ever seen, capable of carrying 100 settlers to the red planet. This colonization mega-ship could launch in 2024, or so SpaceX hopes—it will need funding first.

MAX. MARS PAYLOAD: 992,000 POUNDS

COST TO LAUNCH: \$62 MILLION

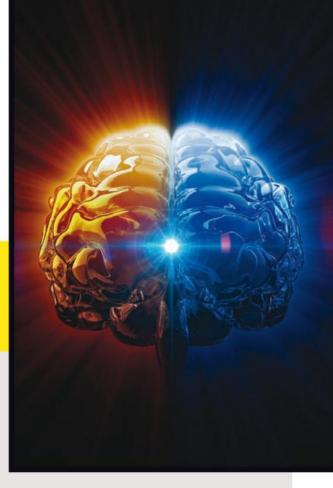
# POPULAR SCIENCE

## Why should you sign up for our newsletter?



Our perspective on science is unique. Like you.

Sign up for the *Popular Science* editorial newsletter and each week you'll get the latest and greatest in tech reviews, science news, video, photography, and special offers.



**GET THE LATEST** CONTENT **FROM OUR** DIGITAL **EDITIONS** 



App Store

#### THE FUTURE NOW

PopSci.com's news-reader app delivers all the content from PopSci.com in an easy-to-read format on the go.







Get up-to-the-minute news on cutting edge scientific research, gadgets and green tech. Save the stories to read, even when you're not connected, and filter them by your favorite topic.

STAY CONNECTED TO THE POPULAR SCIENCE COMMUNITY







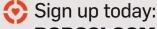










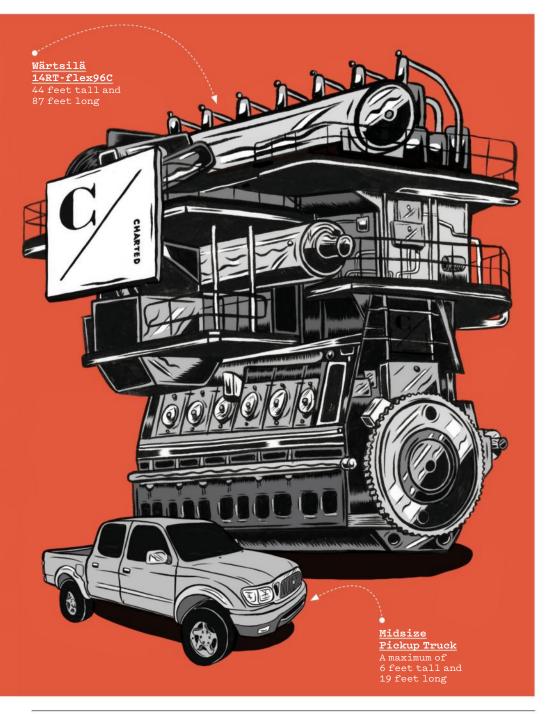


BREAK IT
DOWN

#### diesel sea beast

#### SHIPPING UP TO 15,550 20-FOOT-LONG CONTAINERS ACROSS

the world's waves is hard work. So hard that *Emma Maersk*, a quarter-mile-long cargo ship, needs serious muscle: the Wärtsilä 14RT-flex96C, among the largest diesel engines on the planet. Because they cost a lot to run and belch filthy emissions, shipping outfits plan to phase out all 24 of the engines now in use, or switch them to cleaner-burning, pricier fuels. By around 2020, new emissions regulations will restrict them on the water. For now, one beast generates enough horsepower to propel *Emma* and tons of consumer merch—one container holds 6,000 pairs of sneakers, 10,000 iPads, or 48,000 bananas—from Suffolk to Shenzhen at 28 miles per hour. That's about 60 percent faster than competitors.



## 1.660

Fuel use, in gallons per hour Although it's a relatively efficient engine, the 14-cylinder RT-flex96C can still consume nearly 12 million gallons of diesel in a year. And since fuel can account for roughly 70 percent of a cargo ship's operating budget, this one is a money burner.

284

#### Fuel heat, in Fahrenheit

Engineers must warm the engine's tarlike heavy fuel oil—the dregs of the refining process—before use. Newer engines can use cleaner fuel, such as more-refined diesel or liquid natural gas, at lower temperatures.

7,000

## Hours in operation per year

Your car engine might last a few thousand running hours in its lifetime. The 14RT-flex96C can chug up to 175,000 hours. Thanks to their rugged construction, engines like this one can run continuously for as long as 25 years.

102

Revolutions per minute A consumer four

A consumer fourstroke engine might top out at 3,500 rpm, firing every other revolution. This runs a two-stroke operation, moving more slowly but firing every cycle. It produces more power while moving the pistons less frequently.

# A FULL LIFE DOESN'T LIVE ITSELF.

## THIS CREEK RUNS FULL

100 PROOF

CLERMONT ....



KENTUCKY

FULL FLAVOR

LIFE AQUATIC

# port of sprawl

#### CRUISE SHIPS ARE ENTIRE CITIES SET TO SEA—THE LARGEST ONES CAN CARRY

thousands of people. To function far from shore, floating burgs like these rely on washing machines that swallow hundreds of pounds of sheets, water-filtration systems that serve both fresh- and saltwater swimming pools, and an army of aerobic bacteria to eat tanks of poop. This is the often-hidden machinery working behind the scenes on an average mega-liner.

#### 1/Control Room

Two floors below the "hotel," or passenger decks, sit the engines, air-conditioning compressors, and diesel-power generators, which engineers can adjust directly or remotely, from a control room. Certain ships display these controls on massive touchscreen tables.

#### 2/Water

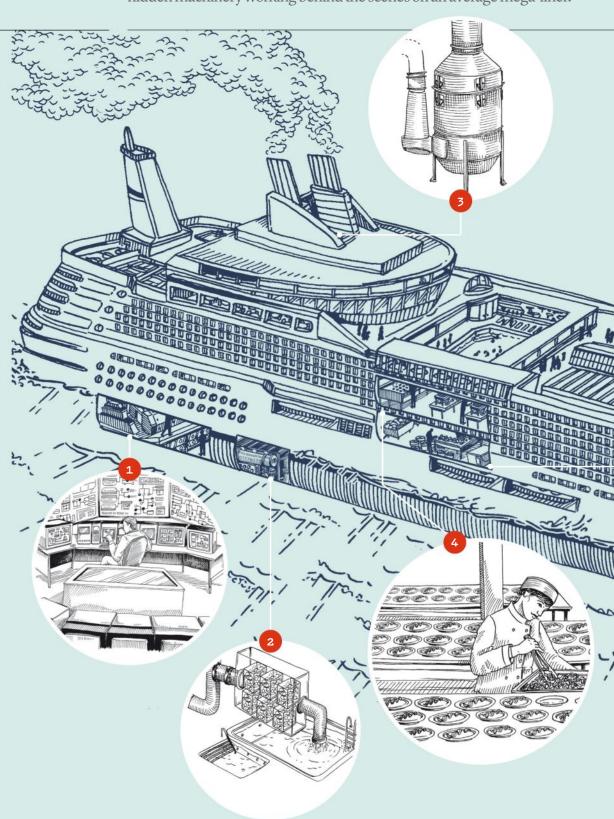
To clean seawater, ships often rely on two main methods. Reverse-osmosis membranes filter out salt, and evaporators use heat from the engine to boil off the fresh H<sub>2</sub>O. Once liquid goes through one of these processes, it can safely fill onboard swimming pools.

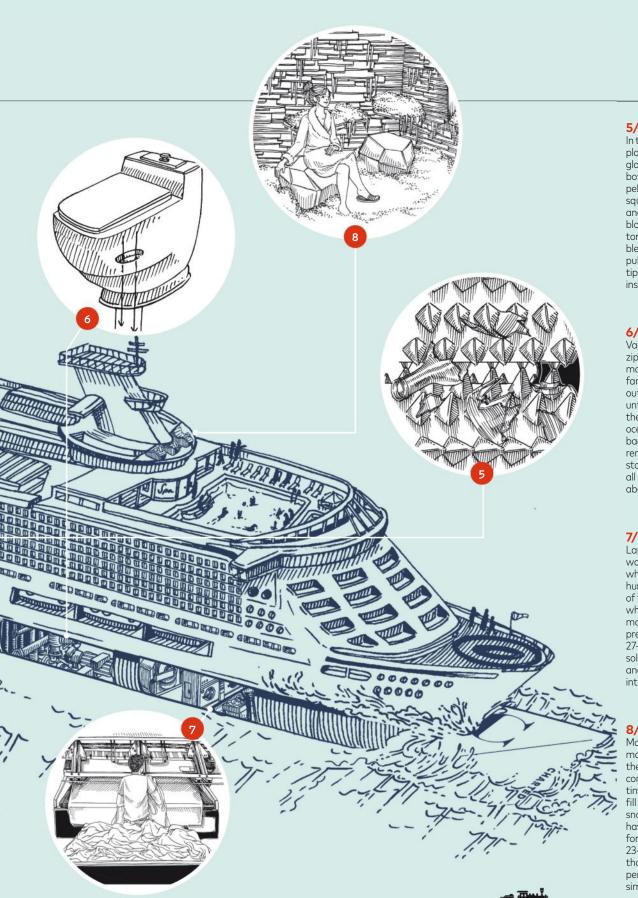
#### 3/Exhaust

Exhaust scrubbers are the most innovative machinery on ships today. Before venting, exhaust enters a cylindrical tank. A solution of caustic soda or seawater sprays from all angles to trap toxic sulfur oxides. Then, the solution falls 150 feet into a storage tank.

#### 4/Food

A single ship can go through 23,000 pounds of flour and 42,000 pineapples (mostly for fruity cocktails) in a year. Ballroom-size freezers store ingredients until mealtime, when waiters deliver grub to 1,000-seat dining rooms via escalators.





#### 5/Garbage

In the waste-recycling plant, a 50-cubic-foot glass crusher gnashes bottles into pea-size pellets, hydraulics squeeze cardboard and aluminum into blocks, and incinerators burn nonrecyclable refuse. Some ships pulp food waste and tip it overboard as instant fish food.

#### 6/Poop, etc.

Vacuum suction lines zip toilets' contents to marine sanitation farms, which siphon out the water, treat it until it's drinkable, then pump it into the ocean. Helpful aerobic bacteria digest the remaining sludge in storage tanks until it's all offloaded ashore, about once a month.

#### 7/ Laundry

Large-capacity washing machines—which can hold hundreds of pounds of fabric—churn away while elaborate machines iron and press. There's even a 27-foot-wide device solely for stretching and folding sheets into crisp rectangles.

#### 8/The Fun Stuff

More entertaining machines hustle on the upper decks. Cold compressed air and tiny water nozzles can fill spa rooms with snow. Some ships also have wave machines for onboard surfing or 23-foot-tall chambers that blast 100-mileper-hour winds to simulate a skydive.



SUPERSIZE ME

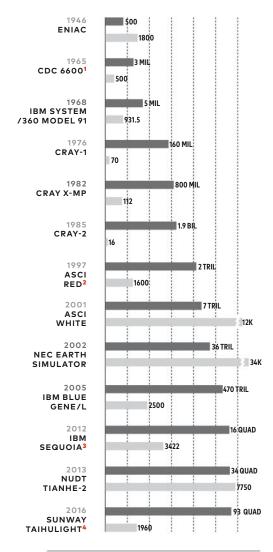
# the bigger they are, the harder they compute

#### ENGINEERS MEASURED EARLY COMPUTING DEVICES IN KILO-GIRLS,

a unit roughly equal to the calculating ability of a thousand women. By the time the first supercomputer arrived in 1965, we needed a larger unit. Thus, FLOPS, or floating point operations (a type of calculation) per second. In 1946, ENIAC, the first (nonsuper) computer, processed about 500 FLOPS. Today's supers crunch petaFLOPS or 1,000 trillion. Shrinking transistor size lets more electronics fit in the same space, but processing so much data requires a complex design, intricate cooling systems, and openings for humans to access hardware. That's why supercomputers stay supersize.

#### BY THE NUMBERS

Supercomputers, then and now



- = **Processing power** (in FLOPS; bar size uses logarithmic scale, where an increase in one unit represents 10 times as many FLOPS)
- = Approximate size (in square feet)

#### 1/CDC 6600

Rapidly sifted through 3 million of CERN's experimental research images per year

#### 3/IBM Sequoia

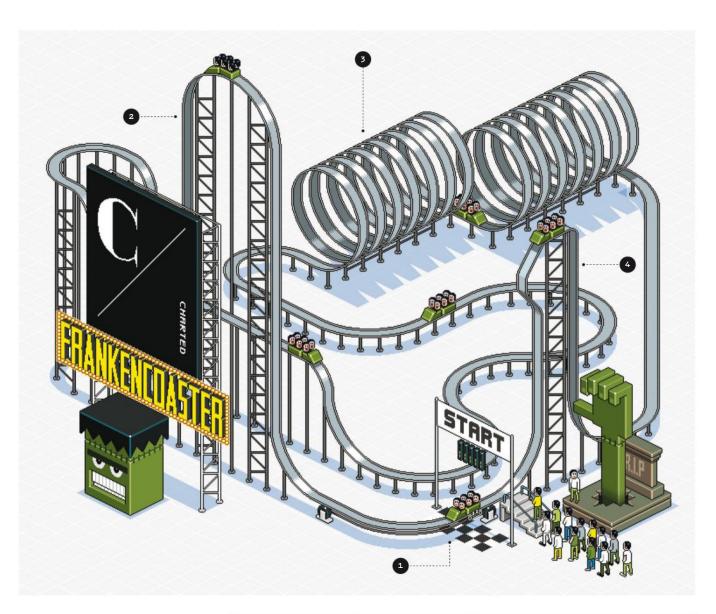
Used more than 1 million cores to help Stanford engineers study jet engines

#### 2/ASCI Red

Modeled the U.S.'s nuclear weapons' capabilities, avoiding underground testing

#### 4/ Sunway TaihuLight Reached a record 93

petaFLOPS by trading slower memory for high energy efficiency



BY DESIGN

#### monster mashup

#### MANY OF THE WORLD'S

4,000-or-so roller coasters are of the humdrum county-fair variety. Only an elite few rides reach the monumental heights and speeds of record-smashing supercoasters, which draw millions of thrill-seekers a yearand inspire cut-throat competition that makes it way harder to keep a record than to break one. We rose to the challenge. Our Frankencoaster splices together four real-life record breakerstallest, fastest, steepest, and most topsy-turvy-into one seriously sick ride. You'd better buckle up.

1

#### **Quick Takeoff**

A hydraulic start just like the ones used to launch fighter jets? Oh, yeah. The **Formula** Rossa debuted at Ferrari World in Abu Dhabi in 2010 and as you'd expect from Ferrari-stole the checkered flag for world's fastest acceleration. Just 4.5 seconds after takeoff, you're hurtling forward at an utterly stomach-lurching 149 miles per hour. Oh, look! There goes lunch.

2

#### The Big Drop

You're about to plunge from a 45-story building. That's the height of 456-foot-tall **Kingda Ka**, at Six Flags Great Adventure in New Jersey. Opened in 2005, it remains the world's tallest coaster-which means it also takes the crown for world's longest drop. What goes up must come down-fast. Kingda Ka hits a top speed of 128 miles per hour.

#### So Many Twists

Loop-de-frickin'-loop. A record 14 inversions -including two in the shape of a heart, awww-make The Smiler a real head-turner at the Alton Towers theme park in Staffordshire, U.K. Famous for its curves, it's also notorious for its delays, stalled cars, and one serious crash. Fortunately, our string of circular loops will never leave you hanging.

4

#### The Crazy Drop

Imagine you reach the top of a coaster and-whoops!-the tracks are gone. That's the horrifying experience on Japan's Takabisha steel coaster. The tracks invert backward, seeming to disappear, creating a 121-degree inverted decline. The drop pushes you down and back at the same time, making the ride, which debuted in 2011, even steeper than a straight fall.



# THE OLD-SHOWHED

#### LIKE A LOT OF KIDS WHO GREW UP IN RICHMOND, VIRGINIA,

during the '60s, Guy Spiller loved *The Sailor Bob Show*, a locally produced children's program about an artistic mariner and his posse of puppets. So it was more than a little surreal when, almost five decades later, the semiretired broadcast engineer found himself at home digitizing the show's original reel-to-reel recordings with the help of one of the few machines left on Earth that could play them. "Holding the actual episodes I had seen as a kid, watching and remembering all the songs and segments, it was a pretty amazing experience," Spiller recalls. In an age when we can summon up virtually any video from any era on YouTube, it's tempting to assume that television

44

I'M SAVING
THESE
MACHINES; I'M
GETTING TO
SAVE SHOWS
FROM THE
GOLDEN ERA
OF TV, AND I'M
MAKING
PEOPLE VERY
HAPPY. SO,
YEAH, IT'S
SATISFYING ON
PRETTY MUCH
EVERY LEVEL."

history has been fully preserved. Tempting, but wrong. Whether it's *Sailor Bob* or hokey restaurant and car-dealership commercials, at least three decades' worth of low-budget pre-digital television remains in real danger of disappearing forever.

Drive 85 miles north of Spiller's Midlothian, Virginia, home, and you're confronted with this reality head-on. More than 40,000 reels of 2-inch quadruplex—the same tape format *Sailor Bob* was recorded on—line the shelves at the Library of Congress' Packard Campus for Audio-Visual Conservation. Only a fraction of these have been digitized, usually the higher-profile stuff like President Dwight D. Eisenhower's inaugural color-TV broadcast or the newscasts of Martin Luther King Jr.'s assassination.

The Library's archivists have a lot of work to do; smaller fries, like the retired newscaster looking to preserve his reel on a format his grandkids can watch, often get referred to a guy like Spiller, who can rip your 2-inch strip into nearly any digital video format you require. But Spiller also has a backlog. He's one of only a

handful of people—including the full-timers at the Library—with both the means and expertise to help usher these vital pieces of Americana into the digital realm. Working out of his home, Spiller digitizes around 100 hourlong reels of 2-inch quadruplex videotape a year.

Step into Spiller's basement studio, and you'll find the primary engines of his art: two 1,800-pound, armoire-size RCA TR-70C videotape recorders. Machines like these basically went extinct three decades ago, says Spiller. He should know. The 67-year-old spent the early part of his career using and repairing them. So far, Spiller has managed to find and rescue eight so-called quads before they ended up in landfills. "I guess I'm kind of like the SPCA for old broadcast and recording equipment," he says.

Introduced in 1956, quads were some of the most complex machines of their era. Invented to play 2-inch quadruplex reels—the first official tape-based format of the broadcast television industry—they allowed for the real-time recording and instant playback of any show. A quad's guts are an amalgamation of vacuum pumps, air compressors, motors, electrolytic capacitors, resistors, and transistors.

"The 'quad' in quadruplex refers to the four video heads they use to divide up the picture," says Spiller. "All four of those channels need to play back as close to perfectly in sync as possible, or you'll start to see visual artifacts," he says.

Before quads, TV stations would essentially record broadcasts by filming TV monitors. (Yep.) If you wanted to rebroadcast something, you'd have to develop that film, so most networks simply wouldn't replay a show in multiple time zones. Quads changed everything. Then easier-to-manage machines made them obsolete.



Shoved in a forgotten backroom at the University of Georgia, Spiller's RCA hadn't seen an electric current in 27 years when he found it in 2010. It required around 70 new electrolytic capacitors plus a full week of tinkering to bring it back to life. Watching the technomancer prep and operate the restored machine, it's clear why he's in rare company. Spiller often looks like he's conducting some elaborate electromechanical symphony.

It can take upwards of 15 minutes to clean the tape path: the guide, the rotating rollers, the stationary heads, and the control track head. You do this before every recording. Once you've threaded a tape through this labyrinth, extracting the best picture then requires near-constant knob-twiddling and fussing.

Despite these complexities, it's a process the retired engineer loves, especially in an age of disposable tech. Spiller charges hundreds of dollars to digitize an hour of footage (though it varies a lot depending on the tape), and gets material from all over the country. "I'm saving these machines; I'm getting to save shows from the Golden Era of TV, and I'm making people very happy," he says. "So, yeah, it's satisfying on pretty much every level."



THE RCA TR-70C, Spiller's quadruplex rig, by the numbers

12

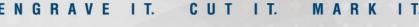
Warning lights to prevent mistakes in recording 1,800

Total weight in pounds, not including reels

40

Knobs and dials on the main control panel

## THE FUSION M2 40





- Large 40" x 28" engraving area
- · Flame-polished edge cuts
- Laser tube wattages up to 120 watts
- · Large viewing door with LED lighting
- Our highest CO<sub>2</sub> engraving and cutting speeds
- Engrave items up to 13.25" in height
- Dual source (fiber and CO<sub>2</sub>)
- eView<sup>™</sup> camera options
- Maximum substrate compatibility



## Get MORE INFO or SCHEDULE A DEMO!

888.437.4564 | sales@epiloglaser.com www.epiloglaser.com/popsci















# **ANNUAL**



**Enter Now At** popsci.com/enter

## **WANTED:**

#### The 100 Top Products of the Year

Popular Science is hunting for the 100 most-revolutionary technologies of 2017 and we need your help to find them!

We're looking for the best of the best in:

Health

Security

Auto

Home

Entertainment

Gadgets

Aerospace

Engineering

Recreation

Software

If you've got something incredibly innovative, tell us about it!













# GOODS







#### THOR HAS HIS CRUSHING HAMMER.

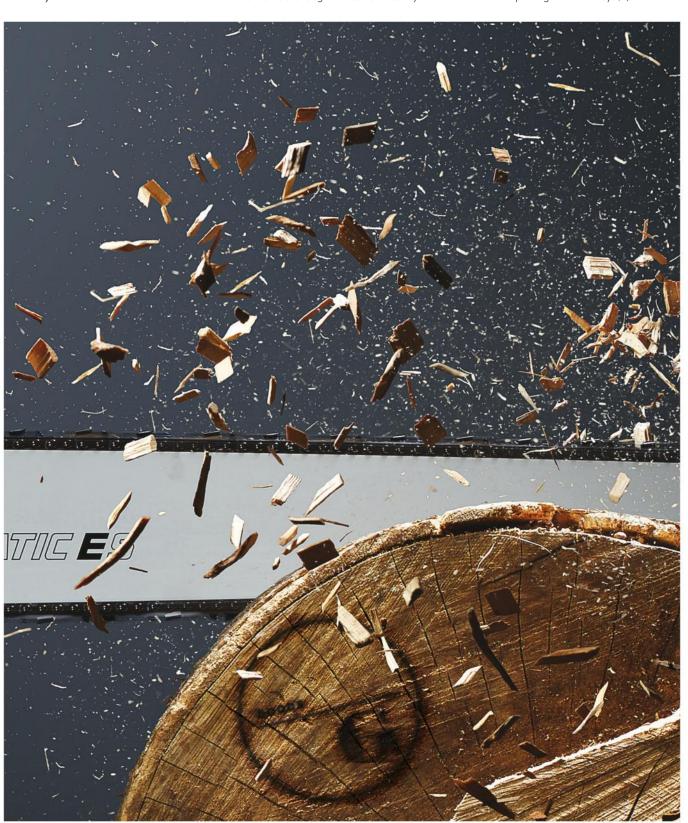
Vulcan has his crippling anvil. And modernday mortal tree-fellers have the Stihl MS 880 Magnum. The most powerful chain saw available, the professional-grade tool can slice clean through an 8-foot-thick oak trunk in just two minutes.

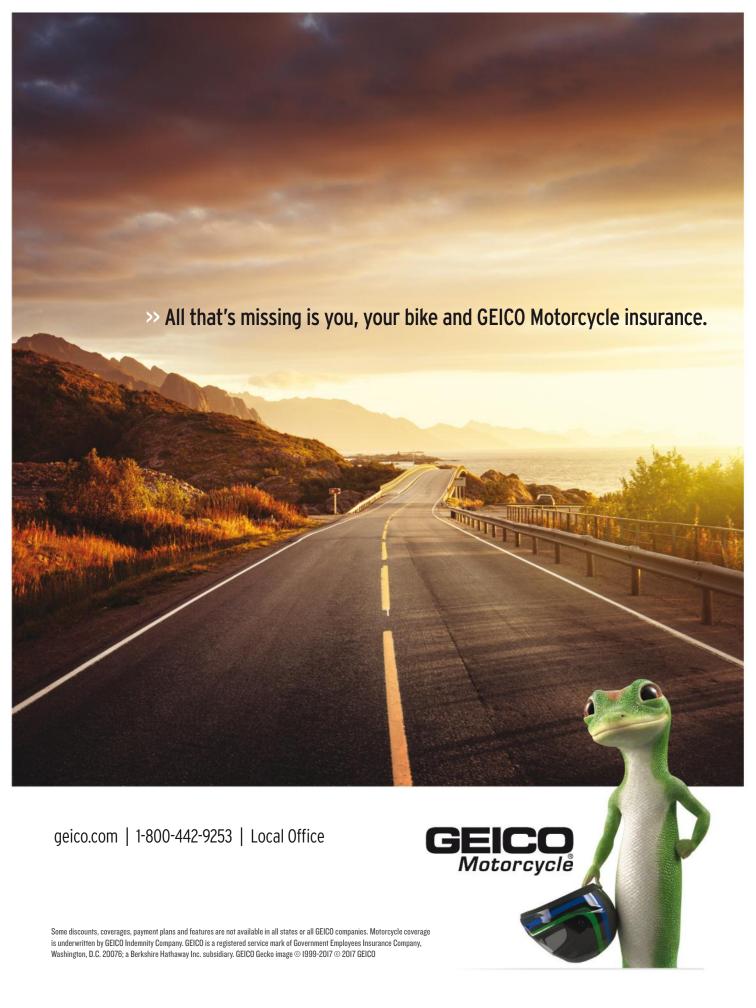
The saw's 8.6-horsepower gas engine is more than four times burlier than what weekend limb-trimmers cut with, which gives the MS 880 enough

oomph to run a massive 5-plus-foot chain bar. Despite its brawn, Stihl engineers made sure the slicer isn't too heavy for arborists to hold steady: The

designers shaved weight off the engine housing by replacing magnesium with a light-but-sturdy plastic, which keeps the entire package

to a (relatively) manageable 33.1 pounds. Still, that's not bad for a machine that can slash lumber as wide as a San Francisco trolley. \$2,200





#### TOYBOX OVERFLOWETH

#### YOU BOGARTED YOUR NIECE'S ROBOT DINOSAUR

for a solid three hours after her birthday party. Admit it. We won't judge you. Today's playthings are some tempting stuff. They're bigger, stronger, and faster than the foot-powered plastic "cars," immobile Lego fortresses, and dead-eyed Teddy Ruxpin dolls that came before. Building sets are so lifelike, go-karts so zippy, and robots so intelligent that even adults will find these outsize toys utterly irresistible. Now kindly hold my beer, kid; there's a Nerf battle that needs my full attention.

#### Top Gun

Childhood isn't childhood is you're not bruising someone's eyeball with a soft dart, amiright? At 2.5 feet, the **Nerf N-Strike Mastodon** is the largest foamthrower around. In our tests, its motor shot a full magazine of 24 darts up to 65 feet in 8.2 seconds. \$80

2

#### Clever Girl

The RoboRaptor Blue can't open doors, but it can find its way around the playroom. Infrared sensors in its head let the 3-foot dinosaur wander freely without crashing into anything. Audio sensors trigger roaring reactions to any sudden noises while patrolling. \$100

 $\int_{0}^{\infty}$ 

#### Diggin' It

At nearly 3 feet long and comprised of 3,929 pieces, the Technic Bucket Wheel Excavator is the largest motorized Lego set ever made. Tiny shafts and gears transport plastic loot down functional conveyor belts and into a dump truck waiting below. \$280





Hotter Wheels
Your car is brainy, so
why should your kid's
ride be dumb? The
4-foot Actev Arrow
Smart-Kart has
proximity sensors that
trigger evasive
maneuvers if tykes
hurtle themselves at
obstacles. And though
it hits 12 mph, parents
can limit range via
Wi-Fi and GPS

tracking. From \$1,000

Bot Story
Standing 4 feet tall,
Meccanoid XL 2.0 can
look kids in the eye
while they program it.
Moving the bot's limbs
teaches it anything
from dances to
secret handshakes;
10 motors in the joints
send motions to a
computer, where
they're saved—along
with 3,000 phrases—

Green Giant
When you're bouncing
a record-breaking 11.5
feet on a pogo stick,
it's good to know you'll
have a soft landing.
Instead of a spring, the
Vurtego V4 Pro's steel
and aluminum frame
contains highly
compressed air, which
provides extra force on
the jump and plenty of
cushioning when you
hit the ground. \$420

for later recall. \$300

Eat Dirt
The Tyco Terra
Climber can tackle
the rough terrain of
your backyard with
ease. Thanks to spiked
wheels, a reptilian tail,
and arms that rotate
a full 360 degrees, the
2-foot-long R/C toy
can traverse stairs,
rocks, and logs. It can
also flip itself over on
boring old basement
floors. \$100

SERVER SERVICES

#### HEADS IN THE CLOUD

far, far away, gargantuan cloud servers are providing brain-power to devices as minute as fitness trackers. A baseball-size camera, for example, might seem like little more than simple home surveillance; or an adorable green dinosaur might appear to be just a child's plaything. In reality, armies of servers undergird these—and countless other—unassuming gadgets. Here are five of the smartest out there.



#### IoT Attack Dog

Last year, homeowners connected some 4 billion devices to their networks. Dojo by BullGuard keeps hackers from exploiting any potential inroads. The 6-inch box monitors traffic, and cuts off any shady activity. Meanwhile, Dojo's server looks for patterns across all its relatives to thwart bigger threats. \$199

### All-Seeing Eye

The Nest Cam Outdoor is always watching, but it needs help to know what it's looking at. With the Nest Aware service, footage uploads to the company's servers, where computervision algorithms distinguish a person from Spot chasing a squirrel. Those smarts reduce false-positive intruder alerts. \$199, plus \$10 per month

#### Personal Trainer Armed with data from

more than 200 million users, Under Armour motivates athletes with what drives them most: competition. The UA Record app and HealthBox kit—which includes a heart-rate monitor, fitness tracker, and scale—tap into an IBM-powered virtual coach that stacks up users against other athletes. \$220

#### Ask Jeeves

Barely larger than a hockey puck, the Echo Dot is always ready. The Alexa-powered voice-activated assistant passes commands through Amazon's cloud-based natural language processing to understand and carry out more than 9,000 tasks, including setting alarms, hailing Ubers, and reordering Doritos. \$50

#### **Jurassic Smarts**

Imaginary friends, meet the competition. Backed by Watson's encyclopedic memory bank, a custom speech algorithm, and a weekly-updated roster of games, facts, and stories, CogniToys Dino is a clever, gregarious (and adorable) chatterbox. It also builds a profile of its human buddy, like if a kid is into pizza oi soccer. \$100



EASY, RIDER

#### HEAVY METAL

#### IN THE PANTHEON OF THE OPEN ROAD,

motorcycles are like adolescent gods: small, yep, but powerful for their size, which makes them very hard to catch. Still, within these teens' ranks you'll find hulks—the biggest, baddest kids on the proverbial schoolyard of Olympus. Either run with the troublemakers or get out of the way.



#### 个

#### **Terrify Everyone**

A 9-foot-long single-seater weighing 800 pounds would look imposing in your rearview mirror, even if it weren't a light-swallowing black that seemed to bend spacetime. But the **Indian Chief Dark Horse** is, and its 1.8-liter engine has enough grunt to tow a small boat. So move. From \$17,499





#### **Outrun Everything**

This 593-pound body exists primarily to house the **Kawasaki Ninja ZX-14**'s massive 1.5-liter four-cylinder engine. At 191 ponies, it cranks out more power than a Honda CR-V. Overkill? Only if you call a sub-10-second quarter-mile and 2.6 seconds to 60 overkill. (So... no.) From \$14,999





#### Go Everywhere

The GS in **BMW R 1200 GS Adventure** is German for Gelande Straße, or "off-road," where BMW's big baddies have trod since 1980. Though this 580-pound two-wheeler is too heavy to be much of a dirt bike, with its relatively off-piste-friendly suspension, it's as close as you'll get in a bike that's also at home on a highway. From \$18,695



#### **CAN YOU HEAR IT** NOW?

#### A ROCK CONCERT BLASTS

105 decibels into your ear holes. And, though your neighbors might curse the day you moved in, you can re-create that level of acoustic insanity in your living room, basement, or whatever personal sound cave suits you. WARNING-cranking up the volume can lead to bad sound. But have no fear: If carefully constructed, a high-end audio setup can knock you back in your seat, without losing its fidelity.

#### 1/Source

Even with bass rumbling, the **Technics SL-1200GR** turntable won't skip. The aluminum platter (aka the playing surface) has a rubber lining, the footings are silicone, and polymer tubes string through the body—all absorbing bad vibes. \$1,700 (est.; cartridge sold separately)

#### 2/ Preamp

The preamp gets an audio signal ready for the amplifier to crankify. Unlike many big-box-store—even high-end—models, the Audio Research GSPre has inputs for modern devices and a circuit, complete with a pair of vacuum tubes, devoted to turntables. \$15,000

#### 3/Amplifier

Delivering 450 watts apiece to two speakers, the McIntosh MC452 is among the loudest stereo amps. Ironically, though, it makes quiet work of pushing massive sound. Inside the 110-pound behemoth, each channel has two amps that cancel out one another's tremors. \$8,000

#### 4/Speakers

The midrange driver (the one for guitars and vocals) on the **Bowers &** Wilkins 800 D3 rings true at high volumes. A new woven composite stops vibrating faster than its Kevlar predecessor. Meanwhile, a 1-inch tweeter pings highs, and two 10-inch subwoofers go low. \$30,000 (pair)

The reduction, in decibels, provided by sound-filtering earplugs like Vibes (\$24). The plugs cut volume equally across all frequencies, so tunes don't sound muddled.



just plain ruined by unpredictable weather...

At last there is a solution! One that lets you take control of the weather on your deck or patio, while saving on energy bills! It's the incredible SunSetter Retractable Awning! A simple...easy-to-use...& affordable way to outsmart the weather and start enjoying your deck or patio more... rain or shine!

The SunSetter® is like adding a whole extra outdoor room to your home... giving you instant protection from glaring sun...or light showers! Plus it's incredibly easy to use...opening & closing effortlessly in less than 60 seconds!

So, stop struggling with the weather... & start enjoying your deck or patio more!

For a FREE Info Kit & DVD email your name & address to freedvd@sunsetter.com

Protects you from 99% of UV rays



You choose full sun or total protection in just seconds!



#### FREE Info Kit & DVD Call Toll-Free: 1-800-876-8060 Ext. 32819

Yes! Please send your FREE Info Kit & DVD...including a \$200 Savings Certificate...TODAY

Name		
Address		Pro
City	State Zip	Setter®
Email		Set

(Important: Be sure to give us your email address to receive our best deals!)

184 Charles Street, Dept. 32819, Malden, MA 02148 Visit us today at www.sunsetter.com RETRACTABLE AWNINGS

#### BED TIME STORY

#### THERE IS NO VEHICLE MORE AMERICAN THAN THE PICKUP TRUCK.

One out of every five automobiles sold in the U.S. is one, and they claim the top three spots on the best-seller list. Since farmers first strapped and hammered wooden crates onto their hacked-apart Model T's in the early 1900s, trucks have—decade by decade—evolved into the enormous, mighty, terraintearing monsters that fill our highways, garages, and driveways today. These are the key mile markers along that journey.



#### 1925

#### **Body Double**

Before World War I, farmers and tradesmen replaced their cars' rear bodywork with opentopped wood boxes or primitive truck beds. With the 1925 Model T Runabout, Ford did the work for them: The automaker attached a small (56-by-40 inch) steel bed, adjustable tailgate, and heavy-duty rear-suspension springs onto its famous car's existing substructure.



#### 1957

#### **People Mover**

The more supplies you bring to a jobsite, the more work you can get done—and the more people you need to do it. The 1957 International Harvester Travelette had the first sixperson three-door cab. Harvester followed up with a roomier four-door version in 1961, and eventually let the cab take over the entire vehicle, foreshadowing the rides of future suburbanites.



#### 1929

#### **Main Frame**

It didn't take long before car bodies couldn't handle the cargo drivers were hauling or the terrain over which they were rolling. Dodge built the Merchant Express atop the first purpose-built truck platform—including a reinforced cab, frame, and body—that could take the abuse. This shift in engineering set up the vehicle class to get stronger and bigger over time.



#### 1973

#### **Doubling Down**

Over the decades, burly pickups got easier to drive thanks to additions adapted from cars, including automatic transmissions, independent front suspensions, and power brakes and steering. But they also got better at being trucks: The 1973 Chevy C-Series "Dooley" was the first to feature dual rear wheels, which allowed it to transport up to 10,000 pounds.



#### 1932

#### **Warring Powers**

Pickup builders have been one-upping each other in terms of engine power since the 1930s, when Ford dropped the first mass-produced V-8 into the **Model BB**. The block's 65 ponies bested all competing 4's and 6's in both price and grunt. The brute strength allowed for the addition of larger beds and beefier frames that could bring more wares to market.



#### 1989-PRESENT

#### **Torque Off**

Dodge wasn't the first to drop a diesel engine into a heavyduty vehicle, but the 1989 Ram was the salvo that sparked a power war that still rages today. Built around a Cummins turbodiesel, which was common in commercial haulers, the pickup had 160 horsepower and 400 foot-pounds of torque—enough muscle to easily yank heavy loads uphill or from a dead stop.

#### 1946

#### Solid Footing

Though World War II troops were the first to experience four-wheel drive in their Willys (built by Jeep and Ford), Dodge brought the terrain-defying feature home on the **Power Wagon**. By spinning all four wheels at once, the monster could lug huge payloads—on either a 7.5- or 9-foot bed—over tough ground like broken payement, rocks, and dirt.



#### 2015-FUTURE

#### **Not-So-Heavy Metals**

Steel has always been the backbone of the pickup, but efficiency standards have forced automakers to experiment with other alloys to help reduce heft—without crippling strength. Ford ditched the steel body on the 2015 F-150 and replaced it with heat-treated aluminum. And in 2019, the Chevy Silverado's cab will be made from a new, lightweight composite.

CLOCKWISE FROM TOP LEFT; CAR CULTURE/GETTY IMAGES; COURTESY CONCEPTCAR2; COURTESY HEMMINGS.COM; CAR CULTURE/GETTY IMAGES; COURTESY CHEVYTRUCKS.COM; COURTESY USEDFROMUSA; COURTESY DODGE; COURTESY FOR





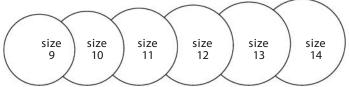
# THE PHANTOM TWO-TONE

'PHANTASTIC VALUE PHENOMENAL QUALITY'

**Phantom Watch: \$199 - Oxford Ring: \$129 - Set Price: \$289** (Save An Extra \$39) + S&P

he Daniel Steiger Phantom Two-Tone. Engineered from premium grade 316L steel with a 18k yellow gold fused two-tone finish, the words "designer styling" really could have been invented for this timepiece. A Precision Chronograph Movement featuring 24 Hour, Stop Watch, Seconds and Minutes Sub-Dials and date window are displayed on the multilevel face. To accompany this magnificent watch we felt

only the best, solid 925 sterling silver was suitable for our Oxford ring. Plated with two-tone 18k yellow gold and rhodium in both polished and matt finishes, this ring is guaranteed to impress. At the centre of each ring is one of our flawless 3 carat brilliant created Diamonds. Now available direct from the manufacturer at the astonishingly low price of \$199 - A saving of \$596 on the retail price of \$795 That's 75% OFF.



**ORDER YOURS TODAY! TOLL** FREE 24/7 ON 1-800 733 8463

AND QUOTE PROMO CODE: **PS74TT** 

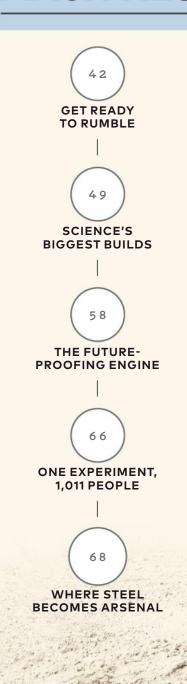
OR order online at www.timepiecesusa.com/ps74tt And Enter Promo Code PS74TT



# POPULAR SCIENCE

MAY/JUNE 2017

# BIG MACHINES

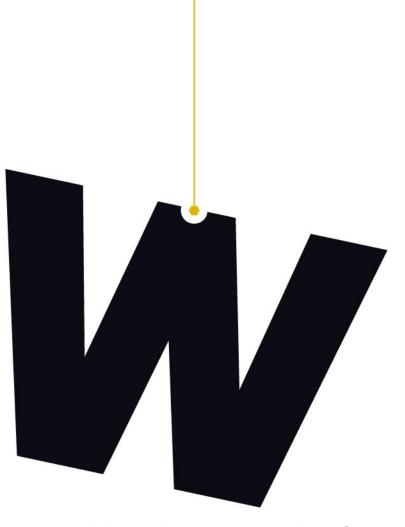




photograph by The Voorhes POPSCI.COM · MAY/JUNE 2017







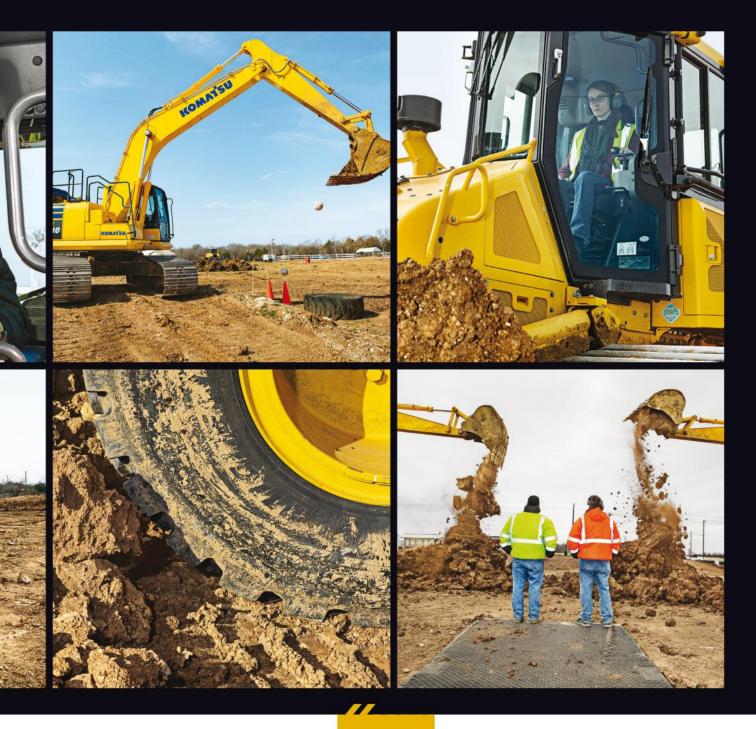
Working the controls of an excavator is a little like flying a helicopter in that it requires the use of both hands independently, as well as your feet. I say that having never flown a helicopter, and having been in an excavator for all of five minutes, but it is definitely more like flying a helicopter than driving a car. When do I get to crush something?





These are the thoughts I'm having in the climate-controlled cab of a 26-ton Komatsu PC210LC-10 idling in a north Texas pasture while Jason Nibbe speaks calmly into my headset via two-way radio. Prior to handing me the keys to this bright yellow beast, Nibbe asked me and another client to watch a brief instructional video demonstrating the basics of operating this excavator, as well as the bulldozer and wheel loader that we would be driving later. Nibbe says I am to ignore the two pedals—each of which is paired to one of the machine's independent steel treads—and focus on my hands.

The joystick on the left controls the "stick" and "swing," while the one on the right controls the "boom" and "bucket." None of these are useful terms, of course; I've never heard them used in the context of a mechanical arm so powerful that it could, says General Manager David Beardsley, "rip out



a road before the cops even knew what you were doing."

That arm is hydraulically powered and has three parts that you can easily equate to a human limb. The boom is the part from shoulder to elbow, the stick is the forearm, and the bucket is your hand. (Swing refers to how you pivot the cab atop its tanklike treads so you can work in a 360-degree circle around the vehicle without moving the tracks.)

Before this excavator, the largest machine I'd operated was a U-Haul box truck. I've never driven a Bobcat, nor dug a hole with anything but a shovel. Yet shortly after firing up the PC210, I am confidently maneuvering its 28-foot-long arm, ripping up chunks of thick brown clay and, of course, spinning the machine's cab around and around at high speed until I'm so dizzy that the world goes white.

"Are you done yet?" Nibbe asks, as I move the left lever

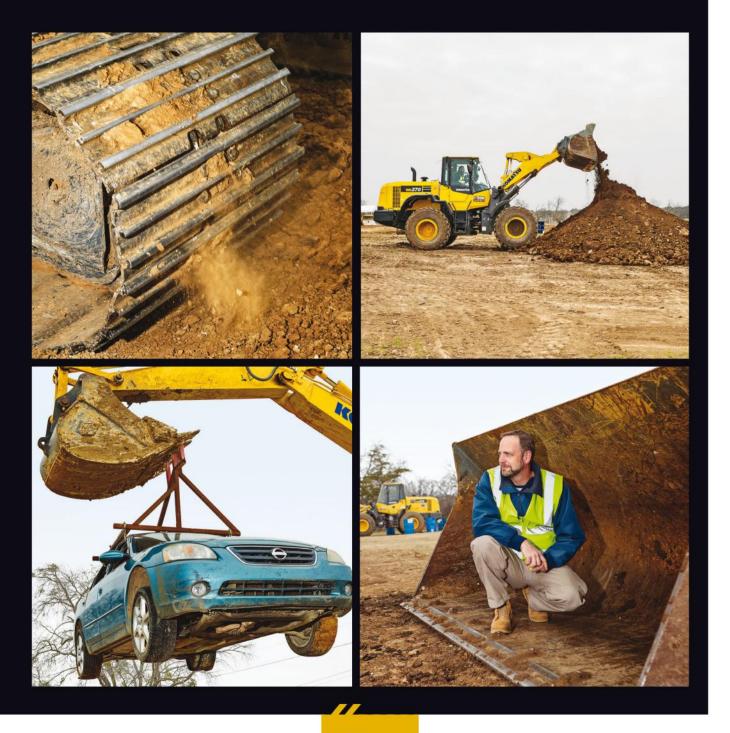


[1] I'm driving a wheel loader! [2] Playing ball with an excavator [3] Joy Frick, another sandboxer, runs the bulldozer [4] General Manager David Beardsley instructs [5] Wheel loader tire smash [6] The glorious sight of a Texas dirt shower

back to neutral, which stops the swinging of the cab. I pause to regain my senses, and then push the stick all the way to the right, causing the cab to spin just as fast the other way.

This is acceptable behavior at Extreme Sandbox, a company founded five years ago precisely so regular people like me can pay to screw around on machines that we've fantasized about since childhood. It's not a free-forall. Instructors emphasize safety, and mostly the idea is to perform a series of increasingly difficult jobs, but excavator cabs will do infinite 360s—so fast!—and instructors understand that it's something we students just have to get out of our systems. They all make the same Dad joke about "optional vomit insurance" in the classroom sessions.

The 26-ton PC210 is your middle-of-the-road excavator. It's neither some wimpy starter machine nor a full-on metal



dinosaur; mostly you see this digger on a normal building site. "It's not so intimidating for a new operator," Rich Smith, VP of Products and Services for Komatsu, would tell me later. "It's large enough to be impressive, but you don't have to climb an 18-foot ladder to get into the cab."

Still, it's big; and it's surprising how effortless manipulating the massive arm and claw feels. There is virtually no feedback; moving the stick is no more physical than playing an arcade game, thanks to a combination of electronic and hydraulic controls. I expected to somehow experience the weight of lifting a bucket filled with 500 pounds of earth—to sense the strain—but I feel nothing; ditto when I push the claw into clay that's nearly as firm as concrete.

The controls are so responsive that you have to make small, smooth inputs that aren't immediately logical to



[1] An excavator's tread [2] The wheel loader should get a "born to pile" bumper sticker [3] Picking up a car with the excavator takes as much effort as eating a ghost in Pac-Man [4] Tony Roberts, another patron of the Sandbox

greenhorns (especially male ones), who tend to apply too much force, which makes the entire machine shudder and jerk. Instructors call this "stabbing" the controls. Proper stick work, Nibbe says, should be delicate, "like surgery."

"OK, Josh," he says, after I've dug two holes, made a pile, and lifted the boom as high as possible to rain a "Texas dirt shower" upon the land. "You've been in this machine 10 minutes, and you know as much about excavation as I do."

Nibbe is exaggerating. What he means is that anyone who pays attention to the classroom instructions and then practices a little can perform basic operations. I can move around, position the arm, dig and dump dirt—but I do so slowly and awkwardly. Experienced operators can do multiple things at once—like dig while swinging the cab. They're also much faster and smoother.

Slow or not, I'm having fun. And, apparently, I'm being safe. If I had done something stupid or dangerous, Nibbe would have hit the kill switch that every instructor carries.

"OK," he says. "You wanna go pick up a car?"

### THE HISTORY OF EXTREME SANDBOX IS SHORT

and sensible. Back in 2009, when he was still a manager for Target Corporation, company founder Randy Stenger drove by a construction site with his 9-year-old son. The boy stared at the heavy equipment rolling around in the dirt and asked, "Wouldn't it be fun to go drive those things?"

"Yes, it would," Stenger answered, and the thought stuck. Later, over beers, he mentioned it to his brother. They spent the next year turning the idea into a business, and nearly another year looking for space. They finally opened the first Extreme Sandbox, three rented machines on a leased 10-acre lot outside Minneapolis, in April 2012.

At first, Stenger taught the sessions himself, after getting a crash course from his equipment dealer and practicing for hours. Clients assumed he had a background in construction. "Absolutely not," he'd tell them, with a smirk that he often deploys. "Does that give you a feeling of confidence?"

The business took off. Stenger hired help—including Nibbe, a former heavy-equipment operator—leased more machines, and built a 6,400-square-foot facility to serve as offices, a classroom, and storage for the equipment. Every month was busier than the one before.

This doesn't surprise me. Who hasn't felt the urge to hop the fence of a construction site and hijack a crane? My 6-year-old son, Charlie, loved excavators even before he could talk, and throughout his toddler years, he would search for them obsessively out of car windows, screaming "DIGGER!" every time he saw one. His 2-year-old brother, Nicky, is partial to dump trucks and bulldozers.

I've read them *Goodnight*, *Goodnight*, *Construction*Site probably 800 times, and I know I have company. The author, Sherri Duskey Rinker, used to watch her own son get too worked up reading about trucks at bedtime. She made up a calmer story about how diggers and dump trucks and cranes slow down and sleep after dark. Her book earned the No. 1 slot on *The New York Times* Children's Picture Books Best Seller list, bought by millions of parents like me.

If it seems like we're hardwired to love machines, it's because we actually might be. "There is a deeply ingrained attraction to tools that initially evolved long ago with anthropoid primates for object manipulation, and which evolved more dramatically in our hominin line," says Thomas Wynn, professor of anthropology at the University of Colorado, and one of the world's foremost experts on early tool use. "Humans like to fiddle with tools," he says.

Rob Shumaker, director of the Indianapolis Zoo and a specialist in animal tool use, agrees. Using implements to dig, pound, and hammer, he says, "is universal in great apes, which includes humans. Tool use is fundamental. It's

at our core." Obviously, there's a big difference between a rock and an excavator, Shumaker says. "But I think our attraction to this stuff is almost primal."

That's the sense I got from Tony Roberts, a retired Navy chief who now teaches aircraft maintenance in Fort Worth and whose wife bought him an Extreme Sandbox experience for Christmas. Roberts spends his days tearing apart airplanes. He flies them, from Cessna single-props to DC9s, for fun. But he was so excited about the prospect of driving bulldozers around an old horse pasture that he'd barely slept the night before and arrived an hour early. "I really joined the Navy just to run equipment," he admits.

### **IN 2015, STENGER COLD-CALLED A PRODUCER**

from *Shark Tank* and got on the show. Both Mark Cuban and Kevin O'Leary immediately embraced the concept. They decided to go halfsies on a \$150,000 investment in exchange for 15 percent of the company.

Stenger isn't even alone in this space. His primary U.S. competitor, in fact, beat him to market by five years. That would be Las Vegas-based Dig This, founded by Ed Mumm, a fence contractor who drove an excavator for the first time while building his own home, and went nuts for it. "I realized that if I enjoyed it this much, what about all the other people who never get the chance?" he told me. Mumm looked around to see who else had the idea and saw only some failed one-offs and the U.K.-based Diggerland.

Diggerland had four locations around the U.K., but it was too family-focused, in Mumm's estimation. It featured mostly mini machines and gimmicks—like excavators

If it sometimes seems like human beings are biologically hardwired to love this stuff, it's because we actually might be.



# 

# Two cars flattened by a corporate group a few days ago taunt me from the cockpit of the bulldozer, which rumbles like a war machine.

converted to rides for kids. He wanted bigger equipment. Mumm opened first in Colorado, then moved to Las Vegas with a marketing slogan he's still very proud of: "There's a new way to get dirty in Las Vegas... even your wife will like it." One pleasant surprise: Almost half of his clients have been female. "I also didn't expect so many engineers," Mumm says. "They're just fascinated with this kind of stuff.... A lot of us never really grow up, I guess."

So far, Stenger and Mumm are friendly rivals, but that might change when the second Dig This location opens in May—in the Dallas-Fort Worth metropolitan area. Los Angeles will follow that. (Diggerland now has a U.S. location too, in Philadelphia's New Jersey suburbs.)

Being in Vegas, Mumm attracts lots of bachelor parties, as well as corporate groups in town for conventions. Groups are huge for Stenger as well, making up about half of his business. They follow a different program than individual clients, typically doing some kind of team-building exercise or competition after the standard instruction. In Texas, there's an entire back pasture with boulders and dirt piles where instructors set up courses. A team might have to build a "garage" out of dirt and rock, and move a wrecked car across the field and into it, using "roads" that the instructors have destroyed. So before a team can start building anything, it might have to move boulders or fill holes. The point is to use all of the equipment.

"When we first started, HR people got nervous," Stenger says. They pictured desk jockeys drunk on diesel, unleashed upon expensive machines—all on the company's dime. "I told them that this is safer than bowling. We use very large equipment on a very solid base. It is virtually impossible to flip one over. You couldn't do it if you wanted to."

### THE NEWEST MACHINE IN TEXAS IS A WHEEL

loader—a vehicle with a huge bucket on the front to move dirt and other material around a job site. It works almost like a car, with a steering wheel, an accelerator, and a brake—plus a joystick on the right that controls the bucket. It replaced a much smaller machine, a skid steer loader that weighed only around 3 tons. Stenger made the swap after recognizing something counterintuitive: People are much more dangerous in a small, nimble machine. "We had more close calls on the skid steers than any other vehicle."

While the original concept of Extreme Sandbox was that it would be a "bucket-list" thing, some customers want to come back. One way to encourage that is to introduce new toys such as the loader. Stenger's got a firetruck in Minnesota now, and has at times offered a road grader and a combine harvester, thanks to a local farmer. Texas had a giant, articulated, off-road dump truck for a while. How about a crane? That's the machine my 2-year-old son screams at the most. "I would love it," Stenger says. It's one of the few pieces of heavy equipment that requires a license, but he swears he's "working on it." Lately, Stenger says, he's been lusting after those house-size dump trucks.

The thing that really hooked O'Leary on *Shark Tank* was the prospect of crushing a car, which any customer can do for an additional \$500. Extreme Sandbox gets (mostly) intact cars from junkyards and lets you go at them with an excavator. Sadly, that wasn't in my budget, but I do get to pick up a junker with the excavator and move it to a new "parking" spot, as well as push around an old minivan and an F150 with the wheel loader and bulldozer, respectively.

Two cars flattened by a corporate group a few days earlier taunt me from the cockpit of the bulldozer, which rumbles like a war machine. I suppress the urge to make a slow turn toward them. What I really want, though, is to drive across the lot and straight through the side of the trailer that's serving as office and classroom until Stenger can build a permanent structure. That would be satisfying.

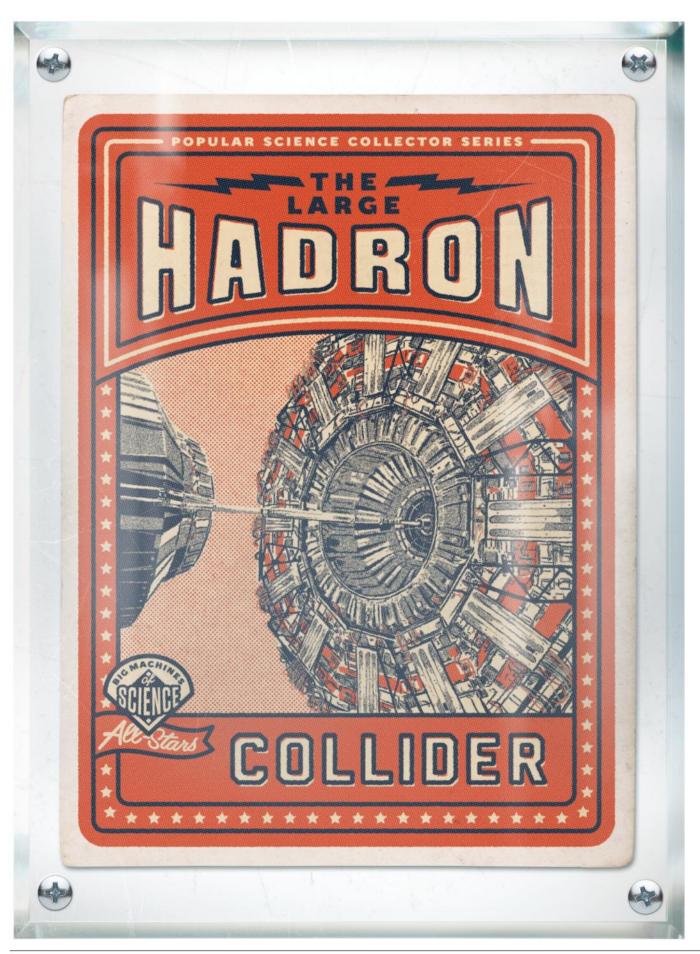
Stenger laughs when I mention this later, and says I'm not the first to suggest it. He's thought about getting some old RVs for people to crush, but they're filled with plastic and foam, and are, he says, "a nightmare to clean up."

He's got all sorts of ideas for the future. He's even fantasized about how cool it would be to partner with demolition contractors—guys who get paid to tear down houses—and arrange for his customers to do their work. "I have people who will pay to do it," Stenger says.

I'd be down. I bet Matthew Frick—who came out to the Sandbox with his wife when I was there—would be too. Toward the end of the day, I run into the two of them in the office, already plotting their return. They both loved the excavator, but it was the bulldozer that stuck with Matthew. "Until you get in it and feel the torque and power at your fingertips, you don't know," he says. "I'm still coming off the power trip from that bulldozer."



# THEY'RE STRONG. THEY'RE SMART. THEY'RE THE BIG machines of science. From deep-sea-diving dream boats to ersatz earthquake emitters; from space-faring weightless halls to subterranean subatomic particle slammers: These powerhouses were built for discovery. They've been used to puzzle out the secrets of the early universe and prepare us for a future filled with spaceflight—and that's not all. When it comes to science, brawn can be brilliant. But there's no such thing as too big to fail: Some of the coolest colossals were cursed to crash and burn. Now you can have the whole fleet on deck. Start your collection today!





# THE LARGE HADRON COLLIDER



# MACHINE STATISTICS

**TEAM:** Ace Accelerators

PRICE: \$3.7 billion

**ROOKIE YEAR: 2008** 

PLAYING FIELD:

French/Swiss border

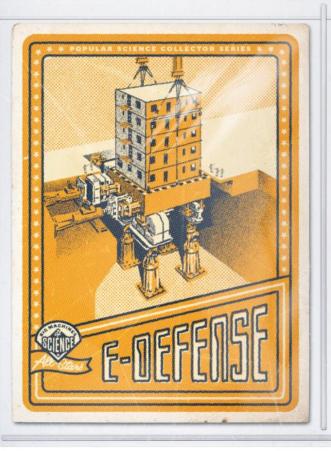
**BATTING AVERAGE:** Around 600 million particle collisions per second

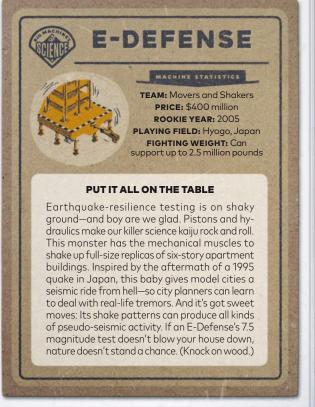
# WITH THIS RING, I THEE SMASH

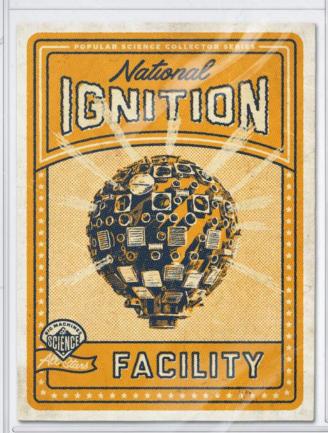
This ring-shaped proton roller coaster is one of the single largest machines on the planet. Protons shoot through its nearly 17-mile-long underground tunnel at close to the speed of light; the universe can't help but spill its secrets. Protons crash together at high speeds, revealing particles previously unknown. You've probably heard all about its 2012 grand slam, detecting the Higgs boson "God particle." But this heavy hitter is pretty chill: At 456 degrees below zero, the electromagnets that make it all happen are colder than outer space. Could one day upend the standard model of physics—or maybe open up a hole to a new dimension. For now, the Hadron's hard at work re-creating the Big Bang.

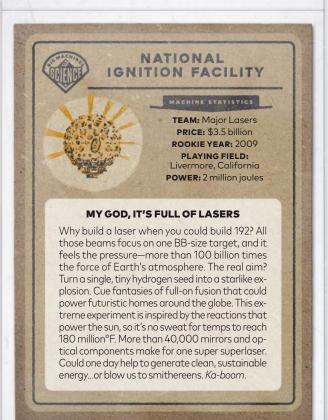






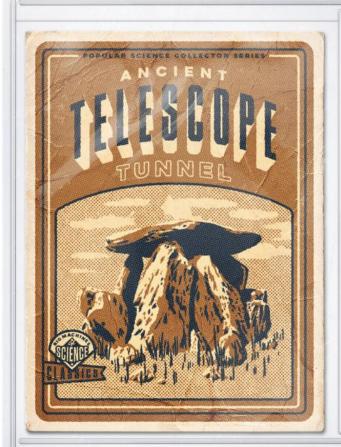




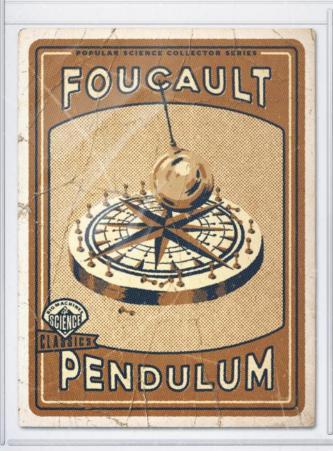


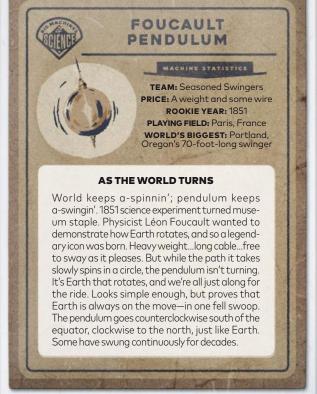










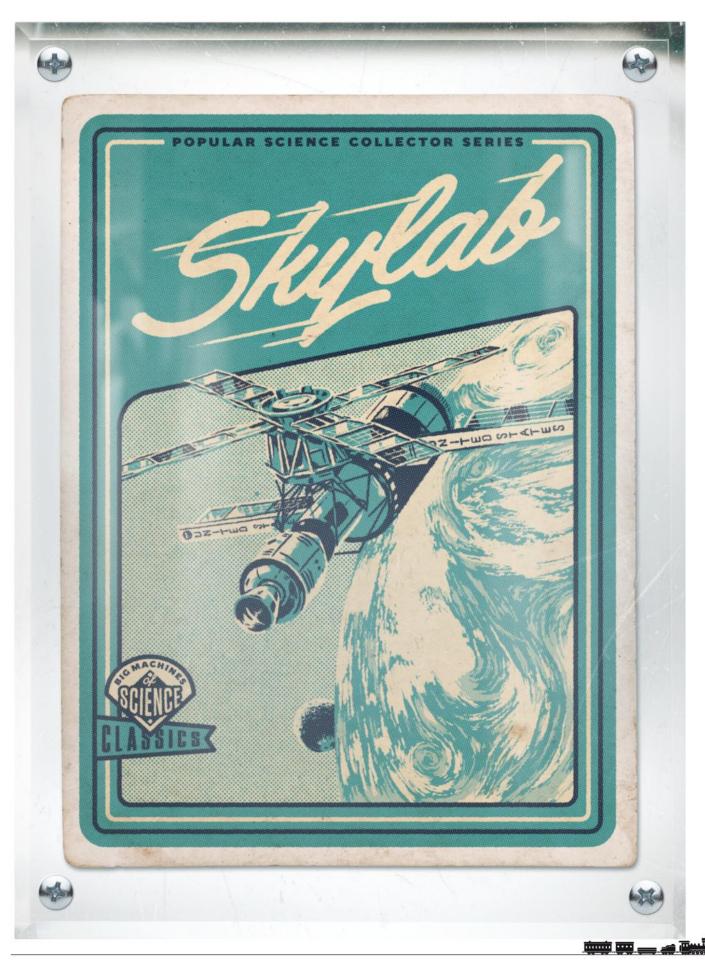














# SKYLAB

# MACHINE STATISTICS



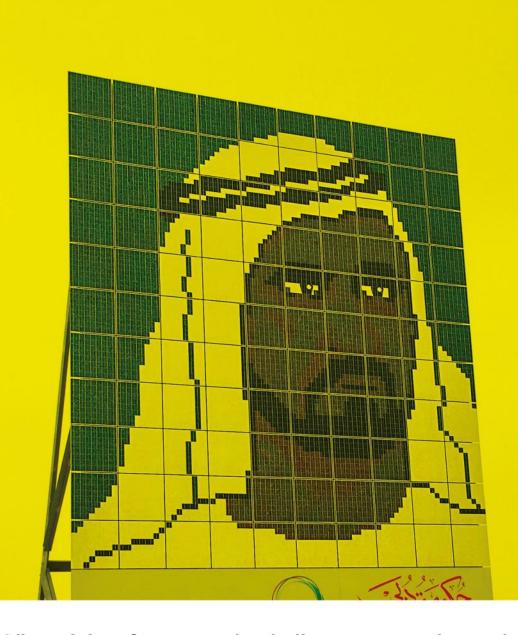
TEAM: Lofty Labs
PRICE: \$2.5 billion
ROOKIE YEAR: 1973
PLAYING FIELD: 270

miles above Earth

FINAL INNING: July 11, 1979

# WHAT GOES UP...

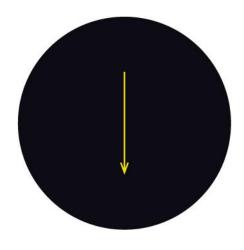
First U.S. space station to rise. Only one to fall. Multistory construction. Space shower. Big enough to test spacewalking equipment indoors. In short? Astronaut paradise. Almost. Endless engineering issues plagued the epic enterprise. There were so many onboard problems to fix that one exhausted crew actually went on strike. Budget cuts and good old gravity took care of the rest. But it was a great run: Nearly 300 science experiments helped prove that people could live in space long-term. Then 200,000 pounds of tech rendezvoused with Earth after 34,000 orbits. The atmosphere smashed Skylab to bits, scattering sciency shards across Western Australia. Orbital decay: 1, Skylab: 0.



Oil won't last forever, and Dubai's government knows it. To stay prosperous, the city-state bets big on science and technology.







# After Oil

Dubai drops away behind us, its comic-book skyline replaced by khaki sand dunes and the occasional wild camel. The first sign of the technological ambition we are about to see is a billboard: a 20-foot-tall portrait of Dubai's ruler, His Highness Sheikh Mohammed bin Rashid Al Maktoum, rendered in a mosaic of solar panels.

At a cluster of buildings about a halfhour south of the city, a guard slides open a high steel gate for our white SUV, with Alhaz Rashid Khokhar at the wheel. A project manager for the Dubai Electricity and Water Authority, Khokhar has, for the past several months, been working toward the opening here of a 200-megawatt expansion of the Mohammed bin Rashid Al Maktoum Solar Park. The dark panels stretch across the desert for more than 2 miles, a distance so far beyond the vanishing point that standing at one corner is like looking through a double mirror. The largest operating solar plant in the United States is just over 550 megawatts, but Dubai grows by exponents. This 200-megawatt section will soon be a smudge on the map beside an additional 5,000 megawatts planned to come online over the next 13 years—a \$14 billion investment targeted to meet 25 percent of Dubai's electricity needs. It is only one piece of a technological jigsaw puzzle that, once assembled, is intended to reinvent Dubai's role in the world.

For more than a decade, this city-state's story has been all about superlatives: the world's tallest building, the biggest fireworks display, the busiest international airport. But a new ethos has taken hold, a broad and purposeful strategy to swap profligacy for ingenuity. Unlike some countries, Dubai believes the planet is warming—and is determined to use science and technology not only to adapt to a new era of extremes, but also to make that adaptation the basis of its economy. Dubai wants to be known more as a laboratory for world-saving technology than for the man-made beaches, indoor ski slopes, and vast air-conditioned malls that defined its recent past. Its plan would seem hard to believe if the contemporary reality of Dubai itself weren't already so improbable. Dubai's transformation from a blip on the map to a global hub was a neat trick. But can it pull it off again?

Khokhar moved here with his family nearly five years ago, after turning down a job at home in India working for an international consulting company. In doing so, he became a leading indicator of Dubai's aspirations. Khokhar's not a laborer from the subcontinent, living in an un-air-conditioned work camp and toiling manually in the heat—the notorious

scenario that blemished Dubai's recent rise. He ranks among the region's best minds, and was attracted by the pay and lifestyle, as if Dubai were New York or London. "Here we have plans," Khokhar says about the solar park, but he just as easily could be talking about his family and Dubai itself.

He and his peers believe they are building a better future, the outlines of which are all around us. Inside the park's R&D facility—a small concrete slab building with big solar wings on the roof—researchers are working to improve the performance of photovoltaic modules in the parched, dusty environment. "You can easily lose 30 to 70 percent of the power from dust," explains Jim Joseph John, an Indian engineer who recently relocated here from Phoenix, Arizona, where he'd finished up some research for his Ph.D. On an adjacent patch of sand, three visiting technicians fiddle with a sophisticated weather station, their tools spilling out of their rental car's trunk. Behind another fence is a photovoltaic reverse-osmosis system, which transforms brackish groundwater into drinking water. Across a construction laneway, two steel towers a couple of stories tall poke at the sky like half-erected cranes. Technicians are preparing to install 3-D printers on them, which will extrude—in a matter of weeks—a whole building intended to house (naturally) a drone lab. The laneway itself will then be ripped up, its brick pavers replaced with solar panels and a system to wirelessly recharge electric cars as they drive along. For the moment, a run-of-themill plug energizes a white subcompact with a Dubai Electricity decal.

"You're going to be surprised," John says.
"The whole place is going to change."

# II. Minister of the Future

"We decided that we will go to the future—we will embrace the future without worry," says Mohammad Al Gergawi, the architect of Dubai's vision for the next half-century. He sits in the center seat of a vast table in the lush boardroom of one of the city's newest hotels. A waiter comes with a three-tiered curate stand piled with dates and nuts, his hand trembling with anxiety



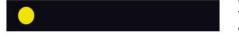
as he places it in front of Al Gergawi—one of the most powerful men in Dubai and close adviser to Sheikh Mohammed, the city-state's hereditary monarch and prime minister of the United Arab Emirates, the federation of which Dubai is a part.

"We believe that we in the UAE and in Dubai have a mission," Al Gergawi continues. "This region needs a puller from its misery. There is tremendous conflict. There is a lot of hatred, sectarian war, religious war, ethnic cleanses, refugees. We see the story. Then you come to Dubai."

The city appears a postcard for prosperity, youthful diversity, and cosmopolitanism.

# Mohammad Al Gergawi

The minister charged with Dubai's vision stands outside the Future Foundation; the building is 3-D-printed.



Taxi drivers skydive on their days off, and the fanciest hotels fill up with civil servants and white-collar professionals on special-occasion dates—alongside Russian oligarchs and Indian industrialists who arrive in 20-foot-long Rolls-Royces. The malls and streets are busy with people of all skin colors and ethnicities, in all kinds of national dress. The sense of mutual tolerance is palpable, sometimes joyful.

Sitting beside Al Gergawi are two 20-something advisers. The three of them are dressed in the kandura, the Emirati version of the flowing gown that's an icon of the Arab world. In golden cream, gray,



or blue, perfectly pressed and fitted, with a sleek collar and a tassel at the neck like a bolo tie, they wear them like power suits, the costume of Emirati privilege. Al Gergawi accessorizes his with black titanium-rimmed eyeglasses and blue mesh Skechers, like an Arab Steve Jobs. This might not be an accident.

Early last year, in a move that didn't go as viral as footage of Dubai firefighters on jetpacks or a tennis match on a helipad, Sheikh Mohammed reshuffled his cabinet. He created new positions for a Minister of Climate Change and Environment, a Minister of State for Happiness, and a Minister of State for Youth Affairs (a 22-year-old). Al Gergawi—already Minister of Cabinet Affairs, got a new appendage to his title: and the Future. This was a declaration of purpose. For the past 13 years, among other roles, he served as chairman of Dubai Holding, a state-owned investment vehicle, where he assembled a diverse empire of hotel, real estate, and telecommunications businesses. Now he would shift full time to planning the future of Dubai. "Today I'm excited, actually," he says, in a guru-like cadence. "I'm very excited. I'm excited because I know we'll have a beautiful journey to the future. I can see it. I can feel it."

Cities are machines, the largest things we

# The Financial Centre Metro Station

Dubai's line of driverless trains helps the city toward its goal of 25 percent of all local trips made via autonomous vehicles by 2030.



build. Their airports and seaports digest and expel people and goods, while their roads and rails siphon both through the urban landscape. Their tunnels carry data, power, water, and sewage. Their governing authorities work (one hopes) with deliberateness, imposing coherence on what otherwise could be chaos. It can all hum efficiently—or fail spectacularly. Typically, all of this is constructed over centuries. The Parisian sewer system dates to the 1850s; New York's first subway line opened in 1904; London got its first central power station in 1891. Avenues follow cow paths; creeks become water tunnels; fiber-optic lines slowly

take their place beside electric cables. The lesson of city building is that infrastructure takes forever-the tortoise to technology's hare. But Dubai has done it differently. Dubai has built in 50 years what has taken most cities 100. That isn't hyperbole or a PR stunt—though Dubai is famously expert at both—but a reality plainly visible in this metropolis of nearly 3 million people. For centuries Dubai was a sleepy port, serving the pearl trade in the Straight of Hormuz. In 1966, when Al Gergawi was 3 years old, the newly formed Dubai Petroleum Company found oil off the coast. While engineers worked to pump it up from the seabed, his boyhood school still lacked electricity. He drank rust-colored water, filtered with a piece of cloth. "Nothing was here, actually," he recalls. The site of the beachfront hotel we're sitting in had been a smallpox sanitarium. "While you were coming from the airport, probably you drove down Sheikh Zayed, which is an eight-lane highway? My first trip on this road was when it was a dirt road. It was sand dune."

Growth came with infrastructure. Flush with petrodollars, Dubai began to build: roads, a massive seaport, an airport, an airline, and power plants. But they knew their resource wealth was only temporary, while the scarcity of the desert environment



was forever. Sheikh Rashid bin Saeed Al Maktoum, Dubai's ruler at the time, put it in a maxim: "My grandfather rode a camel, my father rode a camel, I drive a Mercedes, my son drives a Land Rover, his son will drive a Land Rover, but his son will ride a camel." The prophesied second generation of Land Rover drivers are the 20-somethings sitting beside Al Gergawi. (One drives not a Land Rover but a Mercedes G-Wagen.) Al Gergawi's challenge is to bend fate, to keep the camels in the desert, and to put his grandchildren back into Mercedes—or perhaps flying cars.

Over the past generation, Dubai's advantage has been the new geography of air travel. The city is perfectly situated to link Europe and the Americas with Africa, Asia, and Australia. An estimated 95 percent of the world's population is within flying range of the Airbus A380, the giant double-decker flagship of Emirates, Dubai's airline.

For the next generation, Dubai's advantages are more fraught, tied as they are to impending climate catastrophe. Many cities are about to face new extremes of temperature and drought. Dubai already does. Many cities will struggle to find fresh water and clean power. Dubai already does. Viewed in this light, Dubai is a place where the future has arrived early.

Rather than be intimidated by its potentially catastrophic challenges, withdrawing from the world and doubling down on outdated technologies, Dubai is accelerating toward it. The plan is simple: Turn the traditional mechanisms of urban life into a platform for confronting the hazards of contemporary society. Then export those innovations. If a city is a machine, Dubai wants to be the most advanced city-machine the world has ever seen—and it wants to sell its blueprints to everyone. "Dubai is recognizing that climate change is an existential threat to its ability to be a prosperous part of the world," says David Pomerantz, executive director of the Energy and Policy Institute, a watchdog group.

To publicly speculate about the jigsaw puzzle of technological possibilities, Dubai opened a Museum of the Future, housed temporarily in a white-wrapped pavilion until permanent space can be constructed. An opening video, projected in a 360-degree cyclorama, pretends to look back in time from the Dubai of 2050. "Not too long ago, climate change brought us to the edge of extinction," a narrator warns in Arabic and then English as a montage of destruction flashes on the screen: skyscrapers subsumed by sand, riots in the streets, forests disintegrating into dust. "But the UAE saw an opportunity: to move fast and create breakthroughs that the world had never seen."

In this imagined Dubai of the future, the electricity and water authority has blown past today's supersize desalination plant and opened a bio-desalination plant, grown from the genes of a jellyfish (the "most absorptive natural material") and a mangrove tree ("one of nature's best desalinators"). And it sold them too: "We also export jellyfish bio-desalination plants to cities across the world," the stentorian voice continues. Robots construct buildings from sand. An artificial intelligence selects and grows food in indoor farms. And flying cars pulse through traffic-free streets. It's all presented with enough science-fiction flair to maintain a sense of humor. But the punchline is serious: "We solved our own problems, and now climate solutions are our greatest export." At a historical moment when-in the United States, at least—global-warming predictions remain politically controversial, it is startling to see Dubai planning its

economic future around these challenges.

"Because we don't have, we need to think harder," Al Gergawi says, tacitly acknowledging that the pieces of the puzzle don't yet fit together. "We need to think faster, and we need to reinvent every single product. You look at history. You look at the future. You look at research and say: 'You know what? How can I create this journey?'" Then he pops a cashew into his mouth.

# III. The Laboratory City

One evening, walking along the beach, I come upon a team of workmen busily disassembling a small wooden platform with a bold "E" stamped into the middle of a blue circle. I was mystified when I first saw it that morning, appearing as if out of nowhere. Was it a dance floor for some extravagant party on the beach? A helipad? These didn't seem unusual questions in Dubai. Why did it appear, only to be removed 12 hours later under cover of night? But if the purpose was a secret, the workmen were never told to keep it. "It's for a drone," says the man who seems to be in charge, momentarily pulling his phone away from his ear. Why were they dismantling it? "Technical challenges."

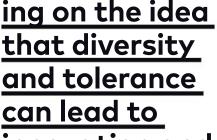
The next day, Ahmed Hashem Bahrozyan, a senior executive at Dubai's Roads & Transport Authority, clarifies things. "Anything that moves people, we're looking into," he says. We're standing beside what looks like a carnival ride, caged behind velvet ropes: the Ehang 184, a Chinese-designed drone big enough to transport one passenger and one small bag 30 minutes across the city. The official plan is for trial service to begin in July. But later, when pressed on the feasibility of that immediate goal, the chairman of the RTA only laughed. Dubai knows flair. The announcement had the desired effect of generating headlines worldwide. The same went for the fanfare around Dubai's plan to build a Hyperloop passenger-transport system connecting with its neighbor, Abu Dhabi—an announcement that was later downgraded to a "pre-feasibility study."

Dubai's other transportation plans are more proven. In 2009, when it was reeling from the global economic collapse, the city

opened a metro line, the first in the region, with driverless trains. Its nearly 200 million annual rides (compared with 1.763 billion on the New York City subway system) form the basis for Dubai's goal that 25 percent of all local trips be made via autonomous vehicles by 2030. The RTA is looking at driverless buses and aerial gondolas, and is pushing to compete with cities around the world to attract the companies that are developing self-driving technology.

This is a case where being a monarchy has its advantages. Dubai can change regulations quickly to better attract companies like Uber and Daimler to use the city as a lab. "The ability to meet their needs faster than other possible cities around the world—where there's much more bureaucracy, and it takes time to change regulations and policies—that's attractive to them," Bahrozyan says, "because even they don't know exactly what they need unless they come and try." The RTA is

# Dubai is banking on the idea that diversity and tolerance can lead to innovation and prosperity.



working toward providing the sophisticated mapping necessary for autonomous transport, as well as a citywide cloud that would share data among thousands of vehicles from many different manufacturers.

This is the kind of backbone building that has proved worthwhile for Dubai in the past—not only to improve efficiency at home, but also to export for profit abroad. It's the same strategy that has driven the growth of DP World, operator of Dubai's enormous Jebel Ali seaport, which sells its automation technology globally.

Supercharging the plans is infrastructure spending-\$3 billion of it on transportation -in advance of the World Expo, which Dubai will host in 2020, the first ever in the Arab world. The RTA will extend the metro line 9 miles to the site, adjacent to Dubai's sprawling new airport, and starchitects like Norman Foster and Santiago Calatrava are designing pavilions.

Technically speaking, the sustainability goals are bold. Fifty percent of the energy used during the event will be generated from renewable sources, and 50 percent of that is expected to be generated onsite. The Emirates pavilion, designed by Calatrava, will have deployable wings with integrated solar panels.

Whereas past expos-like those in Shanghai and Milan—have been primarily focused on a domestic audience, Dubai expects 70 percent of the fair's 25 million visitors to come from outside the UAE (most likely on an A380). They'll be unwittingly celebrating something else as well: the 50th anniversary of the founding of the United Arab Emirates. It's all a chance for Dubai to punctuate that international outlook-what Reem Al-Hashimy, director general of the Expo, describes as an interconnectivity. "That's how Dubai has survived," she says. "It's been this place where people come from all over and find a better way of life."

Dubai's middle class appears to be far broader and more diverse than it was a decade ago, when the dominant media narrative was about a fantasy city built on the backs of slave labor. The extent to which working conditions have improved is hard to judge, but the reality of the city as a business and commercial hub is plainly apparent. If Dubai's future is as a





knowledge hub, it will have to fulfill the dreams of more than just the Emiratis. With rare exceptions, only they are allowed to be citizens, and since visas are based on employment, deportation isn't so much an extreme consequence as an everyday worry. That may have mattered less to the Emiratis when labor was expendable. But to compete for global talent, Dubai needs to transform from a transitory polyglot society to a permanently cosmopolitan one—an ambition that has become a talking point of Sheikh Mohammed. "The uniqueness of Dubai is the fact that it is a melting pot of the world's cultures, ethnicities, and minds in one city," he said in a statement.

Al Gergawi acknowledges the challenge of that transition in his own vague way. "I'm saying we're not perfect," he says. "We are young kids on the block, if you look at the block as the world. Every day we say: 'How can we improve? How can we move to the next step in every single aspect?""

Maybe it is necessary to grade Dubai on a curve. By the standards of a liberal democracy, Dubai remains retrograde. There is no democratic representation, poor freedom of the press, and homosexuality remains illegal. But compared with the rest of the Arab world, Dubai is a beacon of openness and modernity. Thirty

## Sara<u>h Amiri</u>

She is the science lead and deputy project manager of the Mars mission.

### Space Centre

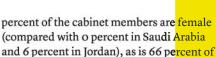
The growing complex includes mission control, research labs, and a clean room to build satellites.

idea that diversity and tolerance can lead to innovation, and innovation can lead to both economic prosperity and—in the current language of the government—a happy city.

Can that happiness be attained without extending citizenship beyond Emiratis? It is a controversial question. Al Gergawi demurs. "We are a young country," he says.

# IV. Mars and Beyond

Sarah Amiri is a young scientist. At 30 years old, she is the science lead and deputy project manager of what is perhaps Dubai's most audacious project: the Emirates Mars Mission. Before she even completed her master's in computer engineering from the American University of Sharjah, next to Dubai, she landed here, at the Mohammed bin Rashid Space Centre, a small compound of low buildings with facades of silver square panels, not far past the airport. A circular radio dish points to the sky. A colorful parrot chatters inside the cafeteria, darkened on this weekend morning. The building is otherwise quiet, except for a security guard and a single engineer, monitoring DubaiSat-2, the polar orbiting imaging (CONTINUED ON P.100)



the government workforce.

Dubai's long game is to create an atmosphere for future growth. It has taken its initial good luck—its limited oil reserves, along with the unlimited ones of its generous neighbor, Abu Dhabi—and made even more out of it, leveraging finite oil wealth into a viable position as a global hub. As part of the plan for the Expo, the government has established a \$100 million fund to finance tech startups from around the world and bring them to Dubai. It is banking on the



### Sheila Dwyer, Hanford Observatory

Ripples in spacetime make LÍGO's 2.5-mile-long arms quiver so its lasers hit detector mirrors inside. Dwyer kept the mirrors aligned.

### Madeline Wade, Kenyon College

Wade writes code to calculate LIGO's moves—within one-tenthousandth the diameter of a proton—based on laser behavior.

### Michael Coughlin, Harvard University

Cosmic collisions—like black-hole mergers—make LIGO dance. Coughlin uses optical telescopes to track down those black holes.

R.C. Essick • T.G.F. Li • A. Pal-Singh • L. Barsotti • C. Palomba • L. Gerge v • E. Goetz • S. Biscans • N.D. Smith • H. Wang • M. Cho • A.W. Muir • B. Mours • M. Fays • D. Simakov • J.H. Poeld • T. Prestegard • I.W. Harry • D.J. MoManus • R. Poggiani • A.M. Cruise • K. Danzmann • G. Cerretani • X. Wang • G. Heinzel • S.P. Stevenson • J.J. Oh • C.M. Mow-Lowry • K.C. Cannon • M.C. Edwards • L. Zangrando • M.H. Wimmer • A. Heidmann • C.L. Mueller • J.D. Romano • E.C. Ferreira • D. Bersanetti • S.E. Barclay • M. Bazzan • H.S. Cho • V. Dolique • F. Kawazoe • Z. Zhou • C. Bogan • M. Bitossi • P.R. Brady • C. Mishra • M. Branchesi • E.J. Daw • M. Steinke • L. Prokhorov • S. Mirshekari • R. Weiss • C.H. Lee • S.E. Whitcomb • A.F. Brooks • A.G. Wiseman • N. Van Bakel • R. Birney • E.A. Huerta • A. Pele • D.S. Rabeling • E. Coccia • M.R. Smith • M. Korobko • J.R. Sanders • T. Souradeep • C. Affeldt . J.E. Brau . I Dave . J.A. Clark . A.M. Sintes . Y. Zhang . M. Lorenzini . C.V. Torres . M. Davier . M. Zevin . T. Briant . Z. Khan . Y. Wang • S. Sachdev • M.S. Kehl • R. Everett • M. Montani • S.T. Countryman • B.C. Stephens • M. Wade • B. Patricelli • M. Vardaro • M. Pitkin • B.C. Moore • S.L. Danilishin • S. Grunewald • I. Kowalska • G. Mazzolo • P.M. Meyers • M.A. Bizouard • M. Ast • F. Baldaccini • J. Schmidt • S. Raja • J. Zweizig • A. Singer • M. Hendry • S.D. Reyes • C. Belczynski • O. Lousto • D.M. Coward • M. Pürrer • L.S. Finn • F. Clara • A. Gatto • A.S. Bell • C.F. Da Silva Costa • A. Pai • A. Melatos • B.F. Schutz • B.C. Barish • F. Cleva • D.J. Vine • G. González • R.D. Williams • R.T. DeRosa • J. Bartlett • G. Serva • L. Kuo • M. Mantovani • C.C. Buchanan • A.W. Heptonstall • N. Indik • B.C. Pant • S. Koley • G. Islas • N. Christensen • F. Matichard • Archisman Ghosh • D.R. Ingram • T. Regimbau • M. Cabero • I. Di Palma • R.P. Fisher • M. R. Abernathy • A.D. Silva • A. Buonanno • S.D. Antonio • S.E. Dwyer • C. Zhao • J. Meidam • A. Gopakumar • R. Schnabel • I. Maksimovic • B. Machenschalk • B.L. Swinkels • Y. Pan • R. Mittleman • L. Rei • J.M. Isac • K. Mason • M. Heurs • S. Chao • V. Pierro • D. Cook • J.T. Whelan • H.A.G. Gabbard • G. Newton • A. Pasqualetti • I. Khan • D. Huet • C. Casentini • A.J. Weinstein • A. Kontos • H. Pan • M.C. Heintze • V. Germain • J.P. Zendri • T. D. Abbott • V. Malvezzi • E.A. Khazanov • P.J. King • C. Baune • T. Callister • P. Schale • G. Cella • C. Wilkinson • S. Ghosh • S. Huang • D.E. McClelland • M.C. Díaz • D.J. Murphy • C. Graef • B.D. Lackey • N.M. Brown • B.K. Berger • E. Katsavounidis • T. Adams • H. Vahlbruch • S.M. Koehlenbeck • R. Bonnand • D. DeBra • A. Post • I. Mandel • T. Vo • D. Talukder • X. Fan • S.E. Hollitt • P. Shawhan • N. Kijbunchoo • M. Walker • C.V. Kalaghatgi • L.W. Wei • M. Saleem • L. Rolland • D. Schuette • M. Phelps • F. Barone • H. Yu • A.L.

Lombardi • J. Read • L. Sadeghian • G. Lovelace • H. Ward • A. Schönbeck • P. Astone • A. Brillet • C.P.L. Berry • S. Husa • M.E. Zucker • D.A. Brown • A. Glaefke • W.D. Vousden • J.R. Leong • P.F. Cohadon • M. Favata • L. Gondan • R. Bork • P. Brockill • N. Arnaud • J. Birch • D.V. Martynov • L. Sun • D.I. Jones • E. Merilh • R. Singh • J. Oberling • E.E. Cowan • B.J. Owen • K.L. Dooley • L. Cunningham • D. Trifirò • R. Vaulin • G.H. Sanders • H. Vocca • W. Parker • S.A. Usman • P. Groot • T.B. Littenberg • J.C. Barayoga • N.A. Gordon • D. Moraru • T.P. Downes • M.W. Coughlin • M. Neri • J. Powell • F. Nocera • P.J. Veitch • D. Ugolini • J.R. Smith • S. Bloemen • B. Day • F.J. Raab • A. Corsi • W. Del Pozzo • M. Pichot • T. Huynh-Dinh • V. Tiwari • K. Kim  $\bullet$  J.P. Coulon  $\bullet$  L. Kleybolte  $\bullet$  L. Matone  $\bullet$  S. Hild • K.A. Hodge • J. Harms • S. Frasca • B. Sassolas • L. Trozzo • R. Cavalieri • M.A. Arain • M. Di Giovanni • G. Kang • R. Kennedy • A. Sheperd • L. Naticchioni • M.J. Hart • S.H. Oh • J. O'Dell • S. Tiwari • K.

ONE
EXPERIMENT

1,011
PEOPLE

Jani • P. Oppermann • M. Haney • P. Couvares • S.G. Gaonkar • M. MacInnis • C. Pankow • K. Siellez • F. Frasconi • K.A. Thorne • J.D.E Creighton • J.J. Hacker • G.H. Ogin • F. Sorrentino • P. Kumar • M. Rakhmanov • M. Punturo • M. Zanolin • M. Zhou • G. Hammond • R. Schilling • P. Raffai • F. Ricci • F. Cavalier • A. Paoli • V.B. Adya • S. Ascenzi • E.G. Thomas • M. Lormand • G. Vajente • L. Milano • W. Kells • J. Luo • G. Stratta • E. Capocasa • R.S. Ottens • P. Ehrens • D.J. Hosken • L.T. London • R. McCarthy • Y. Chen • S. Kandhasamy • L.R. Price • F. Garufi • R. Gustafson • H. Fong • J. Cao • E. Calloni • S. Gras • G. Traylor • A. Conte • A. Gupta • C. Hanna • G.A. Prodi • M. Bejger • A.R. Wade • H. Fehrmann • M. DeLaurentis • B. Weaver • S. Vitale • J.H. Chow • I. Yakushin • G. Woan • R. Jones • A.L. Stuver • V. Predoi • J.S. Key • J. Casanueva Diaz • D.L. Kinzel • P. Weßels • K. Kokeyama • J. Ming • M. Prijatelj • T.Z. Summerscales • S.J. Waldman • A. Lenon • T.D. Creighton • C. Biwer • D. Passuello • E.J. Howell • G. Wu • P.J. Sutton • P. Papolizio • O. Puncken • D. Tuyenbayev • L. Cerboni Baiardi • C.S. Unnikrishnan • K.A. Strain • S. Koranda • H. Miao • L. Wallace • G. Wang 📝 A. Chincarini • B.S. Sathyaprakash • B. Sandeen • A. Nitz • G. Ballardin • H. Dereli 🔖 R. Robinet • F. Donovan • D.G. Blair • A. Rüdiger • G. Gemme • V.J. Roma • X. Siemens • M. van Beuzekom • Y.M. Hu • S. Privitera • K.V. Tokmakov • J.K. Blackburn • C.D. Capano • E. Cesarini • M. Leonardi • N. Aggarwal • R. Bassiri • D. Steinmeyer • P.R. Saulson • P. Puppo • A. Effler • D. Mukherjee • E.A. Quintero • R. Pedurand • B.L. Pearlstone • C. Lazzaro • R.M.S. Schofield • E. Chassande-Mottin • G. Romanov • S.S. Eikenberry • A. Colla • C.G. Collette • J. Hanks • G. Cagnoli B. Lantz • M. Evans • D.M. Macleod • C. Messick • J. Eichholz • S.C. McGuire • P. Fritschel • Richard J. Oram • M. Tonelli • O. Bock • Y. Setyawati • E. Oelker • K. Ryan • P. Ajith • C.D. Ott • F. Martelli • S. Steinlechner • P. Hopkins • S. Rowan • D. Barta • T. MacDonald • D.H. Shoemaker • E. Maros • G. Ciani • J. Veitch • W. Engels • N.S. Darman • J. Scott • O. Sauter • S.H. Huttner • J.L. Willis • J.D. Lough • V.P. Mitrofanov • H. Lück • G. Valdes • H. Wittel • A. Freise • D.B. Kelley • D.G. Keppel • S. Jawahar • K. Kawabe • G. Bergmann • R.M. Blair • M. Factourovich • A. Staley • B. Barr • F. Paoletti • N. Turconi • S.J. Chamberlin • J.L. Wright • J.V. Van Heijningen • Z. Du • M.S. Shahriar • S. Strigin • S. Caride • M.M. Hanke • D. Pascucci • M.J. \$zczepańczyk • D.M. Shoemaker • F. Piergiovanni • B. Krishnan • M. Granata • R. Bhandare • P.T. Baker • M. Boer • H.P. Daveloza • H. Fair • M.M. Fejer • A.B. Nielsen • E.J. King • P. Schmidt • M. Masso-Reid • S. Babak • S.M. Aston • R.J.E. Smith • M. Kasprzack • Q. Fang • J. Qin • J.

### Robert Schofield, University of Oregon

A lightning strike 6,000 miles away in West Africa could have caused LIGO's quiver. Schofield proved that it didn't.



effler tweaked hardware to better catch false alarms. She and her team finished tinkering for the night just before the real signal hit.

# Joey Key, University of Washington

By October, the wave was confirmed. Key heads the team that announced the discovery, translating it into 17 languages.

### Jessica McIver, Caltech

Any movement can set off LIGO. One pesky rumble occurred every hour for months. McIver's team found the culprit: a refrigerator.

### Kiwamu Izumi, Caltech

Izumi found ways to make LIGO less vulnerable to false signals. "It's like detective work, trying to arrest the criminal noise source."

### Jenne Driggers, Hanford Observatory

On September 14, it looked like LIGO caught a wave. Driggers was one of many tasked with showing the signal wasn't random noise.

Kim • J.B. Camp • J.M. Gonzalez Castro • O. Piccinni • L. Williams • S. Mukherjee • P. Charlton • D.C. Coyne • O. Palashov • R.M. Martin • V. Loriette • J. Munch • A. Grant • P. Ruggi • D. Buskulic • M. Cavaglià • F. Carbognani • G. Ashton • S. Cortese • N. Cornish • C.-J. Haster • M. Manske • I. Bartos • T. J. Massinger • N.A. Strauss • A.S. Markosyan • F. Ferrini • E.K. Gustafson • H.R. Paris • C. Vørvick • N.A. Robertson • T.P. Bodiya • N. Mavalvala • V. Fafone • S.A. Pai • M.L. Gorodetsky • V.V. Frolov • T. Etzel • T. Dent • M.J. Cowart • A. Viceré • Y. Ma • J. Degallaix • V. Mandic • J.B. Kanner • P.B. Graff • J. McIver • H.P. Pfeiffer • V. Sandberg • P. Bacon • H.K. Lee • R. Kumar • N. Man • V.B. Braginsky • B.P. Abbott • M. Mageswaran • R. Stone • E. Genin • R. Robie • B.R. Hall • K. Mossavi • E. cuoco • P. Thomas • R. Frey • J.J. Slagmolen • D.B. Kozak • K. Haris • A. Cumming • J.R. Palamos • F. Pannarale • T. Dal Canton • M. Constancio • M. Agathos • H. Qi • C.I. Torrie • Y.M. Kim • W.Z. Korth • D. Voss • A.C. Green • F. Kéfélian • A. Ain • X.J. Zhu • C. Cheng • H.Y. Chen • J.R. Gair • k. Gill • Abhirup Ghosh • N./Leroy • S. Karki • A. Masserot • S. Caudill • E. Ochsner • J.R. Gleason • I.S. Heng • C.M. Reed • B.A. Boom • S. Márka • S.E. Gossan • L. Cadonati • P. Leaci • D. Barker • G.M. Harry • V. Bavigadda • S. Mitra • L. Winkelmann • A.S. Sengupta • S.M. Scott • G. Dojonoski • R. Taylor • V. Frey • J. Calderón Bustillo • M. Was • M. Fyffe • M.C. Araya • P. Jaranowski • R. De Rosa • L. Cominsky • B. O'Reilly • T.P. Edo • J.A. Giaime • R. Douglas • B. Gendre • J. Heefner • K. Arai • M. Barsuglia • G. Mueller • L.K. Nuttall • B. Sorazu • M.A. Barton • G. Losurdo • T. Theeg • R. Passaquiet • D. Sellers • V. Kringel • K. Lee • E.A. Houston • S.R. Morriss • F.Y. Khalili • M. Weinert • C.J. Moore • K. Izumi • A. Moggi • A. Samajdar • 🕆 M. Evans • A. Neunzert • G. Greco • A. Taracchini • F. Marion • G. Kuehn • L. Pekowsky • G. Hemming • J.H. Romie • I. Ferrante • P.D. Lasky • D.D. Brown • K. Venkateswara • F. Mezzani • S. Deléglise • K. Craig • M. Yvert • E. Schreiber • J. Logue • R.W.P. Drever • M. Drago • S. Dhurandhar • A. Buikema • S.S. Premachandra • J. Cripe • T. Westphal • D. Keitel • A. Mullavey • P. Kwee • M.K. Gupta • L.M. Sampson • P. Aufmuth • S. Penn • A. Idrisy • J. Prasad • S. Di Pace • A. Zadroźny • G. Debreczeni • Z. Márka • G. Billingsley • F. Jiménez-Forteza • R. Gouaty • K. Wiesner • S.R.P. Mohapatra • L. Wen • V. Necula • T. Bulik • S. Fairhurst • A.P. Lundgren • K.E. Gushwa • W. Katzman • I. Nardecchia • S. Doravari • F. Acernese • S. Chung • C. Aulbert • R. Romano • S. Reid • A. Sawadsky • R.J.G. Jonker • Arunava Mukherjee • H. Yamamoto • C. Bond • J. Hanson • A. Di Lieto • D. Feldbaum • H. Radkins • C.R. Ramet • L. Ju • R.

In 2015, the LIGO Scientific Collaboration's twin observatories detected gravitational waves—one of Einstein's major predictions. The feat, expected to win a Nobel, made a few famous. But it depended on this legion of the unsung. Abbott • R.J.S. Greenhalgh • N.K. Johnson-McDaniel • H. Middleton • M. Landry • T.T. Fricke • T.T. Nguyen • G.S. Davies • M.E.N. Normandin • A. Kutynia • R. Goetz • K.G. Arun • J.F.J. van den Brand • Nam-Gyu Kim • M. Mohan • M. Thomas • R. Flaminio • S. McCormick • G. Gaur • M.C. Tringali R. Chakraborty • J. Worden • M. Pickenpack • J.C. Driggers • R.L. Byer • R. X. Adhikari • I.A. Bilenko • H.J. Bulten • F. Bondu • G. Vedovato • C.C. Arceneaux • H. Grote • R. DeSalvo • O. Birnholtz • J. Bergman • M. Tacca • S. Vinciguerra • J. Healy • S. Shah • A.K. Srivastava • A. Sevigny • V. Mangano • D. Meacher • V. Boschi • D.C. Vander-Hyde • K. Wette • M. Razzano • B. Farr • S. Leavev • D.E. Holz • D.J. White . M.P. Thirugnanasambandam . S.G. Crowder . T. Kaur • L. Sammut • R. Prix • W. Winkler • A. Giazotto • S. Bhagwat • H.B. Eggenstein • S.T. McWilliams • S. Meshkov • T. Sadecki • F. Travasso • B.M. Levine • V. Kalogera • J. Miller • J.S. Kissel • S. Farinon • A. Sergeev • A. Perreca • B. Allen • M. Fletcher • L. Di Fiore • A. Basti • L.E. Wade • C.C. Wipf • N.

Mazumder • D. Mendoza-Gandara • E.E. Mikhailov • M. Frede • A. Bozzi • W.W. Johnson • F. Zhang • M. Gosselin • M.T. Hartman • J.Y. Vinet • G. Bogaert • T. Hardwick • C. Van Den Broeck • P. Fulda • D. Verkindt • A. Singh • S. Kaufer • J. Warner • F. Fidecaro • P. Bojtos • A.R. Williamson • D. Hofman • B. Hughey • V. Dergachev • I.W. Martin • A. Di Virgilio • J. Hennig • L. Van Der Schaaf • J.C. Batch • M. Chan • M. Principe • C.D. Blair • E.D. Hall • L.P. Singer • C. Cahillane • Namjun Kim • R. Coyne • M. Wang • C. Bradaschia • A. Khalaidovski • G.M. Guidi • C. Michel • L. Pinard • M. Zhang • C. Buy • H. Heitmann • G. McIntyre • P.A. Willems • A. Bisht • N. Straniero • J.N. Marx • I.M. Pinto • R.L. Ward • H. Overmier • C.B. Cepeda • M. Tápai • B. Behnke • S. Vass • R.L. Savage • F. Magaña-Sandoval • L. Salconi • T.R. Corbitt • R.A. Mercer • T. Welborn • G. Moreno • S. Franco • R. Inta • J. Yablon • M. Ducrot • O. D. Aguiar • C.A. Costa • M.D. Hannam • Z. Shao • T. Chalermsongsak • B. Shapiro • J. Betzwieser • A. Singhal • J.E. Lord • Z. Patrick • J.S. Areeda • G. Nelemans • Y. Levin • Y. Bouffanais • <mark>C. Messenger</mark> • S. Bose • M. Millhouse • K. Agatsuma • V. Brisson • N. Mukund • C.J. Bell • K. Holt • C. Krueger • A. Lazzarini • M. Isi • N.A. Lockerbie • P. A. Altin • A. Vecchio • M. Vasúth • T. Shaffer • D. Fiorucci • M.K.M. Bader • E. Majorana • M. Padraza • V. Dattilo • E.J. Son • D. Sentenac • V. Sequano • K. Riles • T. Jacqmin • L. Zhang • S.P. Tarabrin • D. Sigg • H.N. Isa • C.C. Yancey • M.A. Papa • D. Töyrä • R. O'Shaughnessy • S. Walsh • B. Willke • K. Nedkova • P.G. Murray • C. Tomlinson • B.R. Iyer • M. Oliver • H. Rew • A. Mytidis • C. Adams • V. Quetschke • K. Haughian • A. Libson • D. Aoak • M. Vallisneri • E.O. Lebigdt • M. Tse • J. Lange • D. Rosińska • K.S. Thorne • H. Jang • G.L. Mansell • W.G. Anderson • N. Letendre • E.J. Sanchez • R.M. Magee • A. Chiummo • I. Fiori • M. Shaltev • S.B. Coughlin R. Quitzow-James • F. Vetrano • L. Martellini • A. Bohe • S.B. Anderson • A. Allocca • S. Klimenko • S.W. Ballmer • D.A. Shaddock • D.H. Reitze • S.E. Zuraw • W. Yam • L. Aiello • D. Nolting • P. Addesso • N. Gehrels • P. Hello • W.M. Farr • S. De • C. Kim • F. Ohme • D.J. Ottaway • M.B. Jacobson • G. Mendell • J.G. Rollins • L. Gammaitoni • B.F. Whiting • S. Khan • J. Hough • V. Re • H.M. Lee • V. Raymond • S.P. Vyatchanin • A.A. Van Veggel • F. Salemi • G. Mitselmakher • A.L. Urban • K. Ackley • E. Thrane • X. Guo • C. Gray • J. Steinlechner • L. Conti • T. Denker • F. Marchesoni • P. Rapagnani • Q. Chu • M.J. Yap • J. George • M. Brinkmann • A. Gennai • J.D. Fournier • M. Merzougui • T. Isogai • S. Nissanke • G.D. Meadors • S. Chua • R. Lynch • A. Bertolini • V. Kondrashov • R.K. Nayak • Z. Frei • Y. Minenkov • R. Sturani • A. Rocchi • K.D. Giardina • G. Pillant • A. Królak

# Maria Alessandra Papa, Max Planck Institute

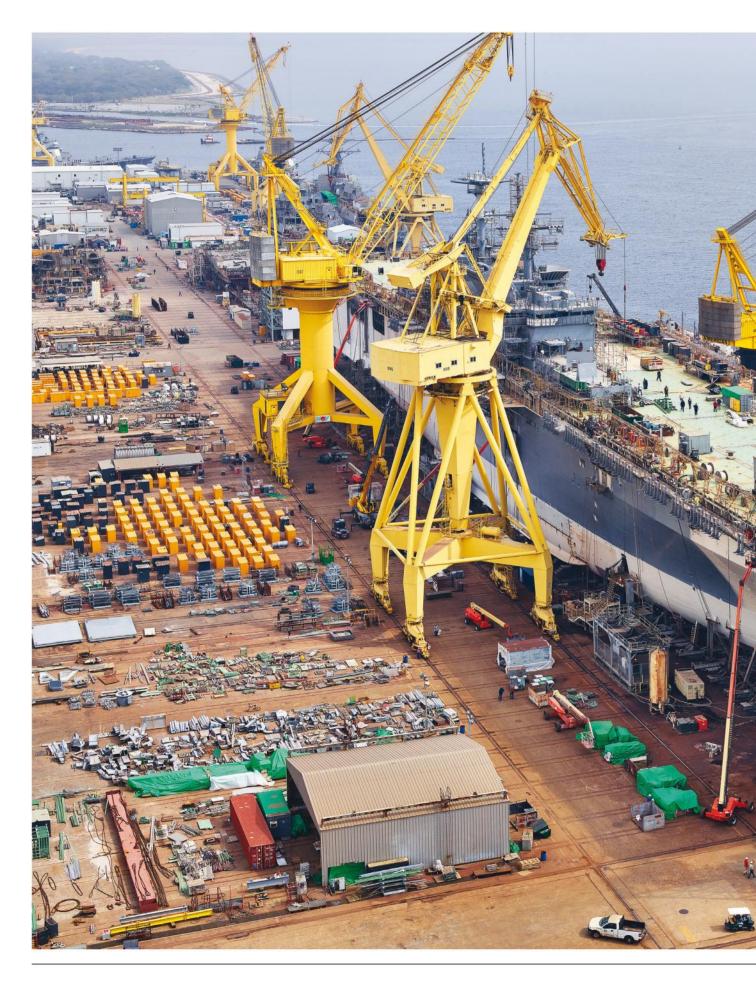
Papa was among six editors of the 1,011-author announcement. Deciding what to cut was a five-month-long labor of love.

# Chris Messenger, University of Glasgow

He turned LIGO's landmark detection into audio: a chirp going up in pitch and speed to represent black holes spiraling into collision.

### Maggie Tse, MIT

This is just the beginning: Tse is building a noise-reduction device to improve LIGO's range, or "the volume of the universe you can see," by 70 percent.







# WHERE STEEL BECOMES ARSENAL

by: KELSEY ATHERTON

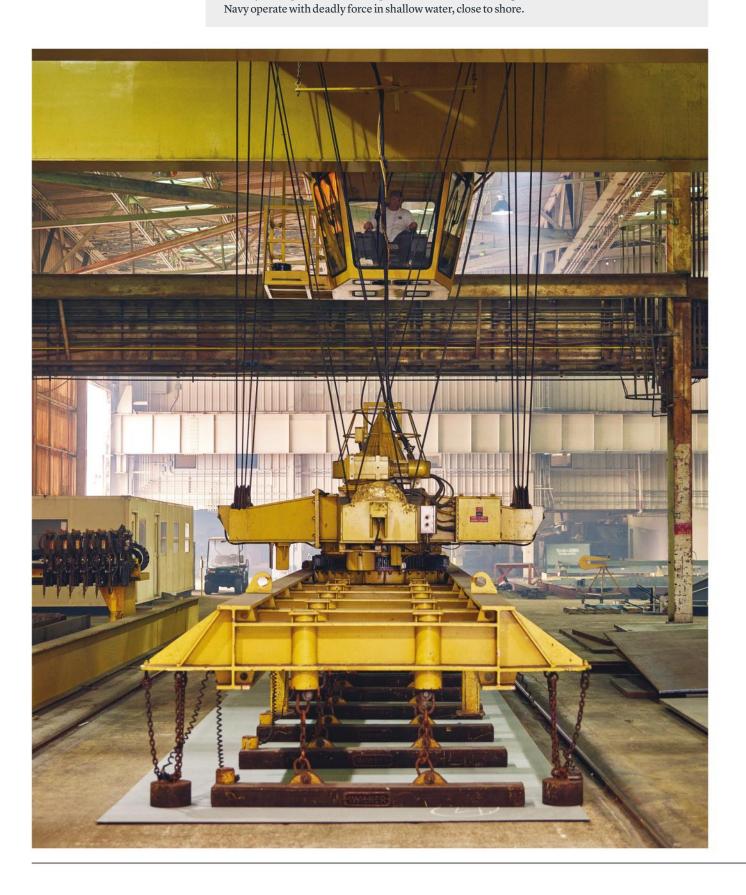
photographs by: SPENCER LOWELL

• You need deep water to float a big boat. That's why Robert Ingalls plunked his 800-acre Ingalls Shipbuilding yard on the banks of the yawning Pascagoula River, where it drains into the Gulf of Mexico, in 1938. The Mississippi facility has since birthed nearly 70 percent of the U.S. Navy's warships. Today, its 11,000 workers cut, weld, and otherwise bang together several Navy craft at a time. Shown here is the future USS Tripoli, an amphibious assault transport whose 855-foot deck is longer than some nations' aircraft carriers. It will be armed with attack helicopters and 1,600 Marines ready for inland strikes-all thanks to Ingalls' orchestrated feats of manufacturing. To meet the woman who runs the show, see page 86.

SHEET TO SHIP

• The operator of a magnet crane—capable of hoisting 20 tons as high as 18 feet—lifts metal plates and then lowers them onto a cutting bed. There, a plasma beam will shear panels that will become the USS Fort Lauderdale. A transport dock, the craft will be able to carry 14 amphibious vehicles, packed with Marines, letting the

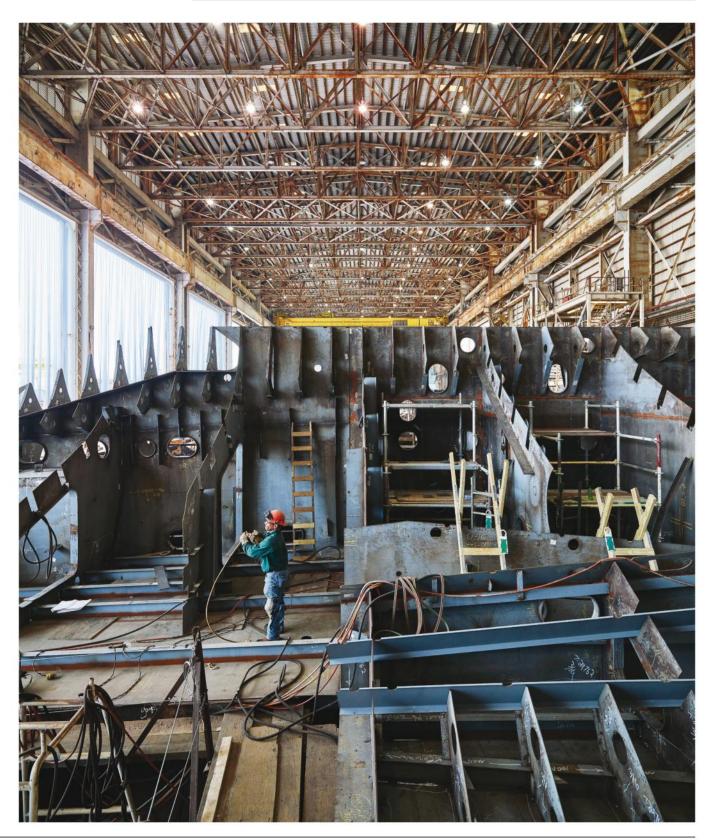


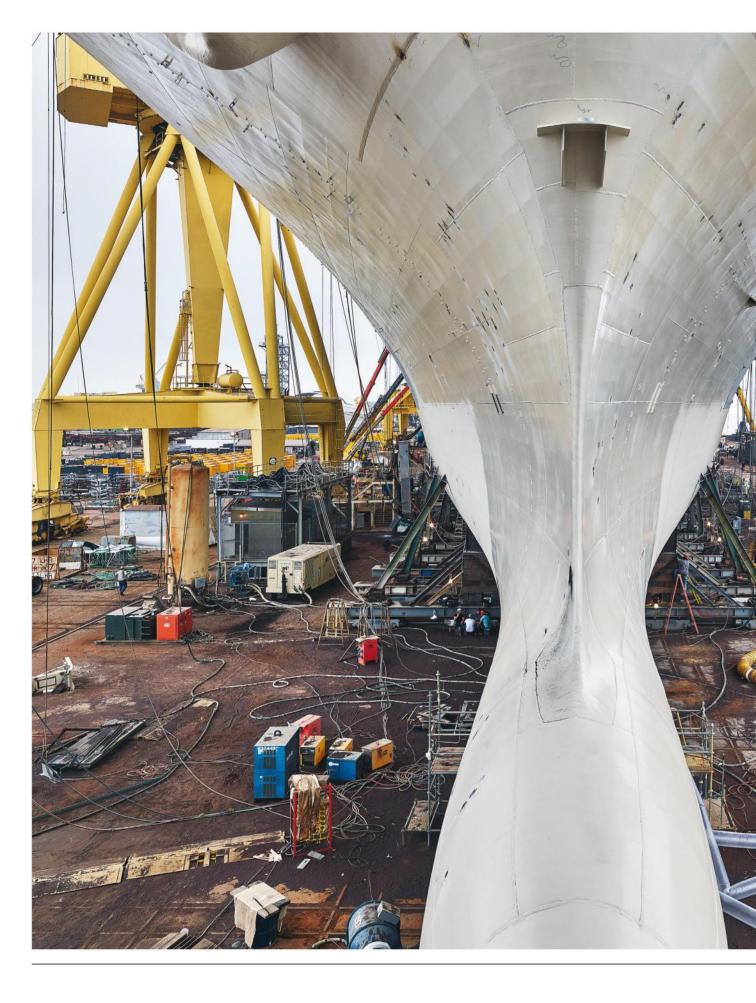


A SEPARATE PIECE

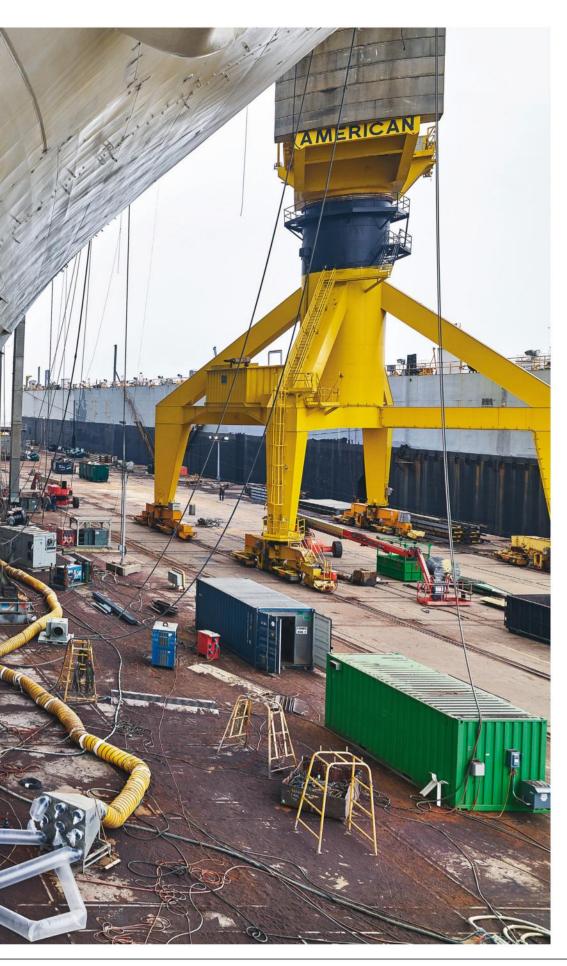
• Just like Legos, ships are assembled in sections known as units. This one, seen upside down in a fabrication shed, will block off space for machinery or cargo in *Fort Lauderdale's* hull. The two oval openings at the top will accommodate drive shafts that extend from the engine to the propellers. Once the unit is finished, welders such as the one working here, will fasten it into the completed hull.







• Even out of the water, it's obvious that Tripoli's curvaceous keel—which reduces drag and increases stabilitywill cleave whatever is in its path. Though officially an amphibious assault ship, Tripoli doesn't actually make its way ashore, or even carry vessels that do: It sends in Marines via chopper and V-22 Ospreys in rapid swarms for what the military calls high-tempo assault operations. For added muscle, it carries the short-takeoff, verticallanding F35-B fighter jet—the most sophisticated ever built.





• To keep *Tripoli*'s massive 98 million pounds—including crew, Marines, jets, helicopters, supplies, and the ship itself—in one place atop the waves, it needs anchors. Really big anchors. These two 40,000-pound mud hooks do some of the work. But it's the matching 106,219-pound chains on which they hang (each link is the size of a human torso) that really keep the big boat from drifting. The black and white colors let sailors know how much they've let out. Red means you're at the end of your chain.

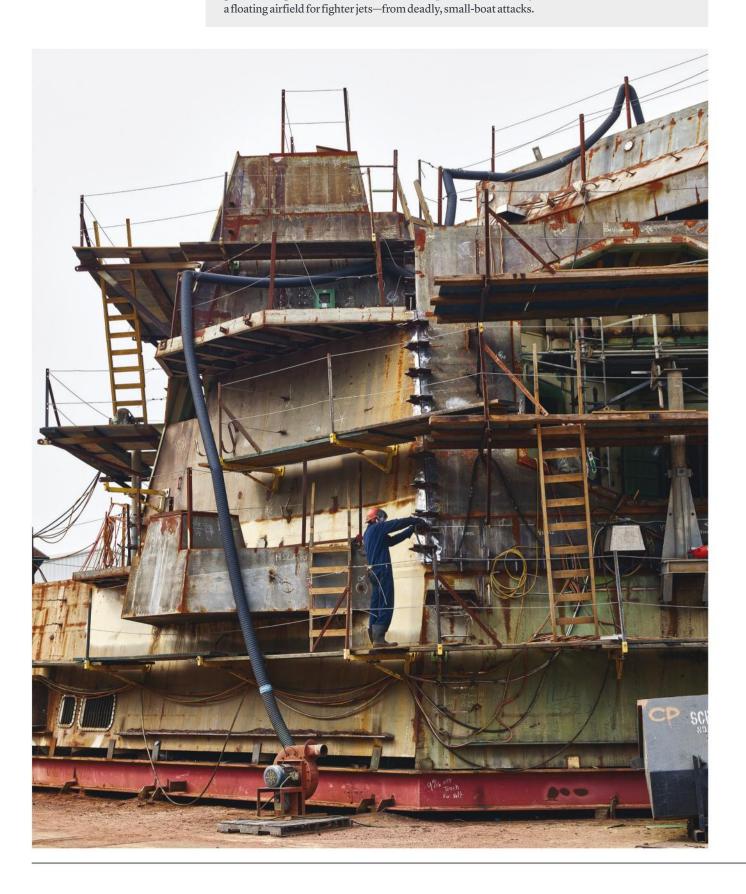






• The forward house on a Navy destroyer supports the bridge, where the command crew literally calls the shots. This one, in the final stages of welding, prior to being painted, will sit atop *Frank E. Petersen Jr.* In an aircraft-carrier group, the destroyer's job is to guard the larger and slower-to-maneuver ship—which is basically





THE BEST DEFENSE...

• The finished forward house of the destroyer *Paul Ignatius* supports the mast and communications antennas (inside the bulbous fixtures at bottom). The octagonal cover shields the SPY-1 radar, which is part of the Aegis Weapon System. The Aegis can detect and track more than 100 targets, including incoming fire. It also guides the ship's midair interceptor missiles and can locate enemy batteries miles away.





FLOAT YOUR BOAT

• To get *Paul Ignatius* in the Pascagoula River, workers flood the dry dock, and then tugboats nudge the vessel into berth. There, plumbers and electricians will continue to outfit it. Near the end of its stay, a Navy crew will board the boat to learn how to operate it. About four to eight months later, they will sail it to its commissioning and into its (expected) 40 years of Naval service.





NEW Rechargeable Digital Hearing Aid Technology Only \$ 199!

(\*Each when you buy a pair)

Rechargeable is now affordable. The new HearClear™ **HCRC eco-friendly** hearing aid combines advanced technology with a low price.

# The Rechargeable HCRC!

- Digital sound processing chip provides crystal clear sound and makes speech easier to understand with less feedback than old analog technology
- Never worry about replacing batteries again! 2 Hour Charge Gives 16 Hours of Use!
- Micro USB Cable (included) charges your hearing aid in the car, with a computer or plugged in the wall!
- Easy On / Off Button
- Automatic Noise Reduction and Feedback Canceler
- **100% Money Back Guarantee**
- Hear up to **3 times better** when you wear a pair of hearing aids compared to wearing just one!

# 5 Star Reviews \* \* \* \* \*

No More Dead Batteries! "This

HearClear HCRC rechargeable hearing aid works all the time! Unlike hearing aids powered by throwaway batteries that go dead at the worst time, I plug these in at night and the hearing aid charge lasts all day, every day." - Xavier J.

Great Hearing Aid! "I'm really glad I tried the HearClear HCRC! It works as good as or better than the more expensive ones I've purchased in the past. It's great that the price is reasonable. Thank you for the great product." - Tim M.



The new HearClear™ HCRC Rechargeable Digital Hearing Aids are now available to you for an unbelievable price! This quality digital hearing aid has the same key elements that all high end digital hearing aids share, but is also rechargeable. The **microphone** picks up the sound and sends an electrical signal to the **digital signal processor** which is the "brains" of the hearing aid. The sound is then adjusted to amplify important speech sounds as well as filtering out unwanted noise. Once the digital processor has amplified the sound, it is passed to the **receiver** (also known as the speaker) which emits a corrected and amplified sound through the **sound tube** into your ear.

Most importantly, your new HearClear HCRC hearing aids work at a **fraction of the cost** of name-brand hearing aids, and you don't have to keep changing the batteries! You will also love the comfortable, lightweight Open-fit design.

You can spend thousands for an expensive hearing aid or you can spend **just \$219** for a hearing aid that just plain works **(only** 

**\$199** each when you buy a pair). We are so sure you will love our product, that we offer a **100% Money Back Guarantee** - **Risk Free** if you are not satisfied for any reason.

\*MONEY SAVING OFFER! Use Coupon Code: P75

1-877-265-3915

BUY A PAIR AND SAVE \$40!

(Coupon Code & Price Valid For A Limited Time Only)



Rechargeable

RECHARGEABI

A) Microphone

**G) Sound Tube** 

B) Program Button C) Rocker <u>Volume Control</u>

D) USB Charging Port & Rechargeable Battery

E) Digital Signal Processor F) Receiver (Speaker)













# TALES FROM X THE RICHARD



OH, SNAI

# the guy Lego pays to play

ERIK VARSZEGI, LEGO MASTER BUILDER



When we spoke to Erik Varszegi in January, he'd just finished building a Batmobile.

A 17-foot-long, 7-foot-tall Batmobile. "It was so big, we almost couldn't get it out the door," says the Lego master builder. That's child's play compared with the life-size Star Wars X-wing fighter he and colleagues crafted in 2013. With 5.3 million plastic bricks, weighing nearly 46,000 pounds and spreading into a 43-foot wingspan, it's the world's second largest Lego sculpture. Varszegi, who jokes that his job is to "play with toys all day," is one of just seven artists that Lego pays to design its head-snapping

creations for splashy public events and flagship retail displays. Here's how to construct your own career in Lego mastery:

### Step 1: Hit the Bricks

Before you can break rules, you have to learn the rules: Buy a Lego kit and follow the instructions. "The designers are always coming up with new ways to put the bricks together," Varszegi says. "You can learn a lot from that." Then knock it down and create something totally radical.

### Step 2: Start at the Bottom

Lego hired Varszegi 22 years ago to glue store display models together. He sometimes assembled the same set hundreds of times. Even toys can get tedious.

### Step 3: Become a Model Builder

This is apprentice stuff. While the boss free-builds imaginative creations, you're still following his prototype blueprints—at least on company time. Varszegi used his breaks to sculpt models that made him stand out.

### Step 4: Achieve Lego Mastery

You did it: Lego's so impressed that they'll let you design your own giant builds. Just don't get lazy. "I'm still learning," says Varszegi. "There'll always be a new piece, new colors—and endless ways to put them together."

"For me, a rough day at the office is one where I run out of the yellow bricks."





# i got my hand stuck in a cow for science

MATTHIAS HESS, ASSISTANT PROFESSOR AT THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA AT DAVIS



I'm fascinated by cow guts. The microbes in the rumen—the largest of four sections in a cow's stomach—break down plant materials extremely well. Studying that process can help us design better cow feed, which could minimize the greenhouse gases cattle emit. It could even help us find ways to optimize our own guts.

To study these questions in the lab, I designed an artificial cow-gut system. It looks a lot like a beer fermenter. But for the system to work, I need live rumen samples, and for that I have to literally reach into a cow's stomach. You do this using a fistulated cow. That's one where a veterinarian cuts a hole in its side, and inserts a tube between the rumen and the skin that can be sealed with a plastic stopper. The cow isn't really bothered by this process at all. It's remarkable. Sometimes the patient keeps eating during the surgery.

Once a cow is fistulated, you can stick your hand in and pull stuff out of the rumen whenever you need to. Liquids are easy to get: You place a tube in the opening and suck it out. Solids can get tricky, though. It starts out simple enough—you just put your hand deep into the opening. But it's pretty packed in there. And the gut muscles are constantly moving. You can get your arm stuck. That sounds bad, I know. But you just have to stay calm and wait for the muscles to relax. Or you do what I do, and let your students handle the dirty work while you watch them get stuck. Don't worry, they think it's pretty funny.

That's why my favorite cow is the artificial one in my lab. I can switch it on and off, and I can control all the variables, so every result is predictable. And your hand doesn't get stuck in a gut.

UPS AND DOWNS

# six flags is my science lab

LARRY CHICKOLA, CHIEF CORPORATE ENGINEER, SIX FLAGS



I'm responsible for all of Six Flags' amusements, from the kiddie rides to the roller coasters, in all 18 parks in North America. Right now we're considering making a new roof for Zumanjaro, the world's tallest drop tower.

The seats have mesh roofs to protect riders as they shoot 415 feet into the air and plunge into free-fall. We want to make the whole roof bigger because that would make certain design changes easier in the future. But we don't want to increase the air resistance on a ride that relies on speed.

That means finding a light mesh that will cut through the air with less resistance.

So I hooked my laptop to sensors that measure air pressure 1,000 times per second, and brought it over to Zumanjaro with some mesh samples.

I needed my laptop to stay open while it rode up and down, so I figured I'd just strap in and hold it myself.

We found a material that lowers the roof's wind resistance by 30 percent, and weighs half of what we use now. Luckily it took me only 25 runs. And I got an amazing view.



# "To you, it's the perfect lift chair. To me, it's the best sleep chair I've ever had."

— J. Fitzgerald, VA Sit up, lie down —

We've all had nights when we just can't lie down in bed and sleep, whether it's from heartburn, cardiac problems, hip or back aches – it could be a variety of reasons. Those are the nights we'd give anything for a comfortable chair to sleep in, one that reclines to exactly the right degree, raises feet and legs to precisely the desired level, supports the head and shoulders properly, operates easily even in the dead of night, and sends a hopeful sleeper right off to dreamland.

Our Perfect Sleep Chair® is just the chair to do it all. It's a chair, true – the finest of lift chairs – but this chair is so much more! It's designed to provide total comfort and relaxation not found in other chairs. It can't be beat for comfortable, long-term sitting, TV viewing, relaxed reclining and – yes! – peaceful sleep.

> Our chair's recline technology allows you to pause the chair in an infinite number of positions, including the Trendelenburg position and the zero gravity position where your body

and anywhere in between!

experiences a minimum of internal and external stresses. You'll love the other benefits, too: It helps with correct spinal alignment, promotes back pressure relief, and encourages better posture to prevent back and muscle pain.

This lift chair puts you safely on your feet!

And there's more! The overstuffed, oversized biscuit style back and unique seat design will cradle you in comfort. Generously filled, wide armrests provide enhanced arm support when sitting or reclining. The high and low heat settings can provide a soothing relaxation you might get at a spa – just imagine getting all that in a lift chair! It even has a battery backup in case of a power outage. Shipping charge includes white glove delivery. Professionals will deliver the chair to the exact spot in your home where you want it, unpack it, inspect it, test it, position it, and

Easy-to-use remote for

heat, recline and lift

# The Perfect Sleep Chair®

service warranty and your choice of fabrics and colors

even carry the packaging away! Includes one year

- Call now!

Call now toll free for our lowest price.

Please mention code 105737 when ordering.

1-888-759-2977

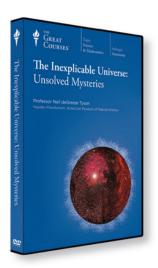


© 2017 firstSTREET for Boomers and Beyond, Inc.

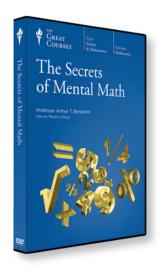




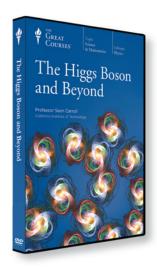
# NOW ENJOY BRILLIANT COLLEGE COURSES IN YOUR HOME OR CAR!



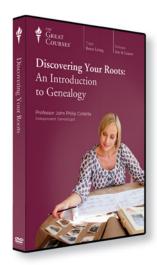
The Inexplicable Universe: Unsolved Mysteries is a visually stunning, award-winning course. World famous author, television host, and professor Neil deGrasse Tyson, who is also the director of the Hayden Planetarium, transports you on a marvelous journey to the frontiers of the known (and unknown) universe.



In The Secrets of Mental Math, award-winning Professor Arthur T. Benjamin teaches you the basic strategies of mental mathematics. This powerful ability to perform mental calculations will give you an edge in business, at school, at work, or anywhere else that you encounter math.



In The Higgs Boson and Beyond, award-winning theoretical physicist Sean Carroll guides you through the details of the search for, and ultimate discovery of, the Higgs boson. This course is an intellectual feast as you learn how the Higgs boson discovery validates and deepens our understanding of the universe.



In Discovering Your Roots: An Introduction to Genealogy, you'll learn the same skills and methodologies that experts use to solve genealogical mysteries. Genealogist, writer, and lecturer John Philip Colletta shows you how to uncover information from the long-forgotten past in the most effective ways possible.

Course No. 1816 6 Lectures (30 Minutes/Lecture)





Course No. 1406

12 Lectures (30 Minutes/Lecture)



Course No. 1205

12 Lectures (30 Minutes/Lecture)





Course No. 9394

15 Lectures (30 Minutes/Lecture)





# **SPECIAL INTRODUCTORY OFFER!**



Order any one of these BEST-SELLING COURSES for only:

\$1<del>99.95</del> \$1<del>34.9</del>5

+\$5 Shipping and Handling Priority Code: 143068 \$9.95 on DVD \$9.95 on CD

All orders subject to approval.
Limit of one order per household.
Cannot be combined with any other special offers or promotions
Offer valid for new customers only.



**ORDER TODAY!** Sale Ends Saturday, July 1, 2017!

www.THEGREATCOURSES.com/6PS

1-800-832-2412



**(** 

This is an 800-acre shipyard. When I first came here after college, I saw the massive equipment and huge ships, and realized how little I actually knew about naval engineering. Ingalls has built nearly 70 percent of the U.S. Navy fleet. We have 11 military vessels under construction, and nearly 12,000 employees. The biggest challenge is seeing how the millions of pieces fit together—that's my job. To build one of these boats, which can reach more than 800 feet long, we create units. These are the building blocks, like Legos, that we connect and stack together to make bigger sections of the craft. Some units are four decks high, and some are a single level. We lay down the lowest units along the keel in a

cradle while we're putting together sections of piping and electrical components for the water, cooling, and propulsion systems. Later, we launch the ship but continue to finish it in the water. You start seeing the paint and the deck covering and the furniture. At the very end, we're testing everything, from the toilets to the water that cools the engines. It takes three to six years to build one of these ships, and by then, it's almost like it's part of your family. I've never been on a cruise liner, but I've been on sea trials plenty, and I wouldn't trade that for anything. When you feel the engines start and it takes off under its own power, there is no better place to be. For photos from the shipyard, see page 68.

as told to Sophie Bushwick

An elevator to space is the biggest machine I can think of. It would totally change the calculus of getting things into orbit. And there's nothing impossible about it.

JASON WRIGHT, ASTROPHYSICIST AT PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIVERSITY





 $\Rightarrow$ 

As a youngster, I liked airplanes, and I knew I wanted to be a test pilot. Today, I fly Boeing's 747s, including the 747-8, the world's longest passenger jet. We push planes to their limits,

sometimes doing hazardous maneuvers so engineers can enhance the safety of the airliner. For instance, we'll purposely stall an engine and let the craft pitch nose-down to make sure it behaves well without pilot intervention. Jets today generally recover quickly. One of the most fun things we've done is a million-pound takeoff. One million is a big round number! We were testing how the 747-8 flies at its maximum certified takeoff weight of 990,000 pounds. Normally, as you burn fuel, that weight drops before you can get in the air. The extra 10,000 pounds of gas got us off the ground so we could see how the plane handles airborne at 990,000 pounds. When it's that heavy, it's harder for the structure to absorb a firm landing, so you have to be a little careful. If there's damage, your boss will want to know what happened.

Bigger Buttons

# "My friends all hate their cell phones... I love mine!" Here's why.

Say good-bye to everything you hate about cell phones. Say hello to the Jitterbug Flip.

jitterbug

CALL?

"Cell phones have gotten so small, I can barely dial mine." Not the Jitterbug® Flip. It features a large keypad for easier dialing. It even has a larger display and a powerful, hearing aid-compatible speaker, so it's easy to see and conversations are clear.

"I had to get my son to program it."
Your Jitterbug Flip set-up process is simple. We'll even program it with your favorite numbers.

"What if I don't remember a number?" Friendly, helpful Personal Operators are available 24 hours a day and will even greet you by name when you call.

"I'd like a cell phone to use in an emergency." Now you can turn your phone into a personal safety device when you select a Health & Safety Package. With 5Star® Service, in any uncertain or unsafe situation, simply press the 5Star button to speak immediately with a highly-trained Urgent Response Agent who will confirm your location, evaluate your situation and get you the help you need, 24/7.

Monthly Plan	\$14.99/mo*	\$19.99/mo*
Monthly Minutes	200	600
Operator Assistance	24/7	24/7
Long Distance Calls	No add'l charge	No add'l charge
Voice Dial	FREE	FREE
Nationwide Coverage	YES	YES
Friendly Return Policy <sup>1</sup>	30 days	30 days

Health & Safety Packages available as low as \$19.99/month\*. More minute plans available. Ask your Jitterbug expert for details.

"My cell phone company wants to lock me in a two-year contract!" Not with the Jitterbug Flip.

There are no contracts to sign and no cancellation fees.

"Many phones have features that are rarely needed and hard to use!" The litterbug Flip contains

easy-to-use features that are meaningful to you. A built-in camera makes it easy and fun for you to capture and share your favorite memories. And a flashlight with a built-in magnifier helps you see in dimly lit areas, the Jitterbug Flip has all the features you need.

**Enough talk.** Isn't it time you found out more about the cell phone that's changing all the rules? Call now, Jitterbug product experts are standing by.



Available in Red and Graphite.

Order now and receive a

FREE Car Charger – a \$25 value
for your Jitterbug Flip. Call now!





Call toll-free to get your

Jitterbug Flip Cell Phone

Please mention promotional code 105736.

I-877-5 | 3-8984 www.litterbugDirect.com

We proudly accept the following credit cards:







47666

IMPORTANT CONSUMER INFORMATION: Jitterbug is owned by GreatCall, Inc. Your invoices will come from GreatCall. Plans and Services require purchase of a Jitterbug phone and a one-time setup fee of \$35. \*Monthly fees do not include government taxes or assessment surcharges and are subject to change. Coverage is not available everywhere. SStar or 9-1-1 calls can only be made when cellular service is available. SStar Service will be able to track an approximate location when your device is turned on, but we cannot guarantee an exact location. "We will refund the full price of the Jitterbug phone and the activation fee (or setup fee) if it is returned within 30 days of purchase in like-new condition. We will also refund your first monthly service charge if you have less than 30 minutes of usage, la per minute charge of 35 cents will be deducted from your refund for each minute over 30 minutes. You will be charged a \$10 restocking fee. The shipping charges are not refundable. There are no additional fees to call GreatCall's U.S.-based customer service. However, for calls to a GreatCall Operator in which a service is completed, you will be charged 99 cents per call, and minutes will be deducted from your monthly rate plan balance equal to the length of the call and any call connected by the Operator. Jitterbug, GreatCall, and SStar are registered trademarks of GreatCall, Inc. @2017 firstSTREET for Boomers and Beyond, Inc.

STAR - STRUCK

# on tears and rocket fuel

VICTOR SINGER, FORMER STRUCTURAL ENGINEER FOR ORBITAL ATK



My first interplanetary rocket motor was a solid-fuel Star-24. I can still picture it: 24 inches in diameter, almost spherical, with a nozzle sticking out. That nozzle was mine. I designed it. NASA employed the Star-24 on its 1978 Pioneer Venus multiprobe, which studied the planet's atmosphere. Once the probe reached orbit, the rocket's job was to slow the Pioneer enough so it would fall toward Venus, gathering data until it burned up. During the week prior to launch, the company left our newly minted design in the final assembly building so we could say goodbye. I remember it was there in the shipping box. I stepped in, put my arms around the motor, and I cried. It's a privilege to put your hands on a rocket destined for another planet. I still choke up over that motor. It's a piece of me.



as told to Sara Chodosh / illustrations by Peter Oumanski





230 Country Lane Drive - Lumberton, Texas 77657

1-844-218-7103















# SimpliSafe<sup>®</sup>

# Outsmart Burglars The Moment You Plug it in

SimpliSafe Home Security is powerful, affordable protection you can order right online. In just a few days, it's on your doorstep. No hold times, no pushy salesmen, no red tape. Plus, with the new SimpliSafe Security Camera, stream HD footage of your home right to your Smartphone and get powerful evidence for the police in case of a break-in.



10% OFF

Visit SimpliSafe.com/SCI

Receive 10% off your order when you visit today. Go now for free shipping!

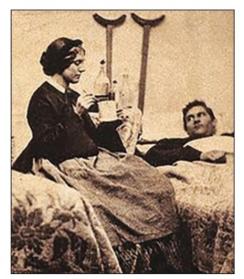
# A Dedication to Health & Human Rights

American Red Cross Founder CLARA BARTON said to her male counterparts: "We nursed you back to health and now we need your help!" But unfortunately some of her counterparts made sure help never came . . . even after thousands of women like my grandmother (Google: Nursing Sisters Port Dover) and Clara Barton went to Rochester, N.Y. and descended on the home of woman suffragist SUSAN B. ANTHONY (Clara Barton's 6th cousin) to offer their support for a woman's right to vote! What follows is a brief history of my family's efforts to make lives better for men and women across the globe . . .

# By John Ellis

f you Google: Nursing Sisters Port Dover, you'll see a book by Harry B. Barrett. In that book are pictures of my grandmother and her heroic nursing sisters during WWI, including one sister who was mentioned in wartime dispatches for her heroism along with a certificate presented to her by King George V. (In spite of her "valor in the face of the enemy," a woman was ineligible to receive the Victoria Cross!)

There are hundreds of letters and pictures, including one of the ambulances my grandmother donated (before we entered WWII) encouraged by her friend, suffragist CARRIE CHAPMAN CATT, who moved around the corner from my grandmother in New Rochelle, N.Y. As a youngster, I remember all the sewing machines and their many friends at my grandmother's house sewing thousands of pre-die cut clothes together to keep children warm during the brutally cold English winters. Carrie Chapman Catt also founded the League



Famed American nurse and Red Cross founder Clara Barton is shown tending to a wounded soldier.



Every year thousands visit the grave of suffragette Susan B. Anthony, a fighter for women's rights.

of Woman Voters and is most famous for her Congressional speech resulting in the 19th Constitutional Amendment that gave woman the right to vote in 1920!

All this took place after Susan B. Anthony died in 1906 in Rochester, N.Y. where my grandfather baked his first loaf of BOND BREAD in 1915, resulting in 50 factories producing over1.5 million loaves of bread a day . . . a Horatio Alger success story which enabled my grandmother to help further woman's rights. She was inculcated with a sense of moral responsibility by her family who emigrated here in 1720 and then moved to Canada because they were Loyalists to the King and the Church of England.

# **BESET WITH MODERN AILMENTS**

Now, history repeats itself, except this time their counterparts have problems with clogged arteries, heart attacks, prostate problems and cancer by stonewalling a Man's right and a Woman's right to flush DEUTERIUM (a major cause of Aging and Cancer) and Pathogens out of their bloodstreams . . . so these diseases aren't handed down to generations of our unborn children and grandchildren!!



Two nursing sisters with wounded soldiers in a ward room at the Queen's Canadian Military Hospital in Shorncliffe, Kent, England, circa 1916.

### **NEW VIDEO SHOWS E5 MACHINE AT WORK**

Go to www.JohnEllis.com/NIH and you can watch an informative video which explains just how our E5 Water Machine works. And, just below the video, there is a green link to multiple NIH.Gov studies demonstrating the adverse health effects of deuterium in your water.

The video shows that by changing water properties, small amounts of this water can treat vast quantities of ordinary water (even an aquifer or lake) so Municipalities can supply this healing water right at the tap!! Go to our website JohnEllis.com/NIH with a link to the National Institutes of Health. (Deuterium is found in every bottle or glass of water you drink!)

However, DDW (Deuterium Depleted Water) is only part of the battle for better health as noted by Nobel Prize Winner Albert Szentgyorgy: "Hydrogen is the Fuel of Life" because, unlike ordinary DDW, by also changing Water Properties and increasing the Hydrogen Bond Angle between atoms (so it has more room to hold viruses and environmental contaminants in suspension) they can be eliminated from the bloodstream with almost immediate results (note typical cancer charts)!

Small amounts of this water can treat millions of gallons of ordinary water (as the Municipal Video shows) including markers for disease, so they can be flushed from a human waste lagoon or the blood stream along with heavy metals (Flint, MI: thousands of children have irreversible brain damage)!!

### **VIOLATING FARADAY'S LAW?**

Here's what a man in Zurich said: "I have had your E5 Water Machine for only 24 hours. I had gross swelling in my legs and hadn't worn ordinary shoes in years. Your water immediately destroyed the markers for

Gilbert Daunant (Prince Rainier's cousin): "I just walked 40 blocks and I am 95! Send another E5 to Monaco!"

**ORDER A JOHN ELLIS WATER MACHINE: 845-754-8696** 

**LISTEN TO A RECORDING: 800-433-9553** 

**GET A FREE BOTTLED WATER SAMPLE: 570-296-0214** 

SEE OUR WATER MACHINE IN ACTION: www.JohnEllis.com/NIH



elephantiasis in my blood stream!! I lost all the water weight in my legs and I bought a pair of shoes size 10 ½. Also unlike ordinary DDW, using electrolysis (a battery and two thin pieces of stainless steel, anode and cathode, not a stack that negates power) your water produces so much Hydrogen it violates Faraday's Law... producing the energy needed to stop disease!!"

### **AMAZING POWER PROPERTIES**

A company that produces hydrogen generators for trucks found the required power slowly went down over 24 hours (a cascading effect that is immediate once it has been treated) from 31 amps to less than 1 amp making the same amount of hydrogen by adding only 20 drops of this water to ordinary water in their hydrogen generator (another website video)! Using this technology, you can power your car, heat your home and produce electricity for pennies. Watch the Video that shows examples PROVING you are drinking the wrong water . . . just as food supplies energy, this water provides the "BODY ELECTRIC" energy that powers your heart (defibrillator to stop a heart attack, pacemaker)!

### **COOK WITH THIS WATER!**

Since it's made by boiling and cooling, this energy is imparted to your food, unlike ordinary water that absorbs energy (from your food and body) to reach equilibrium)! Also, since **DEUTERIUM** studies (150 ppm) show it kills fruit flies and disease carrying mosquitoes, you don't want to remove all the Deuterium!! Instead, INCREASE the Hydrogen Bond Angle (so it holds more contaminants in suspension along with Deuterium) and flush Deuterium along with viral diseases from the bloodstream with almost IMMEDIATE results!! Note the typical cancer charts: The "purest water" is USELESS because it doesn't do the above. They still have cancer!

### MAKING DDW YOURSELF

Using our E5 Water Machine, you can make **two types of DDW for PENNIES per GALLON**... not \$300 for a small bottle! This is done by heating and cooling water hundreds of times per gallon (not just once!) to change the properties of that water. We have 13 International Patents and 332 FDA Tests. You can judge the blatant dishonesty in the water industry using simple electrolysis. A child in science class could do that!

# HELP YOURSELF & OUR FOUNDATION: BUY A MACHINE & TAKE A TAX DEDUCTION!

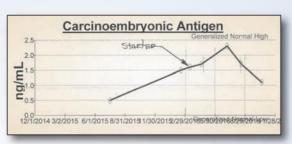
With our 501(c)(3) non-profit Foundation, you can buy a machine and take a Tax Deduction! There are thousands of families around the U.S. and the world who need our water machines—kids in Flint, families in poverty. When you buy a machine, a portion of the proceeds go to this important human aid project. Contact us at PO Box 553, West-brookville, NY 12785 or 845-754-8696.

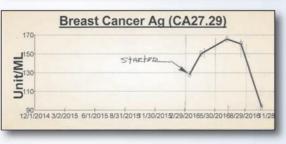
# **Check Out These Shocking Cancer Results!**

The following is a letter we received here at Crystal Clear Water and at right are the charts this customer forwarded to us:

"Please send us a 6-pack of your water. The enclosed charts show my wife's cancer antigen numbers. Of course the doctors think they are responsible for the dramatic downturns [in the cancer markers], but I think differently. Doctors are not aware of my wife using you water." —John W.

Typical results since the Jan. 27, 1992 **Washington Post** investigation: "10,000 people a day said this water will cure anything!" including **The Washington Times**.





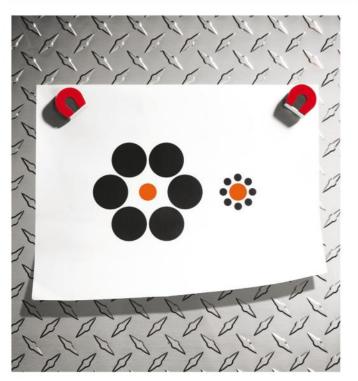


# JOIN THE "DDW" WATER REVOLUTION & CRYSTAL CLEAR

with the Help of the National Institutes of Health — NIH

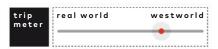
Go to www.JohnEllis.com/NIH and click on green link NIH.GOV. Hundreds of studies could save your life!





SHAPE SHIFTERS

# circulary illogical



WHICH OF THE TWO ORANGE circles is bigger? The one on the right, right? In reality, the pair are identical.

Brain researchers hypothesize that this effect, known as the Ebbinghaus illusion, plays its trick based on how our brains interpret depth. From a lifetime of looking at things, we remember that smaller items tend to be farther away, while larger ones are closer. In this image, the brain reads the left ring of large, black circles as nearby and the right, smaller set as distant. Simultaneously, the brain also groups the orange circles with their black surroundings. So the left one is also seen as nearby, and the right one farther away. When the brain compares the orange circles, the only way for the right one to be more distant is if it's larger than the left circle.

But not everyone is so easily fooled by this illusion. Neuroscientists and psychologists

have two theories about why. First, they've found that individuals whose primary visual cortex covers a larger surface area—which varies among individuals as much as threefold—are less likely to fall for the illusion. The researchers surmise that's because the neuron connections that compare the inner orange circle to the outer black ones get weaker as the primary visual cortex gets larger.

A person's daily surroundings also affect their perception. Studies have found that people from rural regions, who aren't constantly bombarded by visual distractions such as moving vehicles, traffic lights, and flashing street signs, are less susceptible to the illusion than city dwellers are. Having a broader view does have an upside, however: It means people can spot speeding buses before they hit them. The downside is that they're less attuned to finer details, and more primed for Ebbinghaus.

ينست هـ \_\_ سه شمنه شمنه عثمه

# ADVANCED HEARING AID TECHNOLOGY **Costs 90% Less**

"I was amazed! Sounds I hadn't heard in years came back to me!"

- Don, January 2016

How can a hearing aid be every bit as good as one that sells for \$4,000 or more, yet costs 90% less?

# The answer:

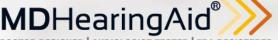
Although tremendous strides have been made in Advanced Hearing Aid Technology, those cost reductions have not been passed on to you. Until now...

The MDHearingAid AIR® uses the same kind of Advanced Digital Hearing Aid Technology incorporated into hearing aids that cost thousands more at a small fraction of the price.

Over 75,000 satisfied AIR customers agree: High quality FDA registered hearing aids don't have to cost a fortune.

The fact is, you don't need to spend thousands for а medical-grade digital hearing aid. MDHearingAid AIR® gives you a sophisticated highperformance hearing aid that works right out of the box with no timeconsuming "adjustment" appointments. You can contact a hearing specialist conveniently online or by phone—even after sale at no cost. No other company provides such extensive support.

Now that you know... why pay more?



**TAKE ADVANTAGE OF OUR** 45-DAY RISK-FREE TRIAL!

Hearing is believing and we invite you to try this nearly invisible hearing aid with no annoying whistling or background noise for yourself. If you are not completely satisfied, simply return it within that time period for a 100% refund of your purchase price.

For the Lowest Price Call

800-679-2971

GetMDHearingAid.com

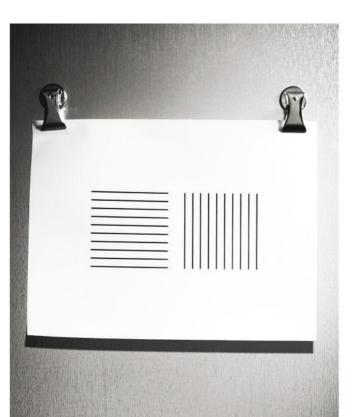
**Nearly Invisible** 

**BIG SOUND.** TINY PRICE.

**BATTERIES INCLUDED! READY TO USE RIGHT** OUT OF THE BOX!

Use Code DD34

and get **FREE** Batteries for 1 Year *Plus* **FREE** Shipping



LINE GAMES

# a neuroscientist's guide to fashion

### THE TRUISMS OF FASHIONISTAS ARE INGRAINED

in all of us: Clothing adorned with vertical stripes makes you appear slimmer and taller, while garb with horizontal bands makes you look wider—and perhaps a bit chubby.

Except, maybe not. Compare these squares of black and white stripes. The horizontally striped one looks taller and the vertically striped square seems wider, right?

Hermann von Helmholtz was first to note this illusion (now called the Helmholtz squares) in 1867. But he gave little insight into its cause. Even today, neuroscientists have no compelling theories to offer. In his note, Helmholtz did make a brief but compelling ode to fashion: "Ladies' frocks with cross stripes make the figure look taller."

His style guide is, in reality, more valid than ours. In 2011, psychologists at the University of York in England tested whether the illusion seen in the 2-D version was also true in 3-D. Two identical female mannequins wore either horizontal- or vertical-striped outfits. The team found that the figure sporting vertical stripes appeared wider; in fact, the one donning horizontal stripes would need to be 10.7 percent broader for the two to visually match up. A reminder that fashion is as much a science as it is an art.













Watering chores, water bills! Sweating behind a roaring mower! Spraying poison chemicals and digging weeds





# Grass seed can **NEVER** grow a lawn like this!



Mow your Zoysia lawn once a month - or less! It rewards you with weed-free beauty all summer long.

# 8 Ways Our Amazoy Zoysia Lawn Saves You Time, Work and Money!

# **MOWING BY AS MUCH AS 2/3**

Would you believe a lawn could look perfect when watered just once? In Iowa, the state's biggest Men's Garden club picked a Zoysia lawn as "top lawn – nearly perfect." Yet, this lawn had been watered only once all summer to August!

In PA, Mrs. M.R. Mitter wrote, "I've never watered it, only when I put the plugs in...Last summer we had it mowed 2 times...When everybody's lawns here are brown from drought, ours stays as green as ever." *That's how Amazoy Zoysia* lawns cut water bills and mowing! Now read on!

### **ENDS COSTLY RE-SEEDING AND NEVER NEEDS REPLACEMENT**

Plug in our Zoysia grass and you'll never have to spend money on grass seed again! Since you won't be buying seeds, you won't need to dig and rake - then hope the seeds take root before birds eat them or the next hard rain washes them away.

### NO NEED TO DIG UP OLD GRASS

Plant Amazoy your way in an old lawn or ground. Or set 1" square plugs into holes in the soil I foot apart, checkerboard style. Plugs spread to create a lush, thick lawn, driving out weeds and unwanted growth. Easy instructions included.

### FOR SLOPES, PLAY AREAS, **BARE SPOTS AND PARTIAL SHADE**

You can't beat Amazoy Zoysia as the low-cost answer for hard-to-cover spots, play-worn areas, places that have partial shade and erosion on slopes.

Meyer Zoysia Grass was perfected by the U.S. Gov't, released in cooperation with the U.S. Golf Association as a superior grass.

## IT STAYS GREEN IN SPITE 5 OF HEAT AND DROUGHT

'The hotter it gets, the better it grows!" Plug-in Zoysia thrives in blistering heat, yet it won't winter-kill to 30° below zero. It just goes off its green color after killing frosts, and begins regaining its green color as temperatures in the spring are consistently warm.





# Your Assurance of Lawn SUCCESS Each Order for Amazoy Zoy GUARANTEED

Guaranteed to grow new green shoots within 45-60 days or we'll replace it FREE - for up to 1 year - just call us. We ONLY ship you living genuine Amazoy Zoysia grass harvested direct from our farms. Easy planting and watering instructions are included with each order. Reordering assumes success of previous orders, initiating a new one-year guarantee but only for the most recent order.

©2017 Zoysia Farm Nurseries, 3617 Old Taneytown Rd, Taneytown, MD 21787

# 6 AND WEEDS ALL SUMMER

Your established Amazoy Zoysia lawn grows so thick, it simply stops crabgrass and summer weeds from germinating!

### **ENVIRONMENTALLY FRIENDLY, NO DANGEROUS AND COSTLY CHEMICALS NEEDED**

No weeding means no costly chemicals. Since Amazoy Zoysia lawns naturally resist insects, you'll save money, while helping to protect the environment. You'll never have to expose your family and pets to the risk of weed killers and pesticide poisons.

# 8 NOW TWO WAYS TO START YOUR AMAZOY ZOYSIA LAWN!

1) Freestyle plugs come in uncut sheets containing a maximum of 150 - 1" plugs that can be planted up to 1 ft. apart. Freestyle plugs allow you to make each plug bigger and plant further apart – less cutting and planting vou decide.

2) New Super Plugs come precut into individual 3"x3" plugs ready-to-plant (minimum 1 per 4 sq. ft.). They arrive in easy to handle trays of 15 Super Plugs. Save more time and get your new lawn even faster! Order only online at www.zoysiafarms.com/mag or call us at 410-756-2311

**GET UP TO** 

# FREESTYLE PLUGS. You decide how big to cut the plugs!

Please send me guaranteed Amazoy Freestyle Plugs (up to 150 per sheet) as marked.

Quantity	Max Plugs*	FREE Plugs	Grass Sheets*	Your PRICE	+ Shipping	SAVINGS
	150	_	1	\$14.95	\$8.00	_
	500	100	4	\$45.60	\$14.00	35%
	750	150	6	\$63.50	\$18.00	41%
	1100	400	10	\$87.50	\$24.00	51%
	1500	900	16	\$125.00	\$30.00	58%

Amazov is the trademark registered U.S.

Patent Office for our Meyer Zoysia grass.

□ 30" Step-on Plugger \$8.95 + \$5 shipping □ 4" Amazoy Power Auger for 3/8" drill \$14.95 + \$5 shipping

□ 30" Stand-up Amazoy Power Auger for 3/8" drill \$19.95 + \$5 shipping

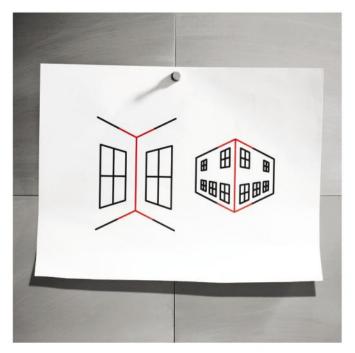
\* Each grass sheet can produce up to 150-1" square plugs. See other options online at www.zoysiafarms.com/mag

Mail to: ZOYSIA FARM NURSERIES 3617 Old Taneytown Road, Taneytown, MD 21787

ı	Dept.	5959
-		

Willie price of order fiere	(check one)				
Md. residents add 6% tax	\$	□ Check □ MO			
Shipping	\$	☐ MasterCard			
ENCLOSED TOTAL	S	☐ Visa			
Card #		Exp. Date			
Name					
Address					
City	State				
Zip	Phone				
We ship all orders the same da	y plugs are packed at earli	est correct planting time in your area.			

Order Now! www.ZoysiaFarms.com/mag Not shipped outside the USA or into WA or OR



MISMATCHED

# welcome to the fun house

### **OUR MINDS ARE SOUSED TO THE WORLD WE LIVE**

in that we often judge it based on past experience—not on our current view. The Müller-Lyer illusion, at left, is a near perfect case of this visual and mental muscle memory.

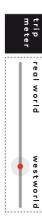
We see these two shapes—an erect line with angled tails that point either up or down—every day. The vertical lines that form the interior and exterior corners of the room and building are exactly the same length. But somehow the interior view looks much longer. Why?

According to some neuroscientists, when the red lines form an arrowhead, as seen on the right, they draw focus away from the vertical line, making it look shrunken.

But others think the circumstances in which we encounter these shapes impact how we perceive them. One analysis of a group of images containing the illusion found that configurations that form arrow tails are typically farther away. Couple that with the fact that in general—and for reasons that neuroscience has yet to fully understand—distant vertical lines appear taller than closer ones do. These ideas get imprinted into our brains' neural networks. So, when we see the shapes on paper, we get tricked. At least it's not while we're wandering around.

Canadian Customers

WeatherTech.ca



**European Customers** 

WeatherTech.eu

# WeatherTech

CUSTOM-FIT AUTOMOTIVE ACCESSORIES TO PROTECT YOUR VEHICLE

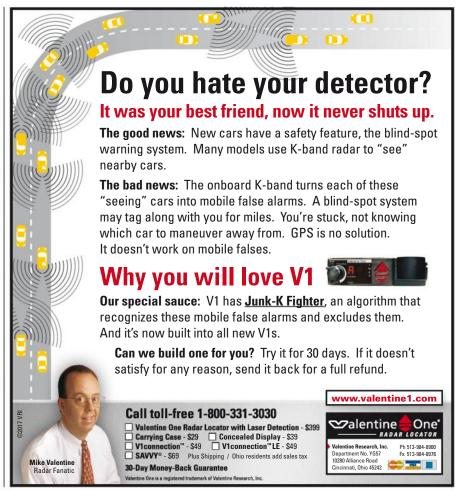


**American Customers** 

WeatherTech.com

Order Now: 800-441-6287





ADVERTISEMENT

# how to guarantee employee development is exceeding expectations



ONE OF THE BIGGEST RESPONSIBILITIES

Matthew White, Director of Programs at the Zygo Corporation, faces on a daily basis is the overseeing of projects from the early stages of development to the moment they are purchased by a customer.

As Project Managers, we all know that business proposals often undergo numerous iterations before reaching the final product. All the while, it's the responsibility of people like Mr. White, to ensure important steps of the development process do not fall behind.

Ensuring that every task and in the know with the latest developments White since he took on "Before I took on the role, our projects were primarily tracked using some form of an online spreadsheet. It was a little the top. bit difficult to understand how far along we were in the development process because people would rarely post updates, leading to communication errors. Whether it was

forgetting to update something, or the software not syncing properly, it wasn't something that worked for me."

Looking for an alternative solution for tracking project management milestones, Mr. White contacted the team at Magnatag® Visible Systems to help find the best-suited tool for the Project Management team. Tasked with finding something that was not only visually engaging, but also built to manage a number of developing projects, the

Magnatag® Sales team recommended the member of the team is on StepTracker® magnetic dry erase system.

The Project StepTracker® system provides your team with a large-scale has been a priority for Mr. overview of the entire project development process, using color-coded magnets to the position in early 2016, indicate whether or not a milestone has

> In Mr. White's case, projects are listed down the left side of the board with individual milestones running across

"I actually have my Project StepTracker® hanging above my desk. It's a permanent reminder of how we're progressing on a project. I'll have team members come in and out during meetings and take a look at how we're progressing. Right now, we have a whole lot of green and yellow magnets running from left to right so I know what our current status is."

With the Project StepTracker® outlining the development cycle from start to finish, Mr. White believes that project management and communication will be streamlined as his team heads into the new year.



800 624 4154 magnatag.com/ddxt sales@magnatag.com

# HARBOR FREIGHT QUALITY TOOLS AT RIDICULOUSLY LOW PRICES





Limit 1 coupon per customer per day. Save 20% on any 1 item purchased.

"Cannot be used with other discount, coupon or any of the following items or brands: Inside Track Club membership, Extended Service Plan, gift card, open box item, 3 day Parking Lot Sale item, compressors, floor jacks, saw mills, storage cabinets, chests or carts, trailers, trenchers, welders, Admiral, Bauer, CoverPro, Daytona, Earthquake, Hercules, Jupiter, Lynxx, Poulan, Predator, StormCat, Tailgator, Vikling, Wulean. Not valid on prior purchases, Non-transferable. Original coupon must be presented. Valid through 8/18/17.



























HARDY

**MECHANIC'S GLOVES** 





LIMIT 1 - Cannot be used with other discount, coupon or prior purchase Coupon good at our stores, Harbof-Feight com or by calling 800-V2-32-567 Offer good while supplies last. Shipping & Handling charges may apply in on picked up in-store. Non-transferable Original coupon must be presented Valid through 8140-17. Limit one FREE GIFT coupon per customer per day.

**Customer Rating** 

\*\*\*

loted Best

SUPER COUPON



SUPER COUPON





















(CONTINUED FROM P.65) satellite the Emirates launched in 2013 and uses to take daily photographs of the constantly changing region. He sits sleepy-eyed in front of a shiny bank of screens, in a glistening white-walled control room—somewhere between a stage set and a working model of Dubai's aspirations.

The Space Centre has been methodically building its capabilities, launching a succession of more-sophisticated—and homegrown—satellites. *DubaiSat-1*, launched in 2009, partly replicated an existing design; *DubaiSat-2* was developed in partnership with South Korean engineers. KhalifaSat, launching next year, will be designed, developed, and constructed entirely at the Space Centre. I could see its skeletal frame behind a thick glass window. Down the hall, workers painted a large clean room—the only one of its kind in the Middle East—where the spacecraft would be assembled. The Mars probe, known as *Hope*, would

launch in 2020 and arrive in Mars' orbit in time for the Emirates' jubilee in 2021.

But the plan isn't a "firework," as Amiri puts it. "Don't just go and send space junk there," she says. "Don't clutter another planet just to say that you're going to Mars." The scientific goal of the mission is to measure and map the Martian atmosphere, and its political goal is to create a community of Emirati scientists and engineers—to cultivate the talent that will make Dubai a knowledge hub. "We get told by His Highness Sheikh Mohammed that the most important part is the scientists and engineers who are going to come out of this," she explains. Accordingly, the mission staff skews young. Everyone is under 35, the average age is 27, and 30 percent are female. Amiri speaks passionately about inspiring the youth of the Arab world. "We need to give them monumental challenges to solve."

In other parts of the world, not even the most talented 30-year-olds are running

Mars missions. But Amiri was born into the extreme privilege of her generation of Emiratis, and has a zeal for Dubai's technological ambitions—and the more-diverse city that they require. "If you block out people from different backgrounds, then you block out innovation," she says. "Innovation comes from differences in thinking and picking up in different ways."

Later she tells me, "We're living in a place that dreams a goal before you can even dream it, and provides you with the right tools to work toward it."

I'm reminded of something Al Gergawi told me while recounting Dubai's rapid growth. "We went from no road to Mars," he said. "This is a human story, and this is what humanity can achieve in one generation."

If Sheikh Rashid's great-grandchildren achieve their dreams, the story won't be about driving cars or riding camels, but about designing rocket ships and flying them to other worlds.

advertisement

# New electronic lure may catch too many fish; one state bans it.

A bass every seven minutes.

by Mike Butler

NEWARK, DE-A new fishing technology that set a record for catching bass in Mexico is now showing its stuff in the U.S. It has out-fished shrimp bait in Washington State and beat top-selling U.S. lures three to one in Florida. The new technology is so effective one state, Wyoming, has banned its use.

The breakthrough is a tiny, batterypowered electrical system that flashes a blood-red light down a lure's tail when its moved in water. Fish think it's an injured prey and strike. Some fishing authorities, like those in Wyoming, think that gives fishermen too much of an advantage.

They may be right. Three fishermen using a flashing lure in Mexico caught 650 large-mouth bass in just 25 hours. That's a bass every seven minutes for each person, and a record for the lake they were fishing. They said the bass struck with such ferocity they hardly lost a strike.

In Florida two professionals fished for four hours from the same boat. One used a flashing-red lure; the other used some top-selling U. S. lures. The new, "bleeding" lure caught three times as many fish.

Before reporting this, I asked a veteran fisherman in my office for his opinion. Monday morning he charged into my office yelling "I caught six monster fish in an hour with this thing! Where did you get it?"

Then I phoned an ichthyologist (fish expert).

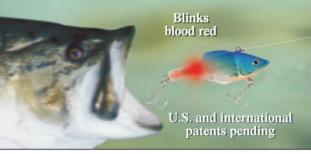
"Predators - lions, sharks," he said, "will always go for the most vulnerable prey. Fish are predators, so if a fish sees a smaller fish bleeding, it knows it's weakened and will strike.

"If a lure could appear to be a live, bleeding fish, a few fishermen could probably empty a lake with it."

I told him three almost did.

## Fishes top, middle and deep

There is a U.S. company that offers a kit of three blinking lures (one each for shallow, middle and deep water) called the Bite Light® Each lure is a different color. They work in fresh or salt water, contain rattle attractants inside and last 300 hours in the water.



New Bite Light® lure uses a blinking red light to create appearance of a live, bleeding prey. Triggers strikes.

This year, they're introducing a new series of the Bite Light, the Bite Light MM15, for even better action. One kit of three Bite Lights costs \$29.95, two more cost just \$25.00 each. S/h is only \$7.00 no matter how many kits you buy.

To order, go to www.FishingTechToday .com or call 1-800-873-4415 anytime or day and ask for the Bite Light® lure (Item #kbl). Or send your name, address and a check to Scientific Edge LLC (Dept. LL-803), 40 E. Main Street, Suite 1416, Newark, DE 19711.

The company gives your money back, if you don't catch more fish and return your purchase within 30-days.

BL-16H © Scientific Edge LLC 2017 Dept. LL-803

# THE MOST COMMON QUESTION POSED TO ME BY MEN:

# Male Enhancement Pills... Do They Really Work?



Well, unfortunately, there are not many Natural Male Enhancement products that live up to their hype, but one of my readers recently emailed me about a new RED pill that blew his (and his partner's) mind. After a little research on my end, I feel compelled to share this with the rest of my subscribers. Please read on ...

To: Seaver, Steffanie

Today at 7:54 AN

Red Hot Pill Partner Reaction Challenge

Dear Steffanie,

I recently received a sample for a new male enhancement product, RED FORTERA, in the mail. I've tried a few of these natural alternatives (not that I have a real problem) and I'm a relatively healthy male – but what guy WOULDN'T want an extra boost every now and then with that special someone? Well, most of the time, results from these products are somewhat underwhelming, but the moment I received this sample, I knew something was definitely different! First, this pill is RED, actually a sort of luscious red that you don't ordinarily see. Second, and more importantly, the sample came with an interesting letter from the manufacturer. The letter didn't make any ridiculous claims of how many inches I was going to gain, but it did make a rather bold statement that I could not get out of my head, one that intrigued me to the point I had no choice but to try this new red pill. Here's what the letter said, verbatim:

"... take our "Partner Reaction" Challenge, simply use this FREE sample 30 minutes prior to engaging in sexual activity and TAKE NOTE OF YOUR PARTNER'S REACTION! That's correct, don't believe our rhetoric, let your partner's reaction tell the real story - we CHALLENGE your partner NOT to show a reaction to the drastic difference in your performance. We're so sure that you're going to agree, we're GIVING AWAY A FREE 3 MONTH SUPPLY to the best testimonials we receive. Simply send us a paragraph or two describing your partner's reaction to your newfound prowess. We'll post the best descriptions we receive to our website (so keep them "clean"), and if yours is one of them, we'll send you a full 3 MONTH SUPPLY absolutely FREE! (All personal into will be kept confidential.)

I couldn't believe it - these guys were so confident in their product, they were literally saying MY PARTNER WOULD NOT BE ABLE TO CONTAIN HER REACTION to the distinct difference in my performance. THAT'S BOLD! I mean, jeez, it's one thing to say take a pill every day for the next 60 days and feel a difference, but to literally say - take this pill today, ONE TIME, on your very FIRST TIME trying it, and watch how your partner reacts? I was compelled to try just for the pure principle of it.

Steffanie, all I can say is, they weren't kidding. I didn't tell my wife I was trying it. Literally, in the middle of our "experience," she stopped me and said, "Ok what's going on, what did you take..."
- I couldn't believe it! They were right! She couldn't help but to react! Steffanie, you have to find out more about this New Red Hot Pill! Now, every time my wife and I are intimate, she asks me, "Did you take the pill?" - it's crazy but I had to order a 3 month supply! She won't let me go without it!

In fact, here's the phone number for your readers: 1-800-735-7110, or they can go to RedFortera.com to check it out. If they call today, they may still be able to get the FREE SUPPLY with their order like I did.



CLINICALLY TESTED FORMULA DOCTOR RECOMMENDED

A 2016 clinical trial on Red Fortera's actual formula revealed this NEW miracle virility pill works "On-Demand" – with your FIRST PILL!

# EXPERTLY BLENDED FOR SUPERIOR VIRILITY ON-DEMAND

We know that once you try this amazing **NEW RED HOT PILL** - you'll never want to go
without it again - it's that simple.

In fact, we're so confident, we're giving a 30 Day Money Back Guarantee – though you won't need it once you try our NEW RED HOT PILL - just watch your Partner's Reaction!



RedFortera.com RIGHT NOW to get a FREE SUPPLY with today's order!





### ENERGY SAVING

heats room as little as 4 cents per hour!\*

#### ULTRA-SAFE

leave unattended 24/7; cool to the touch

### HEALTHY

fanless - doesn't blow dust or dry the air, great for those who suffer from asthma or dry eye

10% off coupon: PSMA10 | 2 or more 15% off coupon: PSMA15 | free shipping to the USA + Canada\*

#### SILENT

fanless design, auto dimming power light

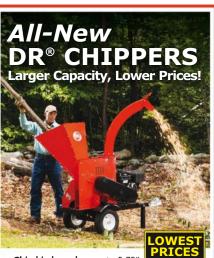
### STYLISH AND SLEEK

slim space saving design, 19"w x 22"h x 2" thin!

### EASY INSTALL

installs in minutes, no drill required; 120v & 220v hardwired and plug-in models available





- Chip big branches up to 5.75"
- Self-feeding models available. No more force-feeding!
- Powerful engines spin big fly-wheels (up to 62 lbs.), generating massive chipping
- Models that shred yard and garden waste as well as CHIP branches.

DRchipper.com



### HAULS UP TO 800 LBS!

### SELF-PROPELLED!

More powerful engines make transporting big loads EASY—even going uphill! Electric-start models available.

**NEW LOW PRICES!** New models at up to \$300 less!

**CONVERTS TO A FLATBED** quickly for carrying long loads.

Powered dumping option available!

DRpowerwagon.com



# DR® POWER GRADER!

**SAVES YOU MONEY**—loosens and redistributes existing material, saving you from purchasing new gravel or stone.

EASY TO USE—tows behind your ATV or riding mower, filling in potholes and ruts.

PRECISE CONTROL of grading depth is adjustable from your driver's seat.



DRpowergrader.com

Starting

at just

\$**799**99

MODELS TOO!

(0)

SOME LIMITATIONS APPLY. CALL OR GO ONLINE FOR DETAILS.

Call for a FREE DVD and Catalog! Includes product specifications and factory-direct offers.

TOLL 800-731-0205







# **URGENT:** Diamond Ring Recall

Experts warn that millions of rings may be "romantically defective" when compared to the spectacular 4-Carat DiamondAura® Avalon

She loves natural diamonds. But when even the skimpiest solitaires sell for as much as \$1,200, it's time to reconsider your relationship...with diamonds. Have you recently overpaid only to be underwhelmed? You can do bolder. You can do brighter. You can own the Stauer 4-carat Diamond Aura® **Avalon Ring** for under \$80.

We rewrote the rules of romance. Only Stauer's exclusive lab-created Diamond Aura gives you the luxury look of large-carat diamonds for a fraction of the price. The ingenious Diamond Aura process involves the use of rare minerals heated to incredibly high temperatures of nearly 5000°F. After cutting and polishing, scientists create a faultless marvel that's optically brighter and clearer with even more color and fire than a "D" flawless diamond.

**EXCLUSIVE** DiamondAura® Stud Earrings -a \$99 valuewith purchase of the Avalon Ring

mond*Aura* jewelry features all of the classic specifications, including color, clarity, cut and carat weight and is hard enough to cut glass.

Today you can wear this 3 3/4 carat lab-created DiamondAura solitaire, accented with 32 gleaming

Diamond Aura rounds in fine .925 sterling † Special price only for customers using the offer code silver for only \$79!

That's good, but you deserve better. Order now and we'll include the matching 1-total carat Diamond Aura Avalon Ear-

rings...absolutely FREE. That's right, 5 total carats of DiamondAura in sterling silver for under \$80!

Your satisfaction is guaranteed. If for any reason you don't absolutely adore your Diamond Aura Avalon Ring, return it within 60 days for a full refund of your item sale price. But we promise that once you get a look at the **Avalon** up close, you'll see love in a whole new light.

DiamondAura® Avalon Ring (4 ctw) \$295 Offer Code Price Only \$79 + S&P Save \$216!

You must use the offer code to get Our exclusive Dia- our special price.

1-800-333-2045

Offer Code: AVR454-06

Use this code when you order to receive your discount.

Stauer® 14101 Southcross Drive W.,

Dept. AVR454-06, Burnsville, Minnesota 55337 www.stauer.com

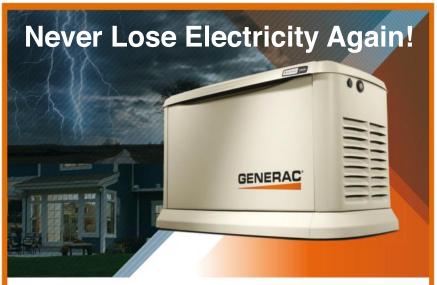


Rating of A+

versus the price on Stauer.com without your offer code.

3 3/4 carat DiamondAura® center stone • 32 brilliant-cut accent DiamondAura® stones • .925 sterling silver setting • Whole ring sizes 5-10

Stauer... Afford the Extraordinary.™



# Own the #1 Brand in Home Standby Power.

7 out of 10 buyers choose Generac Home Standby Generators to automatically provide electricity to their homes during power outages. **GENERAC Home Standby Generators** start at just \$1,899.

CALL for FREE Generator Guide, DVD. and Limited Time

\$695 BONUS OFFER!





TOLL 877-200-7146 FreeGeneratorGuide.com

\*Price does not include installation. 95826X © 2017



# **ATHENA PHEROM♥NE 1 GETS YOU MORE AFFECTION from WOMEN**





10X increases your attractiveness to women. Pour the vial of 1/6 oz. into 2 to 4 oz. of your aftershave or fragrance. Worn daily, lasts 4 to 6 months. Scientifically proven. Created by the biologist who codiscovered human pheromones in 1986. Effective for 74% used according to the directions.

♥ Joseph (MI) "Fabulous product. You guys were very well respected, you have gone through the double blind studies. You did the research! A long time ago, I learned, you get what you pay for. Well even so, I was shocked at how well 10X works. You have a fabulous product. I am married and am with my wife only. Well within 5 days it was amazing. The affection level went up 20 fold. I am so grateful to you Dr. Cutler. Thank you so much for your research!"



for men: \$99.50. 10:13 for women: \$98.50. Should last 4-6 mos used daily.

REJECT CHEAP IMITATIONS FREE US SHIPPING.

Not in stores. Call: 610-827-2200 or order online at:

www.athenainstitute.com

Mail: Athena Institute, 1211 Braefield Rd., Chester Springs, PA 19425

Athena Pheromone 10X Cosmetics, not aphrodisiacs



TOLL-FREE 800-731-0205

BurnCage.com

BURN SAFELY



tipped cutting teeth (taking 360 "bites" per second) to reduce any stump to a pile of woodchips. Grinds stumps below ground level so they are gone forever!

· Quickly eliminate any stump without digging, burning, or chemicals.

- New, more powerful and lower-priced models.
- Now towable with your riding mower or ATV.



FREE SHIPPING 6 MONTH TRIAL

SOME LIMITATIONS APPLY

Call for FREE DVD and Catalog!

TOLL-FREE

800-731-0205

DRstumpgrinder.com



# RotoCube®

Rotating Magnetic Bulletin Towers





- Motivate Your Team. . Show What's Happening.
- Track Results.

magnatag.com/RC | 800-624-4154







## POND & LAKE MANAGEMENT

LAKE OR POND? Aeration is your 1st step toward improved water quality. Complete Systems \$169 - \$369. Waterfall? 11,000gph Water Pump only 3.6 amps! 2yr warranty! Just \$599.95 www.fishpondaerator.com 608-254-2735 ext. #3



### CasCade 5000 Floating POND FOUNTAIN!

Aerator Now Available Factory Direct! MSRP (\$1100) You Pay \$698.95! Complete with light & timer. 100 ft power cord, 1yr warrantyl
(Also available in 3/4hp &1.25hp)

Call 7days/week! FAST UPS shipping right to your door!

### **ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES & EQUIPMENT**

CONDUCTIVE SILVER EPOXY. Piant. Pens, Conductive carbon paint and tapes www.semsupplies.com





Why spend a fortune for a lift chair? Bit simply attaches to the bottom of vour favorite recliner in minutes, making your favorite, comfortable recliner a Lift Chair quickly and easily.

Easy as 1-2-3

www.enhansit.com 1-888-217-1211

# GOLD/JEWELRY

KINEKT **GEAR RING & GEAR NECKLACE** 



kinektdesign.com | 888-600-8494

# **HEALTH & FITNESS**

# **Got Warts?**



Electronic Wart Remover Simple - Effective - Permanent

100% successful (800) 645 0234

www.wartabater.com



# NAME BRAND HEARING AIDS **60% SAVINGS**

- All Makes & Models Free Catalog
- · Ranging from Analog to Ultimate Digital
- 45 Day Home Trial 50 Yrs Experience

LLOYD HEARING AID 1-800-323-4212 www.lloydhearingaid.com

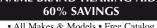
All you need to know about the Bible for Salvation. http://aboutsalvation.blogspot.com/ Free CD, About Salvation. P.O. Box 156 Wartburg, TN 37887-0156

#### **SOON THE GOVERNMENT**

will enforce the "MARK" OF THE BEAST as

**CHURCH** and **STATE** unite! OFFER GOOD IN USA ONLY

Need your mailing address for FREE BOOKS /DVDS TBSM, Box 99, Lenoir City, TN 37771 thebiblesaystruth@yahoo.com. 1-888-211-1715

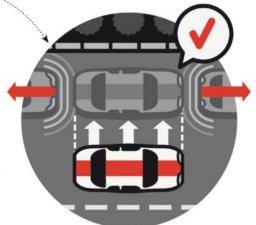


# I WISH SOMEONE WOULD INVENT...

# A Device that Moves Poorly Parked Cars

### @ANNIENM8 VIA TWITTER

We're so bad at parallel parking that we squander coveted, public asphalt. A massive forklift could create space by shifting offenders, but would block traffic. And it's doubtful that car owners would let you move their property. You could, however, curb congestion. "We all want to park on the street. It's so cheap," says Michael Manville, an urban planner at the University of California at Los Angeles. His solution? Surge pricing. Charge more at busy times, and those spaces will open.



# A Smog-Busting Blimp

## **CLIFF RUSSELL VIA FACEBOOK**

Totally doable. Engineers could easily rig blimps with massive catalytic converters—like those found in cars—and send them skyward to transform smog into clean air. However, says Peter Eisenberger, an environmental scientist at Columbia University, that would lead to another sort of air pollution. We would need so many of these low-flying cleaners to make a difference that they would overcrowd the sky.



## 3-D Printer that Builds Human Organs

## CHRISTIANO ADAMS VIA FACEBOOK

This could happen. Printing bone, muscle, and cartilage—even an ear—is easy. Anthony Atala, who heads the Wake Forest Institute for Regenerative Medicine, has done that. Organs are harder. They need to grow slowly, generating massive networks of nerves and blood vessels. Atala's plan is to print organ molds instead. The molds have tiny holes for nutrients and oxygen to flow through as injected cells blossom into organs.



WANT TO KNOW IF YOUR IDEA COULD BECOME REALITY? TWEET @POPSCI, EMAIL LETTERS@POPSCI.COM, OR TELL US ON FACEBOOK.

POPULAR SCIENCE magazine, Vol. 289, No. 3 (ISSN 161-7370, USPS 577-250), is published birmonthly by Bannier Corp., 2 Park Ave., New York, NY 10016. Copyright ©2017 by Bannier Corp. All rights reserved. Reprinting in whole or part is forbidden except by permission of Bannier Corp. Maling Lists: We make a portion of our mailing list available to reputable firms. If you would prefer that we not include your name, please write to POPULAR SCIENCE, P.O. Bax 6364, Harlan, IA 51593-1864. POSTMASTER: Send address changes to POPULAR SCIENCE, P.O. Bax 6364, Harlan, IA 51593-1864. POSTMASTER: Send address schanges to POPULAR SCIENCE, P.O. Bax 6364, Harlan, IA 51593-1864. POSTMASTER: Send address schanges to POPULAR SCIENCE, P.O. Bax 6364, Harlan, IA 51593-1864. POSTMASTER: Send address schange to PoPULAR SCIENCE, P.O. Bax 6364, Harlan, IA 51593-1864. POSTMASTER: Send address schanges to POPULAR SCIENCE, P.O. Bax 6364, Harlan, IA 51593-1864. POSTMASTER: Send address schanges to POPULAR SCIENCE, P.O. Bax 6364, Harlan, IA 51593-1864. POSTMASTER: Send address schanges to POPULAR SCIENCE, P.O. Bax 6364, Harlan, IA 51593-1864. POSTMASTER: Send address schanges to POPULAR SCIENCE, P.O. Bax 6364, Harlan, IA 51593-1864. POSTMASTER: Send address schanges to POPULAR SCIENCE, P.O. Bax 6364, Harlan, IA 51593-1864. POSTMASTER: Send address schanges to POPULAR SCIENCE, P.O. Bax 6364, Harlan, IA 51593-1864. POSTMASTER: Send address schanges to PoPULAR SCIENCE, P.O. Bax 6364, Harlan, IA 51593-1864. POSTMASTER: Send address schanges to POPULAR SCIENCE, P.O. Bax 6364, Harlan, IA 51593-1864. POSTMASTER: Send address schanges to POPULAR SCIENCE, P.O. Bax 6364, Harlan, IA 51593-1864. POSTMASTER: Send address schanges to POPULAR SCIENCE, Bax 6464, PostMaster address schanges to PoPULAR SCIENCE, Pork Ave., New York, NY 10016 for foreign requests. Editorial Offices: Address contributions to POPULAR SCIENCE, Pork Ave., New York, NY 10016 for foreign requests. Editorial Offices: Address contributions to POPULAR SCIENCE, Pork Ave., New York, NY 10016



# Thank you for being a subscriber!

Our iPad edition is now included in your print subscription.



# How to claim your iPad subscription:

- 1. Download the free Popular Science app from the iTunes app store if you have not done so already.
- 2. Open the app and tap the "My Account" button on the bottom of the front page.
- **3.** Tap the bar that says "Current Print Subscribers Digital Access".
- 4. Use one of the 3 options to enter the information associated with your subscription, as requested.
- 5. You will receive a password sent immediately to your e-mail address.
- **6.** Press the Rotary symbol in the upper right corner of the app front page to sign in using your e-mail address and the password you were just sent. You will be able to access your digital issues immediately. You may change your password as you choose after signing in.

To start a new subscription to Popular Science, go to www.popsci.com/subscribe

